iOS Device Management

VMware Workspace ONE UEM services



You can find the most up-to-date technical documentation on the VMware by Broadcom website at:

https://docs.vmware.com/

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Introduction to Managing iOS Devices

Workspace ONE UEM provides you with a robust set of mobility management solutions to enroll, secure, configure, and manage the iOS devices in your deployment.

Through the Workspace ONE UEM console you can:

- Manage the entire lifecycle of corporate and employee owned devices.
- Enable end users to perform tasks themselves including enrollment and by using the Self-Service Portal (SSP).
- Ensure that devices are compliant and secure by assigning profiles to specific groups and individuals in your organization.
- Integrate any of your existing enterprise apps with the Workspace ONE UEM Software Development Kit (SDK) to enhance their functionality.
- Use reporting tools and a searchable, customizable dashboard to perform ongoing maintenance and management of your device fleet.

Supported iOS Devices

Workspace ONE UEM supports iPhone, iPad, and iPod Touch devices running iOS 11.0 and higher. Certain Workspace ONE UEM and iOS features require later versions of the software. These additional requirements are noted in the documentation where applicable. For more information on supported versions, see KB article here.

iOS Admin Task Prerequisites

You need the following information to perform many of the tasks. Compile this information before proceeding.

- UEM console Access to the UEM console with administrator permissions, which allows you
 to create profiles, policies, and manage devices within the Workspace ONE UEM
 environment.
- Credentials This user name and password allow you to access your UEM console
 environment. These credentials may be the same as your network directory services or may
 be uniquely defined in the UEM console.
- Apple Push Notification service (APNs) Certificate This certificate is issued to your organization to authorize the use of Apple's cloud messaging services.

Enroll iOS Devices

Each device in your organization's deployment must be enrolled in your organization's environment before it can communicate with Workspace ONE UEM and access internal content and features using Mobile Device Management (MDM). iOS devices enroll using MDM functionality built into the native OS.

Enrollment Requirements

To enroll an iOS device, you or your end users must gather specific information. The information the users need depends on whether you associated an email domain to their environment as part of auto-discovery.

Associating an email domain with your environment requires end users to enter an email address and credentials (and sometimes select a Group ID from a list) to complete enrollment. This choice simplifies enrollment because end users likely already know this information.

Alternatively, if you do not set up an email domain for enrollment, users are additionally prompted for the Enrollment URL and Group ID, which admins must provide to them.

For more information on enrollment requirements, see iOS Device Enrollment Requirements.

Single Device Enrollment

The device management capabilities available for enrolled devices depend on the type of enrollment you choose. Workspace ONE UEM provides a matrix comparing supported features for Hub-based and agentless enrollment types. Use this matrix to determine what type of enrollment meets your organization's needs.

Formore information on the comparison matrix between Hub-based and browser-based enrollments, see *Capabilities Based on Enrollment Type for iOS Devices*.

Hub-Based Enrollment

The Hub-based enrollment process secures a connection between iOS devices and your Workspace ONE UEM environment through the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub app. The Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub application facilitates the enrollment, and then allows for real-time management and access to device information. Hub-based enrollment is best suited for deployments where users have an available Apple ID, which they must download the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub from the App Store.

For more information on hub based enrollment, see *Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS and Enroll an iOS Device with Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub* in Apps for iOS.

Browser-Based Enrollment

You can also enroll devices using a web-based enrollment process through the iOS device's built-in Safari browser. This approach is best suited for deployments where users do not have an available Apple ID to download the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub.

For more information on browser based enrollment, see *Enroll an iOS Device with the Safari Browser*.

Bulk Device Enrollment

Depending on your deployment type and device ownership model, you may want to enroll devices in bulk. Workspace ONE UEM provides bulk enrollment capabilities using the Apple Configurator 2 and the Apple Business Manager's Device Enrollment Program (DEP).

Bulk Enrollment with Apple Configurator 2

Workspace ONE UEM helps businesses take advantage of the unique setup capabilities offered by Apple Configurator 2, such as iOS versioning enforcement and complete backup prevention. You can bulk-enroll devices using Apple Configurator 2 on a macOS computer through a USB connection.

For more information on using Apple Configurator for bulk enrollment, see *Bulk Enrollment of iOS Devices Using Apple Configurator*.

Bulk Enrollment with Apple Device Enrollment Program

Deploying a bulk enrollment through the Apple Device Enrollment Program(DEP) allows you to install a non-removable MDM profile on a device, which prevents end users from being able to remove the profile from their device. You can also provision devices in Supervised mode to access additional security and configuration settings.

For more information on enrollment with the Apple Business Manager, see *Device Enrollment with the Apple Business Manager's Device Enrollment Program*.

iOS Device Enrollment Requirements

To enroll an iOS device, you or your end users need information that depends on whether you associate an email domain to their environment as part of auto discovery. **If an email domain is associated to their environment, users will need:**

Email address - Email address associated to your organization. For example, JohnDoe@acme.com.

QR Code – Users can scan a QR code generated from the UEM console and received through email.

Apple ID - This Apple ID is needed for each user performing Hub-based enrollment.

If an email domain is not associated to your environment: If a domain is not associated to an environment, end users are prompted to enter an email address. Since auto discovery is not enabled, end users are also prompted for the following information:

Enrollment URL – This URL is unique to your organization's enrollment environment and takes the user directly to the enrollment screen. For example, https://.com/enroll.

Group ID - This Group ID associates a user's device with their corporate role and is defined in the

UEM console for a given organization group. Point to the organization group drop-down menu to see the Group ID of the current group.

Apple ID – This Apple ID is needed for each user performing Hub-based enrollment.

Capabilities Based on Enrollment Type for iOS Devices

Feature	Hub-Based	Agentless
Enrollment		
Requires Apple ID	Required	Optional
Force EULA/Terms of Use Acceptance	Yes	Yes
Active Directory/LDAP/SAML Integration	Yes	Yes
Two Factor Authentication	Yes	Yes
BYOD Support	Yes	Yes
Device Staging Support	Yes ^o	Yes
Branding	Partial	Yes
Configuration Profile Management		
View and Manage Profiles	Yes	Yes
Security Settings (Data Encryption, Password Policy, etc.)	Yes	Yes
Device Restrictions	Yes	Yes
Certificate Management	Yes	Yes
Email and Exchange ActiveSync management	Yes	Yes
Device Information		
Device Information (model, serial number, IMEI number, etc.)	Yes	Yes
GPS Tracking	Yes	No
Phone Number	Yes	Yes
Memory Information	Yes	Yes
Battery Information	Yes	Yes
UDID	Yes	Yes
Compromised/Jailbreak Detection	Yes	Yes†
Activation Lock Status	Yes	Yes
Find my iPhone Status	Yes	Yes
iCloud Back Up Status	Yes	Yes
Last Back Up Time	Yes	Yes

Network Information

Cellular Information (MCC/MNC, SIM card info, etc.) Telecom Roaming Information Telecom Usage Information IP Address	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Yes Yes Yes† Yes†
Telecom Usage Information	Yes Yes	Yes†
	Yes	
IP Address		Yes†
	Yes	
Bluetooth MAC address		Yes
Wi-Fi MAC address	Yes	Yes
Management Commands		
Full Device Wipe	Yes	Yes
Enterprise Wipe	Yes	Yes
Lock Device	Yes	Yes
Clear Passcode	Yes	Yes
Email Messaging	Yes	Yes
SMS Messaging	Yes	Yes
APNs Push Messaging	Yes	Yes†
Remote View	Yes	No
Set Device Name	Yes	Yes
Clear Restrictions Passcode	Yes	Yes
Application Management		
View and Manage Applications	Yes	Yes
Volume Purchase Program (VPP)	Yes	Yes
Application List	Yes	Yes
Number Badging for App Updates	Yes	Yes†
Content Management		
Content Management	Yes*	Yes*

^o Requires end user to transfer purchases when syncing for first time.

Enroll an iOS Device with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub

The Hub-based enrollment process secures a connection between an iOS device and your Workspace ONE UEM environment. The Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub application facilitates enrollment and allows for real-time management and access to device information.

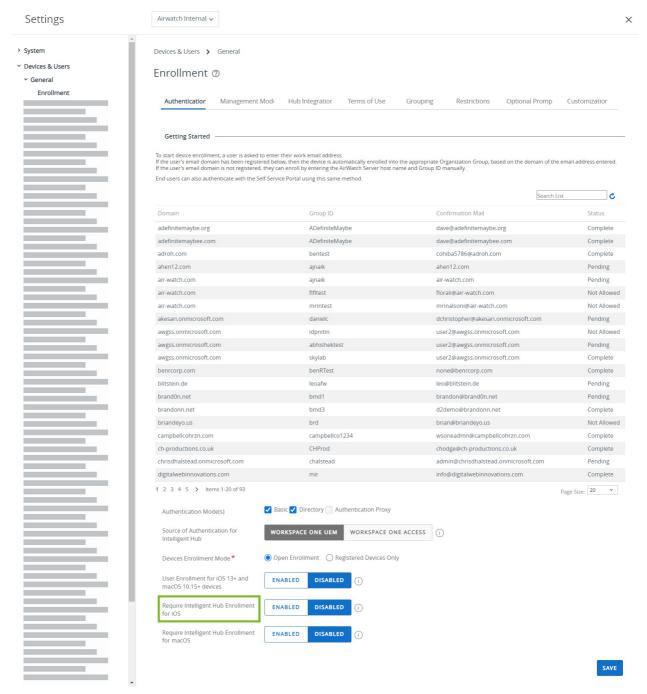
If you want to take full advantage of the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub capabilities while also

[†] Requires Workspace ONE UEM SDK embedded application to be present on device.

^{*} Requires VMware Content Locker App from iTunes.

allowing the Web enrollment process, you can allow users to enroll through the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub. This setting prevents the end users from enrolling if they have not downloaded the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub.

Navigate to Groups & Setting > All Settings > Devices & Users > General > Enrollment > Authentication, and select the Require Hub Enrollment for iOS.



To enroll an iOS device with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub perform the following steps:

- Navigate to getwsone.com from the Safari browser. Workspace ONE UEM automatically
 prompts the end user to go to the App Store and download the Workspace ONE Intelligent
 Hub application. Follow the download prompts. An Apple ID is required to download the
 Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub from the iTunes store.
- 2. Select the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub application and then select either one of the

following authentication methods:

- a. **Email Address** Select auto-discovery, if it is configured in your environment. In addition, you might be prompted to select a group from a drop-down menu.
- b. **Server Details** Select to enroll using the server URL. The server URL is the network location of your organization's Workspace ONE UEM instance and the Group ID of the group associated with your device.
- c. **QR Code** Select and use the device to scan the QR code received through email or Support tab.
- 3. Enter credentials, which can include either a **Username** and **Password**, or a **Token**, or a combination of both to authenticate the device.
 - a. If you enter the credentials incorrectly, a Captcha code appears. Enter the displayed Captcha code to complete the authentication.
- 4. Complete the following process flow as determined by the administrator. Select **Next** after you complete each page.
 - a. Select your **Device Ownership** type, if applicable.
 - b. Accept your organization's Terms of Use, if applicable.
 - c. Enter the device **Asset Number**, if applicable.
- 5. Select **Next** after reviewing privacy collection information.
- 6. Once redirected to Safari webview, you are prompted to download the MDM profile. The following message is displayed:
 - This website is trying to download a configuration file. Do you want to allow this?
- 7. Tap **Allow** and when the download is complete, tap **Close**.
 - a. For iOS devices 12.2 and later, tap **Continue** and open Hub to follow the instructional screens to install the MDM profile and accept the MDM warning message by selecting **Install**.
 - b. For devices below iOS 12.2, install the MDM profile when prompted and accept the MDM warning message by selecting **Install**.
- 8. Select **Allow** to download the MDM profile.
- 9. Install the MDM profile. Accept any prompts for trust, if applicable.
- 10. Once MDM profile is installed, navigate back to Hub.
- 11. Select **Done** to complete enrollment. A success message is displayed. The enrollment into Workspace ONE UEM is now complete.
 - a. If prompted, set up a **passcode** or enter more credentials for shared devices. To set up a passcode, log in to the Self-Service Portal and follow the instructions.
 - b. Optionally, select **Open** to see the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub details.

Enroll an iOS Device with the Safari Browser

You can enroll devices using a web-based enrollment process through the iOS device's built-in Safari browser. This approach is best suited for deployments where users do not have an available

Apple ID to download the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub.

