

Site Recovery Manager Security

Site Recovery Manager 8.1



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About VMware Site Recovery Manager Security

Site Recovery Manager Security provides a concise reference to the security features of Site Recovery Manager.

To help you protect your Site Recovery Manager installation, this guide describes security features built into Site Recovery Manager and the measures that you can take to safeguard it from attack.

- External interfaces, ports, and services that are necessary for the proper operation of Site Recovery Manager
- Configuration options and settings that have security implications
- Location of log files and their purpose
- Required system accounts
- Information on obtaining the latest security patches

Intended Audience

This information is intended for IT decision makers, architects, administrators, and others who must familiarize themselves with the security components of Site Recovery Manager.

Site Recovery Manager Security Reference



Use the Security Reference to learn about the security features of your Site Recovery Manager installation and the measures that you can take to safeguard your environment from attack.

- [Site Recovery Manager Services](#)

The operation of Site Recovery Manager depends on several services that run on the Site Recovery Manager Server host machine.

- [Site Recovery Manager Network Ports](#)

Site Recovery Manager uses network ports, which you can configure, to communicate with clients and other servers. You must ensure that firewalls do not block the ports that Site Recovery Manager uses.

- [Site Recovery Manager Configuration Files](#)

Some Site Recovery Manager configuration files contain settings that might affect the security of your environment. Improper settings can also impact the proper functioning of your Site Recovery Manager environment.

- [Site Recovery Manager Certificates and Keys](#)

Site Recovery Manager uses TLS certificates and private keys to protect network communication and securely establish authentication with other servers.

- [Site Recovery Manager Stored Credentials](#)

Site Recovery Manager stores the credentials of the storage replication adapter (SRA) and database in Windows Registry in encrypted format.

- [Site Recovery Manager License and EULA Files](#)

The Site Recovery Manager license and EULA files are located on the Site Recovery Manager Server host machine.

- [Site Recovery Manager Log Files](#)

Site Recovery Manager records operational information into the log files. The logs files do not contain sensitive information such as private keys and passwords.

- [Site Recovery Manager Accounts](#)

Site Recovery Manager uses Single Sign-On (SSO) to access vCenter Server and Platform Services Controller.

- [Site Recovery Manager Security Updates and Patches](#)

You can apply Site Recovery Manager security updates and patches as they are made available by VMware. You can apply security updates and patches of the host operating system as they are made available by the vendors of the host operating system.

- [Best Practices for Securing Site Recovery Manager Server](#)

Best practices for securing Site Recovery Manager Server can protect your environment from possible security problems.

Site Recovery Manager Services

The operation of Site Recovery Manager depends on several services that run on the Site Recovery Manager Server host machine.

Table 1-1. Services that Site Recovery Manager Requires

Service Name	Startup Time	Description
VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Server	Automatic	Provides the core Site Recovery Manager functions.
VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database	Automatic, if you use the embedded database.	The vPostgres server for the Site Recovery Manager embedded database.
VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Client	Automatic	Provides VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Client (Tomcat, HTML5 user interface) functionality.
Server	Automatic	Windows service that supports file sharing over the network.
Workstation	Automatic	Windows service that creates and maintains connections to remote servers.
Protected Storage	Automatic	Windows services that store sensitive data.

Site Recovery Manager Network Ports

Site Recovery Manager uses network ports, which you can configure, to communicate with clients and other servers. You must ensure that firewalls do not block the ports that Site Recovery Manager uses.

Site Recovery Manager Server receives all incoming traffic on one network port. The default port is 9086. If you configure Site Recovery Manager to use an embedded database, the Site Recovery Manager embedded database receives the localhost network traffic on the local loopback interface. The default port is 5678.

You can select other ports for Site Recovery Manager and embedded database traffic during the installation process if the default ports are blocked or other applications use them. You must configure network policies to enable traffic on the incoming port. For information about the ports that you can change after installation, see the *Modify a Site Recovery Manager Server Installation* topic in the *Site Recovery Manager Installation and Configuration* documentation.

Site Recovery Manager Server communicates with Platform Services Controller, vCenter Server, ESXi hosts, and Arrays at the local site. You must verify that the network firewall policies enable the traffic to network ports of all components at the local site. For the list of the default ports that all VMware products use, see <http://kb.vmware.com/kb/1012382>.

The connection between the local and the remote site of a Site Recovery Manager pair must be private such as VPN. The local Site Recovery Manager Server communicates with Site Recovery Manager Server, Platform Services Controller, and vCenter Server on the remote site, and your network provider must ensure the appropriate network policies to enable the traffic.

For a list of all the ports that must be open for Site Recovery Manager, see the [Network Ports for Site Recovery Manager](#) topic in the *Site Recovery Manager Installation and Configuration* documentation.

Site Recovery Manager Configuration Files

Some Site Recovery Manager configuration files contain settings that might affect the security of your environment. Improper settings can also impact the proper functioning of your Site Recovery Manager environment.