To enroll an iOS device using a web-based enrollment process perform the following steps:

- 1. Open the Safari browser on the iOS device.
- 2. Navigate to https://<Environment URL>.com/enroll.
- 3. Select **Group ID** or your **Email Address** (if auto-discovery is set up for your environment) to enroll your iOS device. Select **Next**.
- 4. Enter the credentials, which can include either a **Username** and **Password**, or a **Token**, or a combination of both to authenticate the device.
 - a. If you enter the credentials incorrectly, a Captcha code appears. Enter the displayed Captcha code to complete the authentication.
- 5. Complete the following process flow as determined by the administrator. Select **Next** after you complete each page.
 - a. Select your **Device Ownership** type, if applicable.
 - b. Enter the device Asset Number, if applicable.
 - c. Accept the Terms of Use of your organization, if applicable.
- 6. When prompted, download the MDM profile. The following message is displayed:
 - This website is trying to download a configuration file. Do you want to allow?
- 7. Tap **Allow** and when the download is compete, tap **Close**.
 - You have successfully installed the profile. You can view the profile in **Settings** and continue with installation.
- 8. Download and install the MDM profile. Accept any prompts for trust, if applicable.
 - For devices below iOS 12.2, install the MDM profile when prompted and accept the MDM warning message by selecting Install.
 - For devices iOS 12.2 and later, follow the instructional screens to install the MDM profile and accept the MDM warning message by selecting Install. Note: You can also perform an agentless enrollment without using the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for web-based enrollment. To perform an agentless enrollment, navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > General and ensure that the Require Hub Enrollment for iOS check box is not selected.

Bulk Enrollment of iOS Devices Using Apple Configurator

You can bulk enroll devices using Apple Configurator on a macOS computer to configure and deploy iOS devices. By using Apple Configurator with Workspace ONE UEM, you can benefit from maintained management visibility of devices, complete backup prevention, and continued life-cycle management beyond the initial configuration.

With Apple Configurator, you can:

- Prepare a single, central backup image to consistently mass-configure devices.
- Install the Workspace ONE UEM MDM profile as part of the configuration to enroll and manage devices.

- Assign devices to specific users by adding registered device details such as serial number or IMEI to a user's registered device in the UEM console before enrolling with Configurator.
- Configure and update corporate device settings and apps over-the-air in Workspace ONE UEM.

For steps to use Apple Configurator with Workspace ONE UEM or for more information, refer to the VMware Workspace ONE UEM Integration with Apple Configurator document.

Device Enrollment with the Apple Business Manager's Device Enrollment Program

Device Enrollment Program (DEP) maximizes the benefits of Apple devices enrolled in Mobile Device Management (MDM).

With DEP, you can perform the following.

- Install a non-removable MDM profile on a device, preventing end users from being able to delete it.
- Provision devices in Supervised mode (iOS only). Devices in supervised mode can access additional security and configuration settings.
- Enforce an enrollment for all end users.
- Meet your organization's needs by customizing and streamline the enrollment process.
- Prevent iCloud back up by disabling users from signing in with their Apple ID when generating a DEP profile.
- Force iOS updates for all end users.

For more information, see the following topics:

- Apple Business Manager Device Enrollment Program in *Introduction to Apple Business Manager*.
- The Apple Business Support Portal.
- The Apple Device Enrollment Program Guide, or contact your Apple Apple representative.

User Enrollment

User Enrollment is a new enrollment method for iOS 13 and later devices that allow you to effectively manage settings, applications, and corporate data while protecting user privacy and personal data. With User Enrollment, you are permitted to install applications, configure profiles, and issue commands only to a managed user container on the device rather than the entire device.

User Enrollment is achieved through MDM providing a user context called a Managed Apple ID in the MDM profile installed on the device during enrollment. The user context instructs the device to prompt the user for their Managed Apple ID credentials to install the MDM profile. After enrollment, a specific Apple File System (APFS) volume is created for the managed data. Data in the personal volume cannot be accessed from the managed volume keeping user data private.

Due to the creation of the new managed volume of data, there are several existing management capabilities that are not possible for privacy purposes. For example, if any app is manually installed by

the user from the App Store, that app is considered personal and cannot be managed by MDM. Such user installed apps must first be uninstalled and then reinstalled by Workspace ONE UEM to be managed.

For this reason, Workspace ONE does not permit User Enrollment using the Intelligent Hub app. If the Intelligent Hub is already installed by the user, uninstall and reinstall the Hub through MDM so that the app's data can be accessed by other Workspace ONE SDK enabled apps.

User Enrollment Settings

Enable the User Enrollment option for iOS devices by accessing the Enrollment settings page on the Workspace ONE UEM console (**Groups & Setting** > **All Settings** > **Devices & Users** > **General** > **Enrollment**). Enabling the option allows the supported iOS 13 and later devices to enroll to the Organization Group using Apple's User Enrollment method. User Enrollment uses the users' Managed Apple IDs rather than the enrollment user name as a way to indicate which user the device is enrolling. The Managed Apple ID should correspond a user's email address in Workspace ONE UEM.

Enroll an iOS Device Using Traditional User Enrollment

Enroll an iOS 13 and later device using Managed Apple IDs in Apple Business Manager federated to Azure AD. User Enrolled device allows the enhanced privacy focus for users by separating managed data from personal while still providing the core management capabilities such as installing apps, configuring Wi-Fi, and requiring a passcode.

Ensure that you have the following pre-requisites before the User Enrollment:

- Apple Business Manager w/ federation to Azure AD
- Azure AD
- Unsupervised iOS 13 and later device
- Exactly one enrollment user with an email address that matches a Managed Apple ID in Apple Business Manager.

To enroll an iOS device:

 Open the Safari browser on the iOS 13 or later device and navigate to your environment's User Enrollment URL. The URL is your device services hostname appended with the /enroll/user path.

For example:

Complete URL/enroll/user/

- 2. Enter the enrollment user's email address matching a Managed Apple ID.
 - Optionally, enter the Group ID of an Organization Group at or below the Organization Group of the enrollment user. Otherwise, the user's enrollment Organization Group is used.
- 3. Confirm the download of the User Enrollment MDM profile.
- 4. Navigate to **Settings** in the app and tap **Enroll in {Your Company}**.
- 5. Tap through the prompts to redirect to Azure AD for authentication and conditional access prompts.
 - Azure AD configurations, user type, device, or organization determines the type and number

of prompts.

User Enrollment is now complete. The device starts receiving the commands from the UEM console.

Enroll an iOS Device Using Account Driven User Enrollment

Enroll an iOS 15 and later device using Managed Apple IDs. You can directly sign in using **Settings** in the iOS device.

Ensure that you have the following pre-requisites before the User Enrollment:

- Unsupervised iOS 15 and later device.
- Exactly one enrollment user with an email address that matches a Managed Apple ID in Apple Business Manager.
- Configured Discovery Service for account driven user enrollment.

To enroll an iOS device:

- Open Settings > General > VPN & Device Management > Sign In to Work or School Account.
- 2. Enter the enrollment user's email address corresponding to their Managed Apple ID and tap

 Continue
 - **Note**: User Enrollment does not currently support the custom Managed Apple ID feature possible for Shared iPads.
- 3. Continue through any authentication screens or prompts. This step will vary depending on your organization's Apple Business Manager setup.
- 4. Tap **Allow Remote Management** and wait for the MDM profile to get installed on your iOS device.

User Enrollment is now complete.

App Management on User Enrolled Devices

Applications installed by Workspace ONE UEM on the User Enrolled devices are managed and associated to the Managed Apple ID, that is used to enroll the device. Any application installed by the user through the App Store is associated to the user's personal Apple ID and cannot be managed.

Since User Enrollment must associate the managed application to a Managed Apple ID, only managed distribution with User-Based Licenses purchased in Apple Business Manager is supported. For example, applications assigned through the **Public** tab under the **Resources > Apps** page on the UEM console are not supported on User Enrolled devices. There are no differences between managing User-Based Licenses on User Enrollment compared to Device Enrollment. When the application is assigned to a User Enrolled device, a VPP license is assigned to the Managed Apple ID associated with the device and the app is installed.

For more information, refer the *Managed Distribution by Apple IDs* section in the *Integration with Apple Business Manager* guide.

iOS Device Profiles

Profiles are the primary means to manage devices. Configure profiles so your iOS devices remain secure and configured to your preferred settings. You can think of profiles as the settings and rules that, when combined with compliance policies, help you enforce corporate rules and procedures. They contain the settings, configurations, and restrictions that you want to enforce on devices.

A profile consists of the general profile settings and a specific payload. Profiles work best when they contain only a single payload.

iOS profiles apply to a device at either the user level or the device level. When creating iOS profiles, you select the level the profile applies to. Some profiles can only be applied to the user level or device level.

Supervised Mode Requirement for Profiles

You can deploy some or all your iOS devices in **Supervised mode**. Supervised mode is a device-level setting that provides administrators with advanced management capabilities and restrictions.

Certain profile settings are available only to supervised devices. A supervised setting is tagged using an icon displayed to the right, which indicates the minimum iOS requirement needed for enforcement.

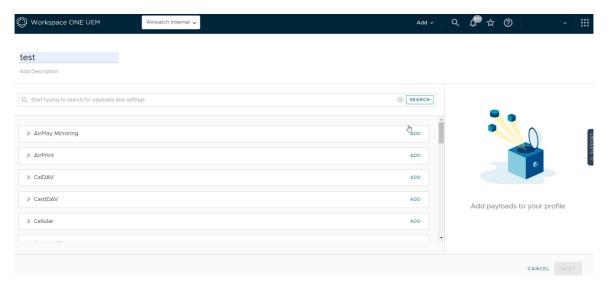


For example, prevent end users from using AirDrop to share files with other macOS computers and iOS devices, by deselecting the check box next to **Allow AirDrop**. The **iOS 7 + Supervised** icon means only devices that are running iOS 7 and set up in Supervised mode using Apple Configurator are affected by this restriction. For more information, see **Integration with Apple Configurator** or the **Apple Business Manager**. To see a complete list of the iOS system requirements and supervision options, see **iOS Functionality Matrix: Supervised vs. Unsupervised**.

Configure an iOS Profile

Using the following basic steps you can configure any iOS profile in the Workspace ONE UEM. Explore the available settings for each profile in the following sections.

- Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles and select Add > Apple iOS > Device Profile.
- 2. Configure the profile's **General** settings.



- 3. Select the payload from the list.
- 4. Configure the profile settings.
- 5. Select Save and Publish

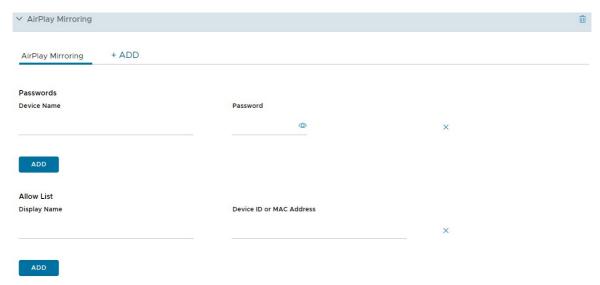
AirPlay Profile for iOS

Configuring the AirPlay payload lets you allow a specific set of devices to receive broadcast privileges according to device ID. Also, if the display access to your Apple TV is password-protected, you can pre-enter the password to create a successful connection without revealing the PIN to unauthorized parties.

This payload works even if you do not enroll your Apple TVs with Workspace ONE UEM. For more information about tvOS capabilities, see **tvOS Management** guide.

Note: AirPlay allowlist currently only pertains to supervised iOS 7 and iOS 8 devices.

1. Configure **Passwords** settings for iOS 7 devices and **Allow Lists** for iOS 7 + Supervised devices.



2. Configure the settings including:

Setting	Description
Device Name	Enter the device name for the AirPlay destination.
Passw ord	Enter the password for AirPlay destination. Select Add to include additional allowed devices.
Display Name	Enter the name of the destination display. The name must match the tvOS device name and is case-sensitive. The device name can be found on the tvOS device settings. (iOS 7 + Supervised)
Device ID	Enter the device ID (include the MAC address or Ethernet address formatted as XX:XX:XX:XX:XX) for the destination display. Select Add to include additional allowed devices. (iOS 7 + Supervised)

- 3. Now that the AirPlay destination allowlist is established for iOS 7 + Supervised devices, use the Device Control Panel to activate or deactivate AirPlay manually:
 - a. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View** and locate the device intending to AirPlay, and select the device's Friendly Name.
 - b. Select **Support** and select **Start AirPlay** from the list of support options.
 - c. Choose the **Destination** created in the AirPlay profile, enter the **Password** if necessary and select the **Scan Time**. Optionally, select **Custom** from the Destination list to create a custom destination for this particular device.
 - d. Select **Save** and accept the prompt to enable AirPlay.
- 4. To deactivate AirPlay manually on the device, return to the device's Control Panel, select **Support** and select **Stop AirPlay**.

AirPrint Profile for iOS

Configure an AirPrint payload for an Apple device to enable computers automatically to detect an AirPrint printer even if the device is on a different subnet than the AirPrint printer.



Configure the AirPrint profile settings including:

Setting	Description
IP	Enter the IP address (XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX).
addres	
S	

Setting	Description
Resour ce Path	Enter the Resource Path associated with the AirPrint printer (ipp/printer or printers/Canon_MG5300_series). To find the Resource Path and IP address information of a printer, see the <i>Retrieve AirPrint Printer Information</i> section.

Retrieve AirPrint Printer Information

To know the AirPrint printer's information such as IP address and Resource path, perform the steps mentioned in this section.

- 1. Connect an iOS device to the local network (subnet) where the AirPrint printers are located.
- 2. Open the Terminal window (located in /Applications/Utilities/), enter the following command and then press Return.

```
ippfind
```

Note: Make a note of the printer information that is fetched through the command. The first part is the name of your printer and the last part is the resource path.

```
ipp://myprinter.local.:XXX/ipp/portX
```

3. To get the IP address, enter the following command and the name of your printer.

```
ping myprinter.local.
```

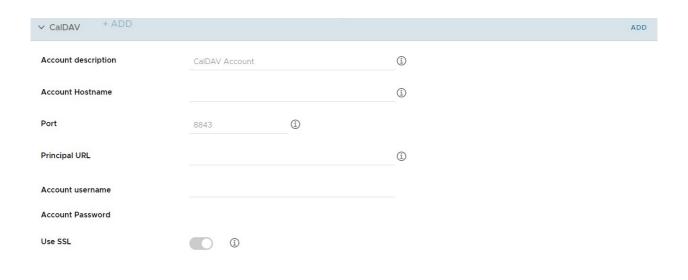
Note: Make a note of the IP address information that is fetched through the command.

```
PING myprinter.local (XX.XX.XX)
```

4. Enter the IP address (XX.XX.XX) and resource path (/ipp/portX) obtained from the steps 2 and 3 into the AirPrint payload settings.

CalDAV or CardDAV Profile for iOS

Deploy a CalDAV or CardDAV profile to allow end users to sync corporate calendar items and contacts, respectively.



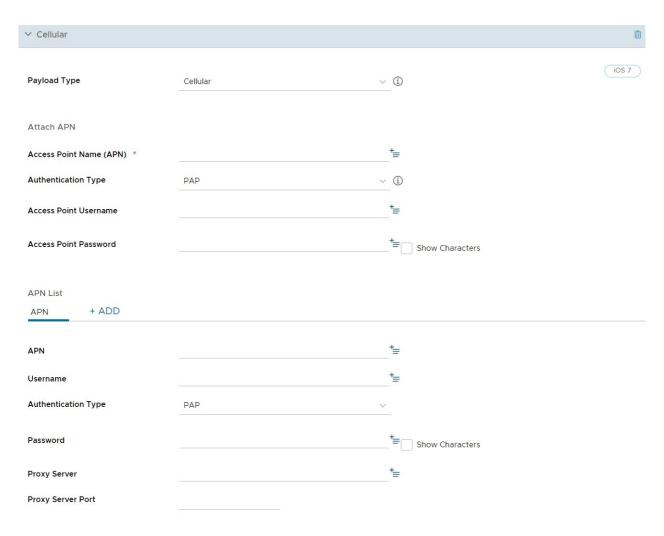
Configure the CalDav profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Account Description	Enter a brief description of the account.
Account Hostname	Enter/view the name of the server for CalDAV use.
Port	Enter the number of the port assigned for communication with the CalDAV server.
Principal URL	Enter the Web location of the CalDAV server.
Account Username	Enter the user name for the Active Directory account.
Account Password	Enter the password for the Active Directory account.
Use SSL	Select to enable Secure Socket Layer use.

Cellular Profile for iOS

Configure a cellular payload to configure cellular network settings on devices and determine how your device accesses the carrier's cellular data network.

Push this payload to use a different APN from the default point. If your APN settings are incorrect you may lose functionality, so find out the correct APN settings from your carrier. For more information on cellular settings, see Apple's knowledge base article.



Configure the CalDav profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Access Point Name (APN)	Enter the APN provided by your carrier (For example: come.moto.cellular).
Authentication Type	Select the authentication protocol.
Access Point Username	Enter the user name used for authentication.
Access Point Password	Enter the APN password used for authentication.
Access Point Name	Enter the APN provided by your carrier (For example: come.moto.cellular).
Access Point Username	Enter the user name used for authentication.
Authentication Type	Select the authentication protocol.
Password	Enter the APN password used for authentication.
Proxy Server	Enter the proxy server details.
Proxy Server Port	Enter the proxy server port for all traffic. Select Add to continue this process.

Custom Settings Profile for iOS

The **Custom Settings** payload can be used when Apple releases new iOS functionality or features that Workspace ONE UEM does not currently support through its native payloads. If you do not want

to wait for the newest release of Workspace ONE UEM to control these settings, you can use the **Custom Settings** payload and XML code to enable or deactivate certain settings manually.

You might want to copy your profile and save it under a "test" organization group to avoid affecting users before you are ready to Save and Publish.

Do not assign a profile to any smart group as it might give an encrypted value when viewing XML.

- 1. Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles > Add > Add Profile > iOS.
- 2. Configure the profile's **General** settings.



- 3. Configure the appropriate payload (for example, Restrictions or Passcode).
- 4. Select Save and Publish.

Note: Ensure that the profile created in Steps 1–4 is not assigned to any smart group. Otherwise, the data might be encrypted when viewing xml.

- 5. Navigate back to the Profiles page and select a profile using the radio button next to the profile name. Menu options appear above the list.
- 6. Select </> XML from the menu choices. A View Profile XML window appears.
- 7. Look for the **PayloadContent** key and copy the single dictionary nested inside. Copy the entire dictionary content from <dict>...</dict>. See below for sample XML for the Restrictions payload.

```
<plist version="1.0">
   <dict>
   <key>PayloadContent</key>
   <array>
       <key>safariAcceptCookies</key>
        <real>2</real>
        <key>safariAllowAutoFill</key>
        <true />
       <key>PayloadDisplayName</key>
        <string>Restrictions</string>
        <key>PayloadDescription</key>
        <string>RestrictionSettings</string>
        <key>PayloadIdentifier</key>
        <string>745714ad-e006-463d-8bc1-495fc99809d5.Restrictions</string>
        <key>PayloadOrganization</key>
        <string></string>
        <key>PayloadType</key>
```

```
<string>com.apple.applicationaccess</string>
       <key>PayloadUUID</key>
       <string>9dd56416-dc94-4904-b60a-5518ae05ccde</string>
       <key>PayloadVersion</key>
       <integer>1</integer>
     </dict>
    </array>
   <key>PayloadDescription</key>
   <string></string>
   <key>PayloadDisplayName</key>
   <string>Block Camera/V 1</string>
   <key>PayloadIdentifier</key>
   <string>745714ad-e006-463d-8bc1-495fc99809d5</string>
   <key>PayloadOrganization</key>
   <string></string>
   <key>PayloadRemovalDisallowed</key>
   <false />
   <key>PayloadType</key>
   <string>Configuration</string>
   <key>PayloadUUID</key>
   <string>86a02489-58ff-44ff-8cd0-faad7942f64a/string>
   <key>PayloadVersion</key>
   <integer>1</integer>
 </dict>
</plist>
```

For more examples and information on the XML code, refer to the KB article here.

- 8. If you see encrypted text between dict tags in the XML window, you can generate the decrypted text by modifying the settings in the profiles page. To do this:
 - a. Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices > Users > Apple > Profiles.
 - b. Override the custom settings option.
 - c. Deactivate Encrypt Profiles option and then Save.
- 9. Navigate back to **Custom Settings** profile and paste the XML you copied in the text box. The XML code you paste should contain the complete block of code, from <dict> to </dict>.
- 10. Remove the original payload you configured by selecting the base payload section, for example, Restrictions, Passcode and selecting the minus [-] button. You can now enhance the profile by adding custom XML code for the new functionality.
- 11. Select Save and Publish.

Device Passcode Profile for iOS

Device passcode profiles secure iOS devices and their content. Configure the level of security based on your users' needs.

Choose strict options for high-profile employees or more flexible options for other devices or for employees who are part of a BYOD program. In addition, when a passcode is set on an iOS device, it provides hardware encryption for the device and also creates a device indicator **Data Protection is**Enabled in the Security tab of the Device Details page.

Create a passcode and configure:

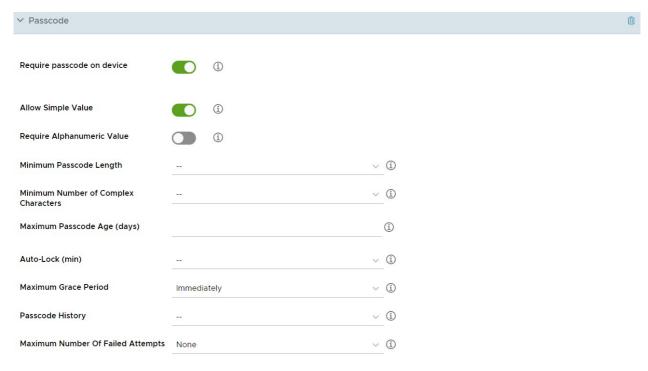
• Complexity – Use simple values for quick access or alphanumeric passcodes for enhanced

security. You can also require a minimum number of complex characters (@, #, &,! , ,?) in the passcode. For example, require users with access to sensitive content to use more stringent passcodes.

- Maximum Number of Failed Attempts Prevent unauthorized access by wiping or locking the device after determined number of attempts. This option works well for corporate-owned devices, but not for employee-owned devices in a BYOD program. For example, if a device is restricted to five passcode attempts, and a user entered a passcode incorrectly five times in a row, then the device automatically performs a full device wipe. If simply locking the device is preferable, set this option to None, that implies you can attempt passcode retries indefinitely.
- Maximum Passcode Age Enforce renewal of passcodes at selected intervals. Passcodes
 that are changed more frequently may be less vulnerable to exposure to unauthorized
 parties.
- Auto-Lock (min) The maximum number of minutes for which the device can be idle
 without the user unlocking it, before the system locks it. When this limit is reached, the
 system locks the device and the passcode is required to unlock it. The user can edit this
 setting, but the value can not exceed the configured setting.

Configure a Device Passcode Profile for iOS

Device passcode profiles secure iOS devices and their content. Configure several settings as part of a passcode payload to enforce device passcodes based on your users' needs.



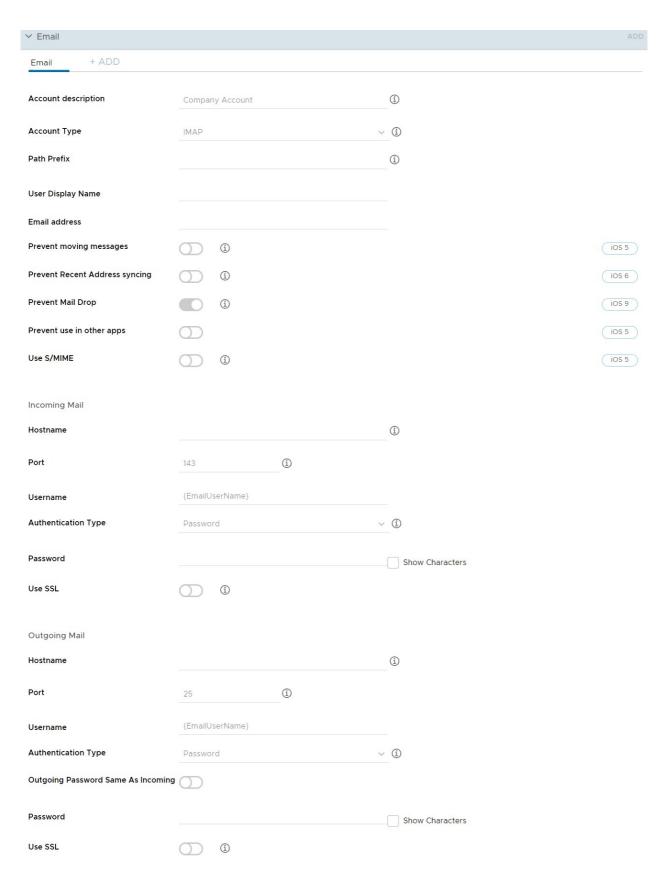
Configure the Device Passcode profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Require passcode on device	Enable mandatory passcode protection.

Setting	Description
Allow simple value	Allow the end user to apply a simple numeric passcode.
Require Alphanumer ic Value	Restrict the end user from using spaces or non-alphanumeric characters in their passcode.
Minimum Passcode Length	Select the minimum number of characters required in the passcode.
Minimum number of complex characters	Select the minimum number of complex characters (#, \$,! , @) a passcode required.
Maximum Passcode Age (days)	Select the maximum number of days the passcode can be active.
Auto-lock (min)	The maximum number of minutes for which the device can be idle without the user unlocking it, before the system locks it. When this limit is reached, the system locks the device and the passcode is required to unlock it. The user can edit this setting, but the value can not exceed the configured setting.
Passcode History	Select the number of passcodes to store in history that an end user cannot repeat.
Grace period for the device lock (min)	Select an amount of time in minutes that a device can be idle before it is locked by the system, and the end user must reenter their passcode.
Maximum Number of Failed Attempts	Select the number of attempts allowed. If the end user enters an incorrect passcode that many times, the device performs a factory reset.