Table 1-2. Site Recovery Manager Configuration Files

File or Directory Location	Description
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\config\vmware-dr.xml	<p>Defines system configuration of Site Recovery Manager Server.</p> <p>Note Do not move, or delete the configuration file.</p> <p>You can safely change the system settings of a Site Recovery Manager instance by using the Advanced Settings on the Site Pair tab in the Site Recovery Manager user interface.</p>
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database\bin\vmw_vpg_config\	<p>Contains embedded database configuration files.</p> <p>Note Do not modify, move, or delete the configuration file.</p>
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\config\extension.xml	<p>Defines configuration of Site Recovery Manager Server Extension. The extension.xml file contains definitions of default user roles and their privileges.</p> <p>Note Do not modify, move, or delete the configuration file.</p>
C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\lib\h5dr.properties	<p>Defines configuration of the Site Recovery Manager HTML 5 user interface.</p> <p>Note Do not move, or delete the configuration file.</p> <p>You can safely change the telemetry settings of the Site Recovery Manager HTML 5 user interface by changing the <i>phonehomeEnabled</i> value from true to false and the reverse.</p>

Site Recovery Manager Certificates and Keys

Site Recovery Manager uses TLS certificates and private keys to protect network communication and securely establish authentication with other servers.

CA certificate or private key or both	Location and Description
TLS certificate and key for Site Recovery Manager Server endpoint	In the Certificates\vmware-dr\Personal\Certificates folder in Windows Certificate Store. Site Recovery Manager generates the certificate if you do not provide a custom certificate during the installation.
TLS certificate and key for solution user created during Site Recovery Manager installation	In the Certificates\vmware-dr\su-Site Recovery Manager UUID\Certificates folder in Windows Certificate Store.
TLS certificate and key for solution user on the remote site	In the Certificates\vmware-dr\remote-su-Site Recovery Manager UUID\Certificates folder in Windows Certificate Store. Site Recovery Manager creates the files during the pairing process.
TLS certificate and key for HTML5 UI solution user created during Site Recovery Manager installation	In the C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\lib\h5dr.keystore file.
TLS certificate and key for Tomcat Server endpoint	In the C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\conf\h5dr-server.keystore file. It is the same as the TLS certificate and key for Site Recovery Manager Server endpoint.
CA certificate for Site Recovery Manager Server and TLS certificate	<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\bin\SRM_Server_IP_addressca.p7b file. Site Recovery Manager generates the certificate if you do not provide a custom certificate during the installation. You can import the certificate into a client trust keystore to allow users to implicitly trust the Site Recovery Manager Server certificate.

Note Do not extract or share private key information to protect your Site Recovery Manager instance.

For more information about the Site Recovery Manager authentication mechanisms, see the *Site Recovery Manager Authentication* topic in the *Site Recovery Manager Installation and Configuration Guide*.

Site Recovery Manager Stored Credentials

Site Recovery Manager stores the credentials of the storage replication adapter (SRA) and database in Windows Registry in encrypted format.

You have access to the credentials if you are a member of the Administrators group.

Registry Path	Description
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\services\Vmware DR\Creds\db: <i>datastore name</i>	Credentials to access Site Recovery Manager database using <i>datastore name</i> System Datastore.
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\services\Vmware DR\Creds\storage-arraymanager <i>manager id</i> -username	User name that must be used by SRA when connecting to the array manager identified by <i>manager id</i> .
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\services\ Vmware DR\Creds\storage-arraymanager- <i>manager id</i> -password	Password that must be used by SRA when connecting to the array manager identified by <i>manager id</i> .

The credentials for the java keystore `h5dr.keystore` are stored in the `h5dr.properties` file located in the `C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\lib\` folder. The credentials for the java keystore `h5dr-server.keystore` are stored in the `server.xml` file located in the `C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\conf\` folder.

Site Recovery Manager License and EULA Files

The Site Recovery Manager license and EULA files are located on the Site Recovery Manager Server host machine.

Table 1-3. Site Recovery Manager License and EULA Files

File or Directory	Description
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\en\	Directory containing the Site Recovery Manager End-user license agreement files.
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\en\open_source_license.txt	Site Recovery Manager Open Source License file.
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database\share\EULA-en.rtf	Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database End-user license agreement file.
<i>installation_folder</i> \VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database\share\open_source_license.txt	Site Recovery Manager Embedded Database Open Source License file.

Site Recovery Manager Log Files

Site Recovery Manager records operational information into the log files. The logs files do not contain sensitive information such as private keys and passwords.

Site Recovery Manager Server Logs

Site Recovery Manager stores the system log files in the `C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\Logs` directory. The latest messages from Site Recovery Manager Server are placed in the `vmware-dr-number.log` file.

If you restart Site Recovery Manager Server or the current file must exceed the set file size limit, Site Recovery Manager archives the current log file and creates a new log file.

To change the log file directory, enter a custom directory name in the directory XML element in the *installation_directory\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\config\vmware-dr.xml* configuration file. You can also change the log level of each component by updating the logLevel XML element in the *vmware-dr.xml* file. The default level of all components is verbose.

Important Configure access control lists to restrict the access to the log files.