Email Account Profile for iOS

Configure an email profile for iOS devices to configure email settings on the device.



Configure the settings including:

Settings	Descriptions
Account Description	Enter a brief description of the email account.

Settings	Descriptions
Account Type	Use the drop-down menu to select either IMAP or POP.
Path Prefix	Enter the name of the root folder for the email account(IMAP only).
User Display Name	Enter the name of the end user.
Email Address	Enter the address for the email account.
Prevent Moving Messages	Select to block the user from forwarding email or opening in third-party apps.
Prevent Recent Address Syncing	Select to restrict the user from syncing email contacts to their personal device.
Prevent Use in Third Party Apps	Select to prevent users from moving corporate email into other email clients.
Prevent Mail Drop	Select to prevent users from using Apple's Mail Drop feature.
Use S/MIME	Select to use more encryption certificates.
Host Name	Enter the name of the email server.
Port	Enter the number of the port assigned to incoming mail traffic.
Username	Enter the user name for the email account.
Authentication Type	Use the drop-down menu to select how the email account holder is authenticated.
Password	Enter the password required to authenticate the end user.
Use SSL	Select to enable Secure Socket Layer use for incoming email traffic.
Host Name	Enter the name of the email server.
Port	Enter the number of the port assigned to outgoing mail traffic.
Username	Enter the user name for the email account.
Authentication Type	Use the drop-down menu to select how the email account holder is authenticated.
Outgoing Password Same As Incoming	Select to auto-populate the password text box.
Password	Enter the password required to authenticate the end user.
Use SSL	Select to enable Secure Socket Layer use for outgoing email traffic.

Exchange ActiveSync (EAS) Mail for iOS Devices

The industry standard protocol designed for email synchronization on mobile devices is called **Exchange Active Sync (EAS)**. Through EAS profiles, you can remotely configure devices to check into your mail server to sync email, calendars and contacts.

The EAS profile uses information from each user, such as user name, email address, and password. If you integrate Workspace ONE UEM with Active Directory services, then this user information is automatically populated for the user and can be specified in the EAS profile by using look-up values.

Create a Generic EAS Profile for Multiple Users

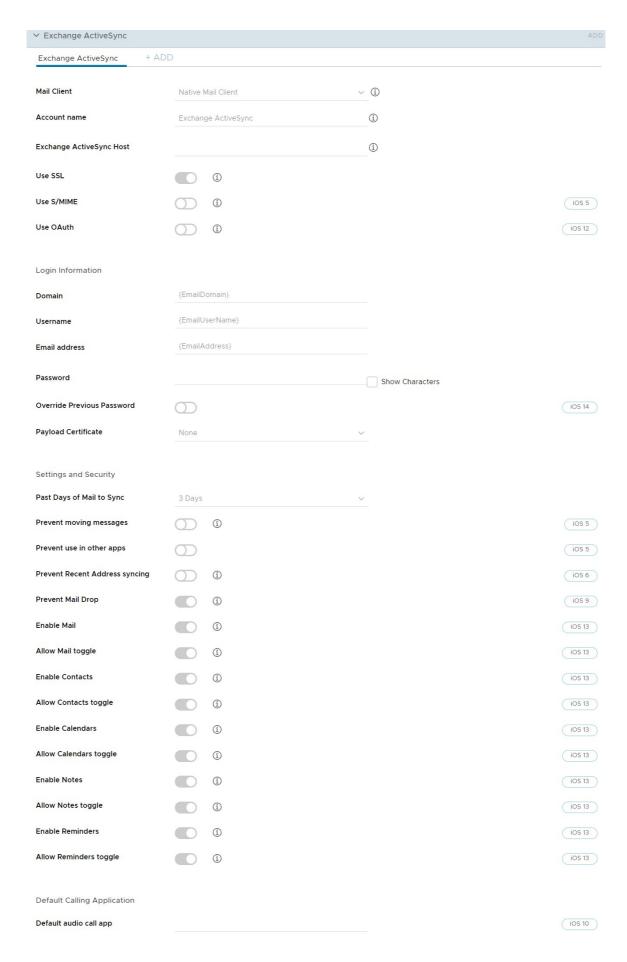
Before you create an EAS profile that automatically enables devices to pull data from your mail server, you must first ensure that users have the appropriate information in their user account records. For **Directory Users**, or those users that enrolled with their directory credentials, such as Active Directory, this information is automatically populated during enrollment. However, for **Basic Users** this information is not automatically known and must be populated in one of two ways:

- You can edit each user record and populate the Email Address and Email Username text boxes.
- You can prompt users to enter this information during enrollment by navigating to Devices >
 Device Settings > General > Enrollment and under the Optional Prompt tab, checking the
 Enable Enrollment Email Prompt box.

Configure an EAS Mail Profile for the Native Mail Client

Create an email configuration profile for the native mail client on iOS devices.

- Navigate to Resources> Profiles & Baselines > Profiles > Add. Select Apple iOS.
- 2. Configure the profile's **General** settings.
- 3. Select the **Exchange ActiveSync** payload.



4. Select Native Mail Client for the Mail Client. Fill in the Account Name text box with a

description of this mail account. Fill in the **Exchange ActiveSync Host** with the external URL of your company's ActiveSync server.

The ActiveSync server can be any mail server that implements the ActiveSync protocol, such as Lotus Notes Traveler, Novell Data Synchronizer, and Microsoft Exchange. In the case of Secure Email Gateway (SEG) deployments, use the SEG URL and not the email server URL.

- 5. Select the Use SSL check box to enable Secure Socket Layer use for incoming email traffic.
- 6. Select the **S/MIME**check box to use more encryption certificates. Prior to enabling this option, ensure you have uploaded necessary certificates under **Credentials** profile settings.
 - a. Select the **S/MIME Certificate** to sign email messages.
 - b. Select the S/MIME Encryption Certificate to both sign and encrypt email messages.
 - c. Select the **Per Message Switch** check box to allow end users to choose which individual email messages to sign and encrypt using the native iOS mail client (iOS 8+ supervised only).
- 7. Select the **Use OAuth** check box to enable OAuth for authentication. OAuth is required for modern authentication-enabled accounts.
 - a. OAuth Sign In URL Enter the OAuth Sign In URL.
 - b. OAuth Token URL Enter the OAuth Token URL.
- 8. Fill in the **Login Information** including **Domain Name**, **Username and Email Address** using look-up values. Look-up values pull directly from the user account record. To use the {EmailDomain}, {EmailUserName} {EmailAddress} look-up values, ensure your Workspace ONE UEM user accounts have an email address and email user name defined.
- 9. Leave the **Password** field empty to prompt the user to enter a password.
- 10. Select the **Payload Certificate** to define a certificate for cert-based authentication after the certificate is added to the **Credentials** payload.
- 11. Configure the following **Settings and Security** optional settings, as necessary:
 - a. Past Days of Mail to Sync Downloads the defined amount of mail. Note that longer time periods will result in larger data consumption while the device downloads mail.
 - b. **Prevent Moving Messages** Disallows moving mail from an Exchange mailbox to another mailbox on the device.
 - c. **Prevent Use in 3rd Party Apps** Disallows other apps from using the Exchange mailbox to send message.
 - d. **Prevent Recent Address Syncing** Deactivates suggestions for contacts when sending mail in Exchange.
 - e. Prevent Mail Drop Deactivates use of Apple's Mail Drop feature.
 - f. (iOS 13) **Enable Mail** Enables the configuration of a separate Mail app for the Exchange account.
 - g. (iOS 13) Allow Mail toggle If deactivated, prevents the user to toggle Mail on or off.
 - h. (iOS 13) **Enable Contacts** Enables the configuration of a separate Contacts app for the Exchange account.
 - i. (iOS 13) Allow Contacts toggle If deactivated, prevents the user to toggle Contacts on or

off.

- j. (iOS 13) **Enable Calendars** Enables the configuration of a separate Calendar app for the Exchange account.
- k. (iOS 13) **Allow Calendars toggle** If deactivated, prevents the user to toggle Calendars on or off.
- I. **Enable Notes** Enables the configuration of a separate Notes app for the Exchange account.
- m. (iOS 13) Allow Notes toggle If deactivated, prevents the user to toggle Notes on or off.
- n. (iOS 13) **Enable Reminders** Enables the configuration of a separate Reminders app for the Exchange account
- o. (iOS 13) **Allow Reminders toggle** If deactivated, prevents the user to toggle Reminders on or off.
- 12. Assign a **Default Audio Call App** that your Native EAS account will use to make calls when you select a phone number in an email message.
- 13. Select **Save and Publish** to push the profile to available devices.

Forcepoint Content Filter for iOS

With the Workspace ONE UEM integration with Forcepoint, you can use your existing content filtering categories in Forcepoint and apply them to devices you manage within the UEM console.

Allow or block access to websites according to the websites you configure in Forcepoint and then deploy a VPN payload to force devices to comply with those rules. Directory users enrolled in Workspace ONE UEM are validated against Forcepoint to determine which content filtering rules to apply based on the specific end user.

You can enforce content filtering with Forcepoint in one of following two ways.

- a. Use the **VPN** profile as described in this topic. Enforcing content filtering using VPN profile can be applied to all Web traffic using browsers other than the VMware Browser.
- b. Configure the **Settings and Policies** page, which applies to all Web traffic using browsers other than the VMware Browser. For instructions on configuring **Settings and Policies**, refer to the **VMware Browser Guide**.

Procedure

- 1. After you select the payload, then select Websense (Forcepoint) as the Connection Type.
- 2. Configure **Connection** Info including:

Settings	Description
Connection Name	Enter the name of the connection name to be displayed.
Username	Enter the user name to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Enter the password for connection.

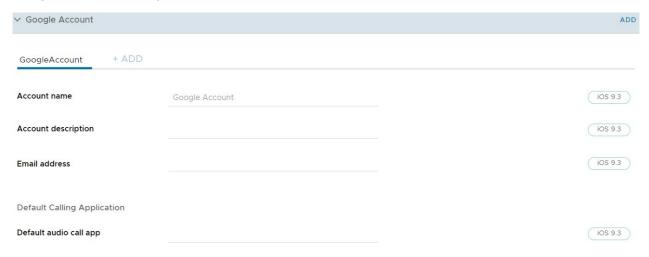
- 3. You can also **Test Connection**.
- 4. Configure Vendor Configurations settings.

Setting	Description
Vendor Keys	Create custom keys and add to the vendor config dictionary.
Key	Enter the specific key provided by the vendor.
Value	Enter the VPN value for each key.

5. Select **Save & Publish**. Directory-based end users can now access permitted sites based on your Forcepoint categories.

Google Account Profile for iOS

Enable an end user to use their Google account on their iOS device Native Mail application. Add a Google Account directly from the UEM console.

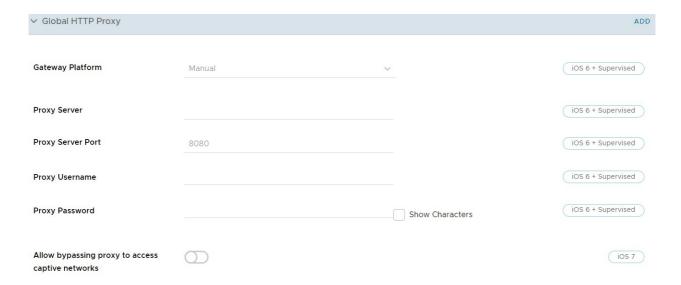


Configure the Google account profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Account Name	The full user name for the Google account. This is the user name that appears when you send a mail message.
Account Description	A description of the Google account, which appears in Mail and Settings.
Email Address	The full Google email address for the account.
Default Audio Call App	Search and select an application that will be the default app for making any calls made from configured Google account.

Global HTTP Proxy Profile for iOS

Configure a global HTTP proxy to direct all HTTP traffic from Supervised iOS 7 and higher devices through a designated proxy server. For example, a school can set a global proxy to ensure that all web browsing is routed through its Web content filter.



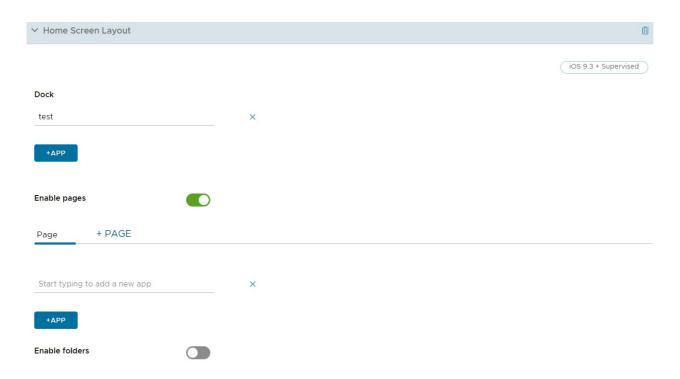
Configure Global HTTP Proxy settings including:

Setting	Description
Proxy Type	Choose Auto or to Manual for proxy configuration.
Proxy Server	Enter the URL of the proxy server. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Manual .
Proxy Server Port	Enter the port used to communicate with the proxy. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Manual .
Proxy Username/Password	If the proxy requires credentials, you can use look-up values to define the authentication method. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Manual .
Allow bypassing proxy to access captive networks	Select this check box to allow the device to bypass proxy settings to access a known network. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Manual .
Proxy PAC File URL	Enter the URL of the Proxy PAC File to apply its settings automatically. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Auto .
Allow direct connection if PAC is unreachable	Select this option to have iOS devices bypass the proxy server if the PAC file is unreachable. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Auto .
Allow bypassing proxy to access captive networks	Select this check box to allow the device to bypass proxy settings to access a known network. This text box displays when the Proxy Type is set to Auto .

Home Screen Layout Profile (iOS Supervised)

Use this payload to define the layout of apps, folders, and web clips for the home screen. Deploying this payload allows you to group applications and web clips in ways that meet your organization's needs.

When the payload is deployed to the device, the home screen layout is locked and cannot be modified by the users. This payload is allowed on iOS 9.3+ Supervised devices.



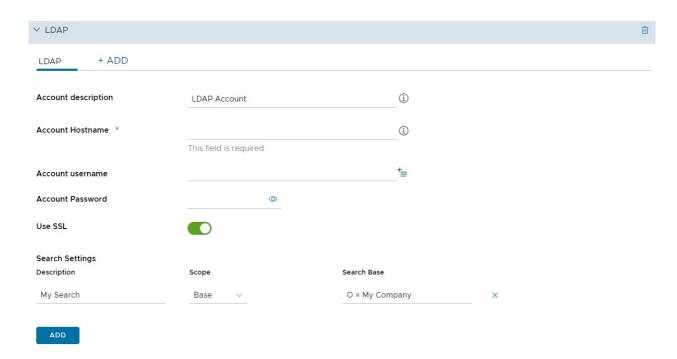
Configure the Home Screen Layout profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Dock	Choose what applications and web clips you want to appear in the dock.
Page	Choose applications and web clips you want to add to the device. You can also add more pages for more groups of applications and web clips.
Add Folder	Configure a new folder to add to the device screen on the selected page Use the pencil icon in the gray bar to create or edit the name of the folder.

Select **Add Page** to add more pages to the device if needed and select **Save & Publish** to push this profile to devices.

LDAP Profile for iOS

Configure an LDAP profile to allow end users to access and integrate with your corporate LDAPv3 directory information.



Configure the LDAP profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Account Description	Enter a brief description of the LDAP account.
Account Hostname	Enter/view the name of the server for Active Directory use.
Account Username	Enter the user name for the Active Directory account.
Account Password	Enter the password for the Active Directory account.
Use SSL	Select this check box to enable Secure Socket Layer use.
Search Settings	Enter settings for Active Directory searches ran from the device.

Lock Screen Message Profile for iOS

Customize the Lock Screen of your end users' devices with information that may help you retrieve devices that are lost.



Configure the Lock Screen Message profile settings including:

Setting	Description
"If lost return to" Message	Display a name or organization to whom a found device should be returned. This field supports lookup values.

Setting	Description
Asset Tag Information	Display the device asset tag information on the device lock screen. This asset tag may duplicate or replace a physical asset tag attached to the device. This field supports lookup values.

macOS Server Account Profile for iOS

Add an macOS server account directly from the UEM console to help manage your MDM framework. Use to provide the credentials to allow end users to access File Sharing on macOS.



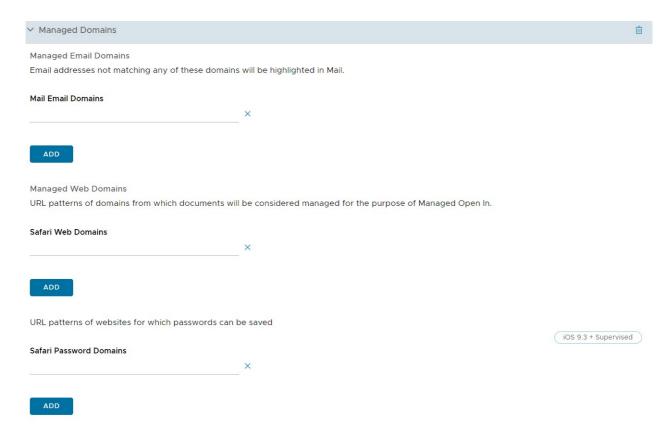
Configure the macOS server profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Account Description	Enter the display name for the account.
Hostname	Enter the server address.
User Name	Enter the user's login name.
Password	Enter the user's password.
Port	Designates the port number to use when contacting the server.

Managed Domains Profile for iOS

Managed domains are another way Workspace ONE UEM enhances Apple's "open in" security feature on iOS 8 devices. Using the "open in" feature with managed domains, you can protect corporate data by controlling what apps can open documents downloaded from enterprise domains using Safari.

Specify URLs or subdomains to manage how documents, attachments, and downloads from the browser are opened. Also, in managed email domains, a color-coded warning indicator can be displayed in email messages that are sent to unmanaged domains. These tools help end users quickly determine what documents can be opened with corporate apps and what documents are personal and may be opened in personal applications.



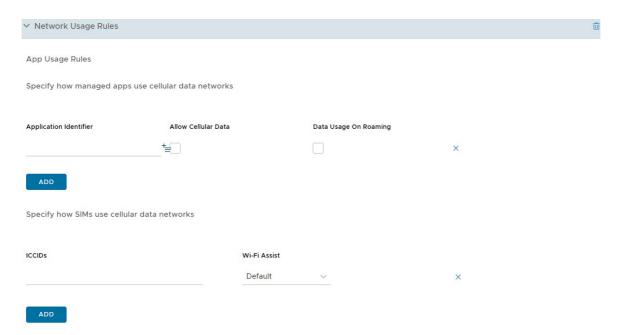
Configure the Managed Domains profile settings including:

Setting	Description
Managed Email Domains	Enter domains to specify which email addresses are corporate domains. For example: exchange.acme.com. Emails sent to addresses not specified here are highlighted in the email app to indicate that the address is not part of the corporate domain.
Managed Web Domains	Enter domains to choose specific URLs or subdomains that can be considered managed. For example: sharepoint.acme.com. Any documents or attachments coming from those domains are considered managed.
Safari Passwor d Domains	Enter password for the domains you specify for Safari to save. This option is applicable only for supervised devices.

Network Usage Rules for iOS

Configure network usage rules to control which applications and SIM cards can access data based on the network connection type or when the device is roaming. This feature allows administrators to help manage data charges when employees are using devices for work. Use granular controls to apply different rules to different apps and SIMs as needed.

1. Under the App Usage Rules, enter the **Application Identifier** of any public, internal, or purchased applications.



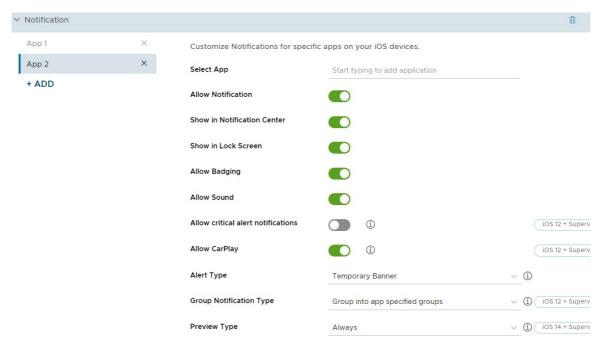
- 2. Enable Allow Cellular Data and Data Usage on Roaming. Both options are selected by default.
- 3. Under the SIM Usage Rules, provide the ICCIDs of SIM cards (physical and eSIM cards) and specify the type of Wi-Fi Assist capability, either Default or Unlimited Cellular Data.
- 4. Select Save & Publish.

Notifications Profile for iOS

Use this profile to allow notifications for specific apps to appear on the home screen when it is locked.

Control when and how the notifications appear. This profile applies to iOS 9.3 + Supervised devices.

1. Choose **Select App.** A new window appears.



2. Configure the settings.

Setting	Description
Select App	Choose the app that you want to configure.
Allow Notifications	Select whether to allow any notifications.
Show in Notification Center	Select whether to allow notifications to appear in the Notification Center.
Show in Lock Screen	Select whether to allow notifications to appear in the lock screen.
Allow Sound	Select whether to allow a sound to occur with the notification.
Allow Badging	Select whether to allow badges to appear on the application icon.
Alert Style when Unlocked	Choose the style for the notification when unlocked:
	Banner - A banner appears across the home screen alerting the user.
	Modal Alert - A window appears across the home screen. The user must interact with the window before proceeding.

3. Select **Save** to push the payload to the device.

Per-App VPN Profile for iOS

For iOS 7 and higher devices, you can force selected applications to connect through your corporate VPN. Your VPN provider must support this feature, and you must publish the apps as managed applications.

- 1. Configure your base VPN profile accordingly.
- 2. Select **Per-App VPN** to generate a VPN UUID for the current VPN profile settings. The VPN UUID is a unique identifier for this specific VPN configuration.
- 3. Select **Connect Automatically** to display text boxes for the **Safari Domains**, which are internal sites that trigger an automatic VPN connection.
- 4. Choose a **Provider Type** to determine how to tunnel traffic, either through an application layer or IP layer.
- 5. Select Save & Publish.

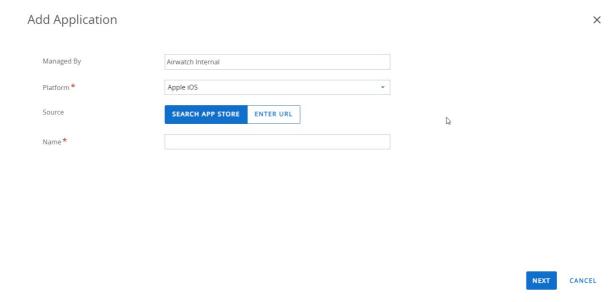
If saving was done as an update to an existing VPN profile, then any existing devices/applications that currently use the profile are updated. Any devices/applications that were not using any VPN UUID are also updated to use the VPN profile.

Configure Public Apps to Use Per App Profile

After you create a per app tunnel profile, you can assign it to specific apps in the application configuration screen. This tells the application to use the defined VPN profile when establishing connections.

- 1. Navigate to **Resources** > **Apps** > **Native**.
- 2. Select the Public tab.

Select Add Application to add an app or Edit an existing app.



- 4. On the Deployment tab, select Use VPN and then select the profile you created.
- 5. Select **Save** and publish your changes.

For more information on adding or editing apps, see the Mobile Application Management guide.

Configure Internal Apps to Use Per App Profile

After you create a per app tunnel profile you can assign it to specific apps in the application configuration screen. This tells the application to use the defined VPN profile when establishing connections.

- Navigate to Resources > Apps > Native.
- 2. Select the Internal tab.
- 3. Select **Add Application** and add an app.
- 4. Select **Save & Assign** to move to the Assignment page.
- 5. Select Add Assignment and select Per-App VPN Profile in the Advanced section.
- 6. Save & Publish the app.

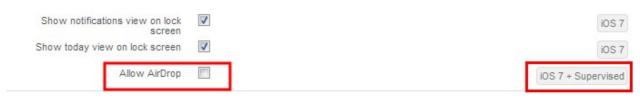
For more information on adding or editing apps, see **Mobile Application Management** guide in VMware AirWatch documentation

Restrictions Profile for iOS

Restrictions profile limit how employees can use their iOS devices and give administrators the ability to lock down the native functionality of iOS devices and enforce data-loss prevention.

Certain restriction options on the **Restrictions** profile page have an icon displayed to the right, which indicates the minimum iOS version required to enforce that restriction. For example, the iOS 7

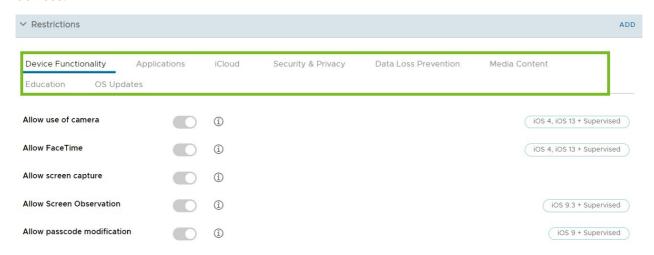
+ Supervised icon next to the Allow AirDrop check box means only devices running iOS 7 that are also set to run in Supervised mode using Apple Configurator or Apple's Device Enrollment Program are affected by this restriction.



The step-by-step instructions listed here list a few functional examples of settings you can restrict. To see a complete list of iOS version and supervised requirements, see iOS Functionality Matrix: Supervised vs. Unsupervised.

Configure a Restrictions Profile

You can configure device restrictions, application level restrictions, iCloud restrictions etc on your iOS devices.