Table 1-4. Log Levels

Level	Description
error	Displays only error log entries.
info	Displays information, error, and warning log entries.
trivia	Displays information, error, warning, verbose, and trivia log entries.
verbose	Displays information, error, warning, and verbose log entries.
warning	Displays warning and error log entries.

Site Recovery Manager supports components such as:

- Default
- Replication
- Recovery
- Storage
- StorageProvider
- Vdb
- Persistence

The *vmware-dr-number.log* file does not contain security messages concerning the authentication process and connections with the remote side.

Site Recovery User Interface Logs

Site Recovery Manager stores the Site Recovery user interface log files in the *C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-clients\logs* directory. The latest messages are placed in the *dr.log* file.

You can modify the log level of each component by updating the level value element in the *log4j.xml* file in the *C:\ProgramData\VMware\VMware vCenter Site Recovery Manager\runtime\srm-client\webapps\dr\WEB-INF\classes* directory. The default level of all components is info.

Table 1-5. Log Levels

Level	Description
error	Displays only error log entries.
warn	Displays warning and error log entries.
info	Displays information, error, and warning log entries.
debug	Displays debug, information, error, and warning log entries.
trace	Displays the most detailed information.

The tomcat server used by the Site Recovery user interface supports components such as:

- Http Async I/O
- Per handler call time
- VC L10N catalogs
- SRM
- VR
- Common

Site Recovery Manager Accounts

Site Recovery Manager uses Single Sign-On (SSO) to access vCenter Server and Platform Services Controller.

User Accounts

The vCenter Server administrators have administration access to Site Recovery Manager in the default configuration. You must use administrator credentials when you try to log in to Site Recovery Manager for the first time after the installation.

If you have administrator credentials, you can grant access to Site Recovery Manager to other users by using the vSphere Web Client.

For more information about Site Recovery Manager roles, privileges, and permissions, see the *Site Recovery Manager Privileges, Roles, and Permissions* in the *Site Recovery Manager Administration* documentation.

Solution User Account

Site Recovery Manager creates a `solution` user during the installation and uses it during the authentication with vCenter Server. The `solution` user is unique for each Site Recovery Manager instance and is for internal use by Site Recovery Manager, vCenter Server, and Platform Services Controller.

Site Recovery Manager creates an additional `solution` user on each remote site during the pairing process of sites that do not use Enhanced Linked Mode. Site Recovery Manager uses the `solution` user to perform necessary operations on the remote site.

Site Recovery Manager creates a `solution` user for the HTML5 user interface during the installation and uses it by the HTML5 UI during the authentication with vCenter Server. The `solution` user is unique for each Site Recovery Manager instance and is for internal use by Site Recovery Manager HTML5 UI client, vCenter Server, and Platform Services Controller.

Note You must not delete and modify the roles and privileges associated with the `solution` user accounts.

For more information about the `solution` users and authentication between the local and remote site, see the *Site Recovery Manager Authentication* topic in the *Site Recovery Manager Installation and Configuration* documentation.

Site Recovery Manager Security Updates and Patches

You can apply Site Recovery Manager security updates and patches as they are made available by VMware. You can apply security updates and patches of the host operating system as they are made available by the vendors of the host operating system.

Site Recovery Manager Host Operating System Versions

For information about the supported host operating systems for Site Recovery Manager Server, see the *Compatibility Matrices for Site Recovery Manager 8.1* at <https://docs.vmware.com/en/Site-Recovery-Manager/8.1/rm/srm-compat-matrix-8-1.html>.

Applying Site Recovery Manager Patches and Security Updates

You apply Site Recovery Manager security patches and updates by performing an in-place upgrade of your existing Site Recovery Manager installation. For information about upgrading Site Recovery Manager, see the *In-Place Upgrade of Site Recovery Manager Server* topic in *Site Recovery Manager Installation and Configuration*.

Best Practices for Securing Site Recovery Manager Server

Best practices for securing Site Recovery Manager Server can protect your environment from possible security problems.

The secure operation of Site Recovery Manager depends on the proper configuration and maintenance of the Site Recovery Manager Server operating system.

- Run Site Recovery Manager only on a supported host operating system, database, and hardware. If Site Recovery Manager is not running on a supported host operating system, Site Recovery Manager might not run properly.

- Apply the latest operating system updates and patches to protect the host operating system from malicious attacks. Apply the latest Site Recovery Manager updates and patches to address any known issues with Site Recovery Manager.
- Ensure the integrity of your Site Recovery Manager deployment when you run Site Recovery Manager as a VM. See the *Virtual Machine Security Best Practices* topic in the *vSphere Security* documentation.
- Limit installation of software and disable services that Site Recovery Manager does not use, to free resources and to decrease the possibilities for server attacks. Unneeded software and services consume CPU, storage, memory, and bandwidth resources and increase the chance of server attacks.
- Allow only administrators to access the server. To limit the number of accounts that an attacker can use, limit the number of accounts that can access the server.
- Check the network ports that Site Recovery Manager uses and configure a firewall to protect your server.