Configure the restrictions profile settings including:

Settings	Descriptions
Device Function ality	Device-level restrictions can deactivate the core device functionality such as the camera, FaceTime, Siri, and in-app purchases to help improve productivity and security.
Applicati ons	Application-level restrictions deactivates certain applications such as YouTube, iTunes, and Safari, or some of their features, to enforce corporate use policies.
iCloud	Workspace ONE UEM provides restrictions for iOS 7 and later devices that can deactivated iCloud or iCloud functionality if needed.
Security & Privacy	Security and privacy-based restrictions prohibit end users from performing certain actions that might violate corporate policy or otherwise compromise their device.
Data Loss Preventio n	Data loss prevention restrictions prevent end users from using AirDrop to share files with other macOS computers and iOS devices, Allow managed apps to write contacts to unmanaged contacts accounts etc
Media Content	Ratings-based restrictions prevent access to certain content based on its rating, which is managed by region.
Educatio n	Restrictions for students to force unprompted screen observation for managed classes
OS Updates	OS level software delay restrictions which allow you to hide iOS updates from end users for a specified number of days.

Specific Restrictions for iOS

Functionality	Supported Devices	Supervised
Device Functionality Restrictions		
Allow use of camera	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow FaceTime	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow screen capture		
Allow Screen Observation	iOS 9.3 +	✓
Allow passcode modification	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow Biometric ID to unlock device	iOS 7	
Allow Biometric ID modification	iOS 8.3 +	✓
Allow use of iMessage	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow app installation	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow app installation from alternative marketplaces	iOS 17.4	✓
Allow App Store icon on Home screen	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow app removal	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow in-app purchase		
Allow automatic app downloads	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow changes to cellular data usage for apps	iOS 7 +	✓
Force limited ad tracking	iOS 7	
Allow Handoff	iOS 8	
Allow automatic sync while roaming		
Allow voice dialing		
Allow internet results in Spotlight	iOS 8 +	✓
Allow Siri	iOS 5	
Allow Siri while device locked	iOS 5.1	
Enable Siri Profanity Filter	iOS 11 +	✓
Show user-generated content in Siri	iOS 7 +	✓
Allow manual profile installation	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow configuring Restrictions	iOS 8 +	✓
Allow Erase All Contents and Settings	iOS 8 +	√
Allow device name modification	iOS 9 +	√

Functionality	Supported Devices	Supervised
Allow wallpaper modification	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow account modification	iOS 7 +	✓
Require passcode on first AirPlay pairing	iOS 7.1	
Allow Wallet notifications in Lock screen	iOS 6	
Show Control Center in Lock screen	iOS 7	
Show Notifications Center in Lock screen	iOS 7	
Show Today view in Lock screen	iOS 7	
Enforce AirDrop as an unmanaged drop destination	iOS 9	
Allow Apple Watch pairing	iOS 9 +	√
Enforce Wrist Detection on Apple Watch	iOS 8.3	
Allow keyboard shortcuts	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow predictive keyboard	iOS 8.1.3 +	✓
Allow auto correction for keyboard	iOS 8.1.3 +	✓
Allow spell check for keyboard	iOS 8.1.3 +	✓
Allow definition lookup for keyboard	iOS 8.1.3 +	✓
Allow Bluetooth Settings Modification	iOS 10 +	✓
Allow Dictation	iOS 10.3 +	✓
Allow system app removal	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow manual VPN creation	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow new device proximity setup	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow password proximity requests	iOS 12 +	✓
Force Date & Time to be Set Automatically	iOS 12 +	✓
Allow auto filling of passwords	OS 12 +	✓
Allow sharing of Wi-Fi passwords	iOS 12 +	
Force authentication before autofilling passwords	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow cellular plan modification	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow eSIM modification	iOS 12.1 +	✓
Allow personal hotspot modification	iOS 12.2 +	✓
Allow Siri server logging	iOS 12.2	
Allow toggling Wi-Fi on/off	iOS 13 +	√
Allow QuickPath keyboard	iOS 13 +	√

Functionality	Supported Devices	Supervised
Allow USB drive access	iOS 13 +	1
Force on Wi-Fi	iOS 13.1 +	✓
Allow network drive access	iOS 13.1 +	✓
Allow deprecated TLS versions	iOS 13.4	
Allow Shared device temporary session	iOS 13.4	
Allow App Clips	iOS 14 +	✓
Allow automatic unlock	iOS 14.5	
Allow iCloud Private Relay	iOS 15 +	✓
Applications Restrictions		
Allow use of YouTube	iOS 5 and below	
Allow use of iTunes Music Store	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow use of iBookstore	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow Game Center	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow Game Center	iOS 6 +	✓
Allow multiplayer gaming	iOS 4.1, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow adding Game Center friends	iOS 4.2.1, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow changes to Find My Friends	iOS 7 +	✓
Allow use of Safari	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow News	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow Radio Service	iOS 9.3 +	✓
Allow Music Service	iOS 9 +	✓
Allow Podcasts	iOS 8 + S	✓
Enable autofill	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Force fraud warning		
Enable JavaScript		
Block pop-ups		
Accept Cookies		
Show Apps	iOS 9.3 +	✓
Hide Apps	iOS 9.3 +	✓
Allow Find My Device	iOS 13 +	✓
Allow Find My Friends	iOS 13 +	✓

Functionality	Supported Devices	Supervised
iCloud Restrictions		
Allow backup	iOS 5, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow document sync	iOS 5, iOS 13 +	✓
Allow keychain sync	iOS 7, iOS 13 +	√
Allow managed apps to store data	iOS 8	
Allow backing up Enterprise Books	iOS 8	
Allow synchronizing Enterprise Books notes and highlights	iOS 8	
Allow Photo Stream	iOS 5	
Allow Shared Photo Stream	iOS 6	
Allow iCloud photo library	iOS 9	
Security & Privacy restrictions		
Allow USB Restricted Mode	iOS 11.4.1 +	√
Allow recovery mode with unpaired device	iOS 14.5 +	√
Allow user to trust unmanaged enterprise apps	iOS 9	
Force iTunes Store password entry	iOS 5	
Allow diagnostic data to be sent to Apple	iOS 5	
Force on-device dictation	iOS 14.5	
Force on-device translation	iOS 15	
Allow user to accept untrusted TLS certificates	iOS 5	
Allow over the air PKI updates	iOS 7	
Force encrypted backups		
Allow pairing with non-Configurator hosts	iOS 7 +	✓
Require Managed Wi-Fi	iOS 10.3 +	✓
Allow AirPrint credentials storage in keychain	iOS 11 +	✓
Force AirPrint to use a trusted TLS certificate	iOS 11 +	√
Allow AirPrint iBeacon discovery	iOS 11 +	√
Allow personalized advertising	iOS 14 +	✓
Allow Mail Privacy Protection	iOS 15.2 +	✓
Data Loss Prevention Restrictions		
Allow documents from managed sources in unmanaged destinations	iOS 7	
Allow documents from unmanaged sources in managed destinations	iOS 7	

Functionality	Supported Devices	Supervised
Allow AirDrop	iOS 7 +	✓
Allow AirPrint	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow NFC	iOS 14.2 +	✓
Allow managed apps to write contacts to unmanaged contacts accounts	iOS 12	
Allow unmanaged apps to read contacts from managed contacts accounts	iOS 12	
Require managed paste board	iOS 15.0	
Media Content Restrictions		
Ratings region		
Movies		
TV Shows		
Apps		
iBooks	iOS 6	
Allow explicit music and podcasts	iOS 4, iOS 13 +	✓
Education Restrictions		
Force unprompted screen observation for managed classes	iOS 10.3 +	✓
Allow unprompted app and device lock in unmanaged classes	iOS 11 +	✓
Allow automatic joining of unmanaged classes	iOS 11 +	✓
Force students to request permission to leave unmanaged classes	iOS 11.3 +	✓
OS updates Restrictions		
Delay OS Updates (Days)	iOS 11.3 +	✓
Allow Rapid Security Response Installation	iOS 16.0 +	✓
Allow Rapid Security Response Removal	iOS 16.0 +	√

SCEP/Credentials Profile for iOS

Even if you protect your corporate email, Wi-Fi and VPN with strong passcodes and other restrictions, your infrastructure may remain vulnerable to brute force and dictionary attacks, in addition to employee error. For greater security, you can implement digital certificates to protect corporate assets.

To assign certificates, you must first define a certificate authority. Then, configure a **Credentials** payload alongside your **Exchange ActiveSync (EAS)**, **Wi-Fi**, or **VPN** payload. Each of these payloads has settings for associating the certificate authority defined in the **Credentials** payload.

To push down certificates to devices, you must configure a **Credentials** or **SCEP** payload as part of the profiles you created for EAS, Wi-Fi, and VPN settings. Use the following instructions to create a certificate-enabled profile:

- Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles > Add and select iOS from the platform list.
- 2. Configure the profile's **General** settings.
- 3. Select either the **EAS**, **Wi-Fi**, or **VPN** payload to configure. Fill out the necessary information, depending on the payload you selected.
- 4. Select the Credentials (or SCEP) payload.



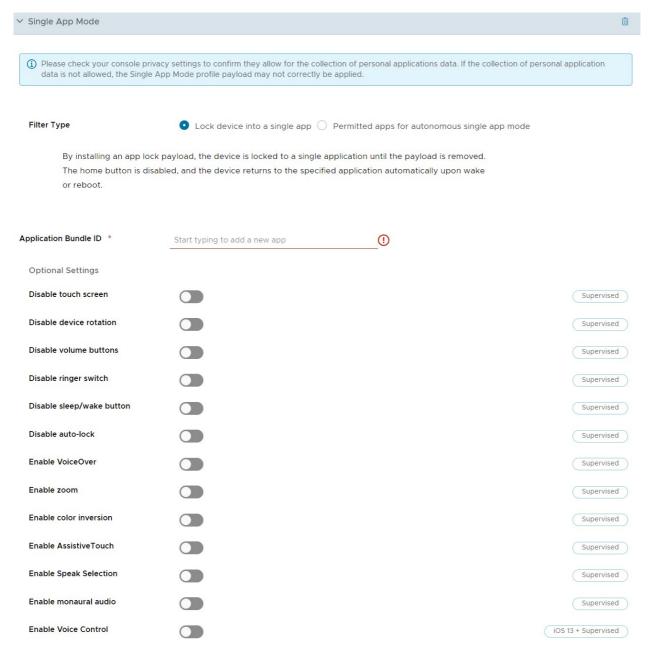
- 5. Choose one option from the **Credentials Source** menu:
 - a. Choose to **Upload** a certificate and enter the **Certificate Name**.
 - b. Choose **Defined Certificate Authority** and select the appropriate **Certificate Authority** and **Certificate Template**.
 - c. Choose **User Certificate** and the use for the **S/MIME** certificate.
 - d. Choose **Derived Credentials** and select the appropriate **Key Usage** based on how the certificate is used. Key Usage options are **Authentication**, **Signing**, and **Encryption**.
- 6. Navigate back to the previous payload for EAS, Wi-Fi, or VPN.
- 7. Specify the Identity Certificate in the payload:
 - a. EAS Select the Payload Certificate under Login Information.
 - b. **Wi-Fi** Select a compatible **Security Type** (WEP Enterprise, WPA/WPA2 Enterprise or Any (Enterprise) and select the **Identity Certificate** under Authentication.
 - c. **VPN** Select a compatible **Connection Type** (for example, CISCO AnyConnect, F5 SSL) and select **Certificate** from the User Authentication drop-down. Select the **Identity Certificate**.
- 8. Navigate back to Credentials (or SCEP) payload.
- 9. Select **Save & Publish** after configuring any remaining settings.

Single App Mode Profile for iOS

Use Single App Mode to provision devices so they can only access a single app of choice. Single App Mode deactivates the home button and forces the device to boot directly into the designated app if the user attempts a manual restart.

This feature ensures that the device is not used for anything outside of the desired application and has no way of accessing unintended other apps, device settings, or an Internet browser. This feature is useful for restaurants and retail stores. For education, students can use devices that are locked access to a single game, eBook, or exercise.

An iOS 7 or higher device configured in Supervised mode. (iOS 7 and higher is required for extra options and autonomous single app mode.)



Configure Single App mode settings including:

Setting	Description
Filter Type	Choose a filter, either Lock device into a single app or Permitted apps for autonomous single app mode:
	Lock device into a single app – Lock devices into a single public, internal, purchased, or native application until the profile with this payload is removed. The home button is deactivated, and the device always returns to the specified application from a sleep state or reboot.
	Permitted apps for autonomous single app mode – Enable allowed applications to trigger Single App Mode based on an event that controls when to turn on and off Single App Mode on the device. This action happens within the app itself as determined by the app developer.

Setting	Description
Applic ation Bundle ID	Enter the bundle ID or select one from the drop-down menu. The bundle ID appears in the drop-down menu after the application has been uploaded to the UEM console. For example: com.air-watch.secure.browser.
Option al Setting s	Choose optional settings for Supervised iOS 7 and higher devices.

Once you save the profile, each device provisioned with this profile enters Single App Mode.

Restart a Device Operating in Single App Mode

The hard reset procedure is used to restart a device operating in Single App Mode.

- 1. Press and hold the Home button and the Sleep/Wake button simultaneously.
- 2. Continue holding both buttons until the device shuts off and begins to restart.
- 3. Let go when you see the silver Apple logo. It may take a while for the device to load from the Apple logo to the main screen.

Exit Single App Mode on iOS Devices

End users cannot exit the app when Single App Mode is enabled. Workspace ONE UEM provides two options for exiting single app mode, depending on which Single App Mode you enable.

You can deactivate Single App Mode temporarily if you need to update the specified app to a new version or release. Deactivate Single App Mode using the instructions below, install the new app version, and enable Single App Mode again.

Procedure

- Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles. In the row for the Single App Mode profile, select the View Devices icon.
- 2. Select **Remove Profile** for the device from which you want to remove the setting.
- 3. Update the application to the desired version.
- 4. Re-install the profile using the steps under **Configure Single App Mode**

Allow Device Admin to Exit Single App Mode from the Device

You can allow an admin to exit Single App Mode with a passcode on the device itself. This option is only available if you enable autonomous single app mode as the Filter Type for the Single App Mode profile.

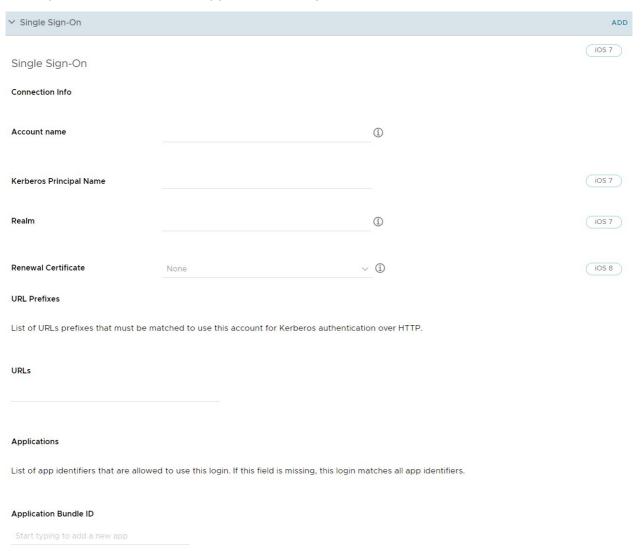
Procedure

- 1. Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles > Add. Select Apple iOS.
- 2. Configure the profile's **General** settings.
- 3. Select the **Single App Mode** payload.
- 4. With **Permitted apps for autonomous single app mode** selected, enter the bundle ID of an application that supports autonomous single app mode under **Permitted Applications**.

- 5. Select Save & Publish to push this profile to the assigned devices.
- Navigate to Resources > Apps > Native > Public for public apps, or Resources > Apps > Native > Purchased for apps managed through VPP.
- 7. Locate the autonomous single app mode supported application and select the Edit Assignment icon. The Edit Application window displays.
- 8. Select the Assignment tab and expand the **Policies** section.
- 9. Select **Enabled** for **Send Application Configuration**, enter AdminPasscode as the **Configuration Key**, and set the **Value Type** to **String**.
- 10. Enter the passcode admins use to exit Single App Mode as the Configuration Value. The value can be numeric or alphanumeric. Select **Add**.
- 11. Select **Save and Publish** to push the application configuration.

Single Sign-On Profile for iOS

Enable single sign-on for corporate apps to allow seamless access without requiring authentication into each app. Push this profile to authenticate end users through Kerberos authentication instead of storing passwords on devices. For more information on single sign-on settings, refer to the **VMware Workspace ONE UEM Mobile Application Management Guide**.



1. Enter Connection Info:

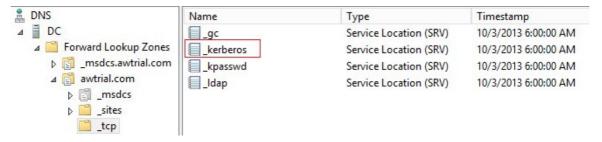
Setting	Description
Accoun t Name	Enter the name that appears on the device.
Kerbero s Princip al Name	Enter the Kerberos principal name.
Realm	Enter the Kerberos domain realm. This parameter must be fully capitalized.
Renewa I Certific ate	On iOS 8+ devices, select the certificate used to reauthenticate the user automatically without any need for user interaction when the user's single sign-on session expires. Configure a renewal certificate (for example: .pfx) using a credentials or SCEP payload.

- 2. Enter the **URL Prefixes** that must be matched to use this account for Kerberos authentication over HTTP. For example: http://sharepoint.acme.com. If left empty, the account is eligible to match all HTTP and HTTPS URLs.
- Enter the Application Bundle ID or select one from the drop-down menu. The bundle ID
 appears in this drop-down menu after the application has been uploaded to the UEM
 console. For example: com.air-watch.secure.browser. The applications specified must
 support Kerberos authentication.
- 4. Select Save & Publish.

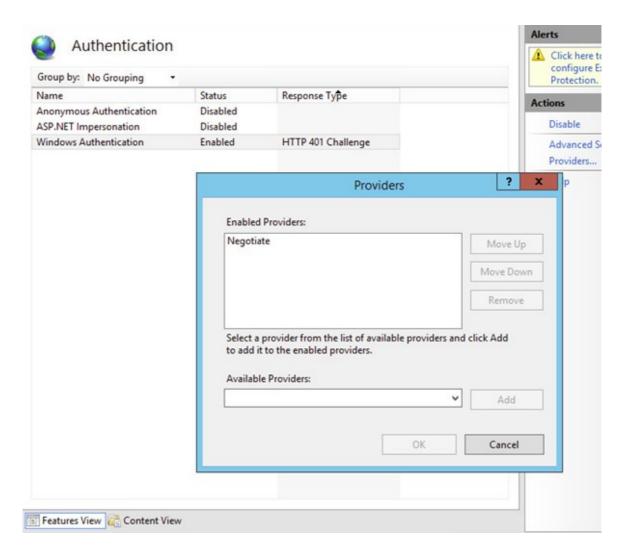
In the example of a Web browser, when end users navigate to a Web site specified in the payload, they are prompted to enter the password of their domain account. Afterward, they do not have to enter credentials again to access any of the Web sites specified in the payload.

Note:

- Using Kerberos authentication, devices must be connected to the corporate network (either using corporate Wi-Fi or VPN).
- The DNS server must have a record of the Kerberos services (KDC server).

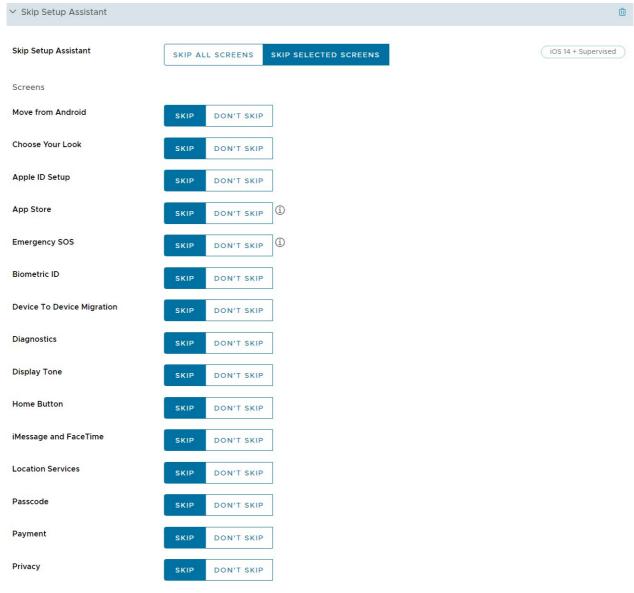


 Both the application on the mobile device and the Web site must support Kerberos/Negotiate authentication.



Skip Setup Assistant Profile for iOS

Use Setup Assistant profile to skip Setup Assistant screens on the device after an OS update. This profile is applicable only to iOS 14, IPadOS 14 and later.



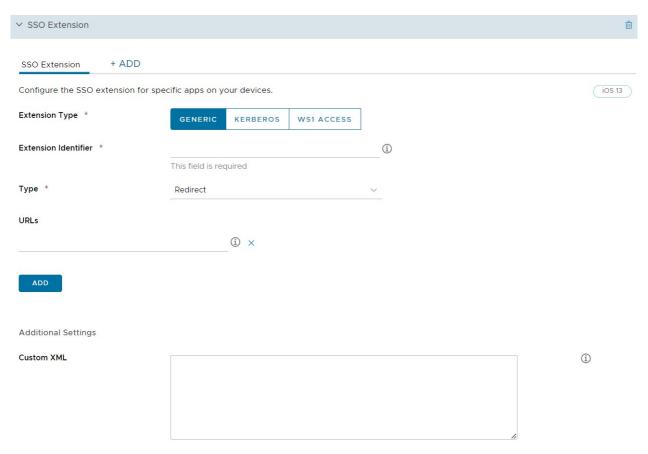
Configure the Skip Setup Assistant profile settings, including:

Settings	Description
Setup Assistant	Select either skip all Setup Assistant screens after an OS update or skip selected screens from the list below.
	Note: By default, Skip all screens option is selected. When users select option to Skip some screens, the rest of the text boxes are editable.
Move from Android	If the Restore pane is not skipped, skips the Move from Android option in the Restore pane on iOS.
Choose Your Look	Skips the Choose Your Look screen.
Apple ID Setup	Skips Apple ID setup.
App Store	Skips the App Store page during the Setup.
Emergency SOS	Skips the Emergency SOS page during the Setup.
Biometric ID	Skips biometric setup. Device To Device Migration

Settings	Description
Device To Device Migration	Skips Device to Device Migration pane.
Diagnostics	Skips the App Analytics pane.
Display Tone	Skips DisplayTone setup.
Home Button	Skips the Meet the New Home Button screen on iPhone 7, iPhone 7 Plus, iPhone 8, iPhone 8 Plus, and iPhone SE.
iMessage and FaceTime	Skips the iMessage and FaceTime screen in iOS.
Location Services	Skips Location Services.
Passcode	Skips the passcode pane.
Payment	Skips Apple Pay setup.
Privacy	Skips the privacy pane.
Restore	Deactivates restoring from backup restore.
Restore Completed	Skips the Restore Completed pane.
Screen Time	Skips the Screen Time pane.
Add Cellular Plan	Skips the add cellular plan pane.
Siri	Skips Siri.
Software Update	Skips the mandatory software update screen in iOS.
Terms and Conditions	Skips Terms and Conditions.
Terms of Address	Skips Terms of Address during the Setup Wizard
Update Completed	Skips the Software Update Complete pane.
Watch Migration	Skips the screen for watch migration.
Welcome	Skips the Get Started pane.
Zoom	Skips zoom setup.

SSO Extension Profile for iOS

To configure an application on device to perform single sign-on (SSO) with the Kerberos extension, configure the SSO Extension profile. With the SSO Extension profile, users do not have to provide their user name and password to access specific URLs. This profile is applicable only to iOS 13 and later devices.



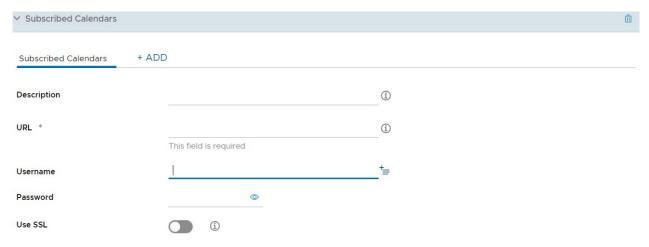
Configure the SSO Extension settings, including:

Setting	Description
Extension Type	Select the type of the SSO extension for the application. If Generic is selected, provide the Bundle ID of the application extension that performs SSO for the specified URLs in the Extension Identifier field. If Kerberos is selected, provide the Active Directory Realm and Domains.
Туре	Select either Credential or Redirect as extension type. Credentials extension is used for the challenge/response authentication. Redirect extension can use OpenID Connect, OAuth, and SAML authentication.
Team Identifier	Enter the Team Identifier of the application extension that performs SSO for the specified URLs.
URLs	Enter one or more URL prefixes of identity providers where the application extension performs SSO.
Additional Settings	Enter additional settings for the profile in XML code which is added to the ExtensionData node.
Active Directory Realm	This option appears only if Kerberos is selected as the Extension Type. Enter the name for the Kerberos Realm.
Domains	Enter the host names or the domain names which can be authenticated through the application extension.
Use Site Auto- Discovery	Enable the option to make the Kerberos extension to automatically use LDAP and DNS to determine the Active Directory site name.

Setting	Description
Allow Automatic Login	Enable the option to allow passwords to be saved to the keychain.
Require User Touch ID or Password	Enable the option to allow the user to provide Touch ID, FaceID, or passcode to access the keychain entry.
Certificate	Select the certificate to push down to the device which is in the same MDM profile.
Allowed Bundle IDs	Enter a list of application bundle IDs to allow access to the Kerberos Ticket Granting Ticket (TGT).

Subscribed Calendar Profile for iOS

Push calendar subscriptions using the native Calendar app in macOS to your iOS devices by configuring this payload.



Configure the calendar settings, including:

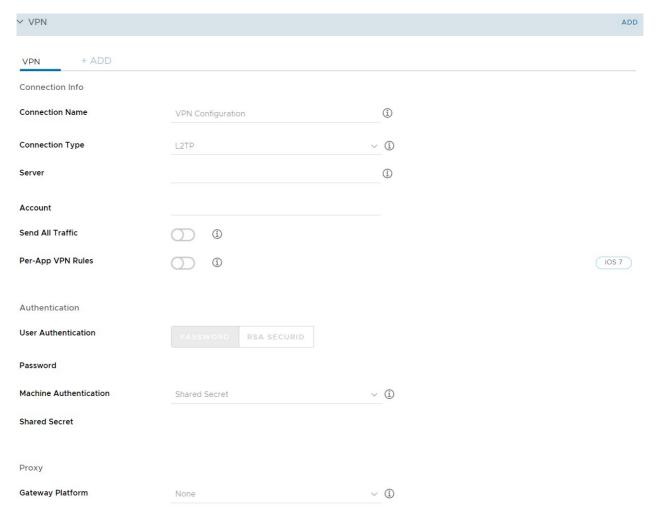
Setting	Description
Description	Enter a brief description of the subscribed calendars.
URL	Enter the URL of the calendar to which you are subscribing.
Username	Enter the user name of the end user for authentication purposes.
Password	Enter the password of the end user for authentication purposes.
Use SSL	Check to send all traffic using SSL.

Virtual Private Network (VPN) Profile for iOS

Virtual private networks (VPNs) provide devices with a secure and encrypted tunnel to access internal resources. VPN profiles enable each device to function as if it were connected through an on-site network. Configuring a VPN profile ensures that end users have the seamless access to email, files, and content.

The settings that you see may vary depending on the Connection Type you choose. For more

information on using the Forcepoint content filtering, see *Creating a Forcepoint Content Filter Profile*.



Configure the Notifications profile settings, including:

Settings	Description
Connection Name	Enter the name of the connection to be displayed on the device.
Connection Type	Use the drop-down menu to select the network connection method.
Server	Enter the hostname or IP address of the server for connection.
Account	Enter the name of the VPN account.
Send All Traffic	Force all traffic through the specified network.
Disconnect on Idle	Allow the VPN to auto-disconnect after a specific amount of time. Support for this value depends on the VPN provider.

Settings	Description
Connect Automatical ly	Select to allow the VPN to connect automatically to the following domains. This option appears when Per App VPN Rules is selected.
.,	Safari Domains
	Mail Domains
	Contacts Domains
	Calendar Domains
Provider	Select the type of the VPN service. If the VPN service type is an App proxy, the VPN service tunnels
Type	the traffic at the application level. If it is a Packet tunnel, the VPN service tunnels the traffic at the IP layer.
Per App VPN Rules	Enables the Per App VPN for devices. For more information, see <i>Configuring Per-App VPN for iOS Devices</i> in this guide
Authenticati on	Select the method to authenticate to end users. Follow the related prompts to upload an Identity Certificate, or enter a Password information, or the Shared Secret key to be provided to authorize end users for VPN access.
Enable VPN On Demand	Enable VPN On Demand to use certificates to establish VPN connections automatically using the Configuring VPN On Demand for iOS Devices section in this guide.
Proxy	Select either Manual or Auto as the proxy type to configure with this VPN connection.
Server	Enter the URL of the proxy server.
Port	Enter the port used to communicate with the proxy.
Username	Enter the user name to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Enter the password for authentication.
Vendor Keys	Select to create custom keys to go into the vendor config dictionary.
Key	Enter the specific key provided by the vendor.
Value	Enter the VPN value for each key.
Exclude Local Networks	Enable the option to include all networks to route the network traffic outside the VPN.
Include All Networks	Enable the option to include all networks to route the network traffic through the VPN.
Enforce routes	Enable this option for all VPN non-default routes to take precedence over locally defined rules. If you have enabled Include all networks , this setting is ignored.
Maxium Transmissio n Unit	This specifies the maximum size in bytes of each packet that will be sent over the IKEv2 VPN interface.
SMB Domains	An array of SMB domains that is accessible through this VPN connection.

Settings	Description
Prevent on demand override	Enable this option to prevent users from toggling VPN On Demand in Settings.

Note: If you have chosen IKEv2 as the type, you are eligible to enter the minimum and the maximum TLS version for the VPN connection. Provided that you enable the **Enable EAP** check box before you enter the TLS version.

After saving the profile, end users have access to permitted sites.

VPN On Demand Profile for iOS

VPN On Demand is the process of automatically establishing a VPN connection for specific domains. For increased security and ease of use, VPN On Demand uses certificates for authentication instead of simple passcodes.

Ensure your certificate authority and certificate templates in Workspace ONE UEM are properly configured for certificate distribution. Make your third-party VPN application of choice available to end users by pushing it to devices or recommending it in your enterprise App Catalog.

- 1. Configure your base VPN profile accordingly.
- 2. Select **Certificate** from the **User Authentication** drop-down menu. Navigate to the **Credentials** payload.
 - a. From the Credential Source drop-down menu, select Defined Certificate Authority.
 - b. Select the **Certificate Authority** and **Certificate Template** from the respective drop-down menus.
 - c. Navigate back to the VPN payload.
- 3. Select the **Identity Certificate** as specified through the **Credentials** payload if you are applying certificate authentication to the VPN profile.
- 4. Select the Enable VPN On Demand box.
- 5. Configure the **Use the New on Demand Keys (iOS 7)** to enable a VPN connection when end users access any of the domains specified:

Setting	Description
Use new On Demand Keys (iOS 7 and higher)	Select to use the new syntax that allows for specifying more granular VPN rules.

Setting	Description
On Demand Rule/Acti	Choose an Action to define VPN behavior to apply to the VPN connection based on the defined criteria. If the criterion is true, then the action specified takes place.
on	Evaluate Connection : Automatically establish the VPN tunnel connection based on the network settings and on the characteristics of each connection. The evaluation happens every time the VPN connects to a Web site.
	Connect : Automatically establish the VPN tunnel connection on the next network attempt if the network criteria met.
	Disconnect : Automatically deactivate the VPN tunnel connection and do not reconnect on demand if the network criteria are met.
	Ignore : Leave the existing VPN connection, but do not reconnect on demand if the network criteria are met.
Action Paramete r	Configure Action Parameters for specified domains to trigger a VPN connection attempt if domain name resolution fails, such as when the DNS server indicates that it cannot resolve the domain, responds with a redirection to a different server, or fails to respond (timeout).
	If choosing Evaluate Connection , these options appear:
	Choose Connect If Needed/Never Connect and enter additional information:
	Domains – Enter the domains for which this evaluation applies.
	URL Probe – Enter an HTTP or HTTPS (preferred) URL to probe, using a GET request. If the URL's hostname cannot be resolved, if the server is unreachable, or if the server does not respond with a 200 HTTP status code, a VPN connection is established in response.
	DNS Servers – Enter an array of DNS server IP addresses to be used for resolving the specified domains. These servers need not be part of the device's current network configuration. If these DNS servers are not reachable, a VPN connection is established in response. These DNS servers must be either internal DNS servers or trusted external DNS servers. (optional)
Criteria/V alue for	Interface Match – Select the type of connection that matches device's network current adapter. Values available are any, Wifi, Ethernet, and Cellular.
Paramete r	URL Probe – Enter the specified URL for criteria to be met. When criteria is met, a 200 HTTP status code is returned. This format includes protocol (https).
	SSID Match – Enter the device's current network ID. For the criteria to be met, it must match at least one of the values in the array Use the + icon to enter multiple SSIDs as needed.
	DNS Domain Match – Enter the device's current network search domain. A wildcard is supported (*.example.com).
	DNS Address Match – Enter the DNS address that matches the device's current DNS server's IP address. For criteria to be met, all the device's listed IP addresses must be entered. Matching with a single wildcard is supported (17.*).

6. Alternatively, choose legacy **VPN On Demand**:

Match Domain or	On Demand Action
Host	Establish if Needed or Always Establish – Initiates a VPN connection only if the specified
Tiost	page cannot be reached directly.
	Never Establish – Does not establish a VPN connection for addresses that match the specified the domain. However, if the VPN is already active, it can be used.

- 7. Use the + icon to add more **Rules** and **Action Parameters** as desired.
- 8. Choose a **Proxy** type:

Setting	Description
Proxy	Select either Manual or Auto proxy type to configure with this VPN connection.
Server	Enter the URL of the proxy server.
Port	Enter the port used to communicate with the proxy.
Username	Enter the user name to connect to the proxy server.
Password	Enter the password for authentication.

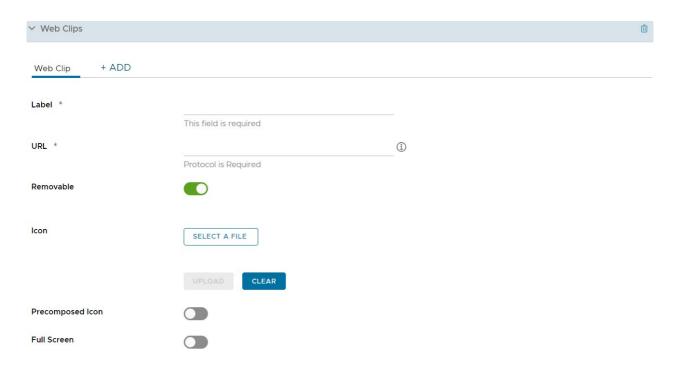
9. Complete **Vendor Configurations**. These values are unique to every VPN provider.

Setting	Description
Vendor Keys	Select to create custom keys to add to the vendor config dictionary.
Key	Enter the specific key provided by the vendor.
Value	Enter the VPN value for each key.

10. Click **Save and Publish**. Once the profile installs on a user's device, a VPN connection prompt automatically displays whenever the user navigates to a site that requires it, such as SharePoint.

Web Clips Profile for iOS

Web Clips are Web bookmarks that you can push to devices that display as icons on the device springboard or in your app catalog.

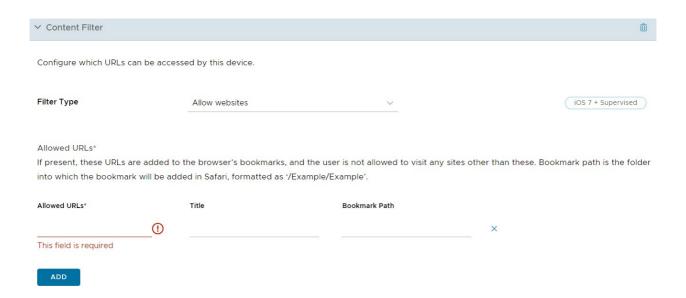


Configure Web Clip settings, including:

Setting	Description
Label	Enter the text displayed beneath the Web Clip icon on an end user's device. For example: "AirWatch Self-Service Portal."
URL	Enter the URL of the Web Clip that displays. Here are some examples for Workspace ONE UEM pages: For the SSP, use: https://{Airwatch Environment}/mydevice/ For the app catalog, use: https://{Environment}/Catalog/ViewCatalog/{SecureDeviceUdid}/{DevicePlatform}
	For the book catalog, use: https://{Environment}/Catalog/BookCatalog?uid={DeviceUUID}
Remov	Enable device users to use the long press feature to remove the Web Clip off their devices.
Icon	Select this option to upload as the Web Clip icon. Upload a custom icon using a .gif, .jpg, or .png format, for the application. For best results, provide a square image no larger than 400 pixels on each side and less than 1 MB when uncompressed. The graphic is automatically scaled and cropped to fit and converted to .png format, if necessary. Web Clip icons are 104 x 104 pixels for devices with a Retina display or 57 x 57 pixels for all other devices.
Preco mpose d Icon	Select this option to display the icon without any visual effects.
Full Screen	Select this option to run the Web page in full screen mode.

Web Content Filter Profile for iOS

You can allow or prevent end users from accessing specific URLs using a Web browser by configuring a Web content filter payload that is applied to devices. All URLs must begin with http:// or https://. If necessary, you must create separate entries for both the HTTP and HTTPS versions of the same URL. The Web content filter payload requires iOS 7+ supervised devices.



Configure the web content filter settings, including:

Select Filter Type drop-down menu:

1. Built-in: Allow Web sites

2. Built-in: Deny Web sites

3. Plug-in

Built-in: Allow Web Sites

Configure an allowlist of URLs to allow end users to access only these specific Web sites on the list and prevent them from accessing any other Web sites.

- 1. Select **Built-in: Allow Websites** in the **Filter Type** drop-down menu to choose what plug-ins can be accessed.
- 2. Select **Add** and configure a list of allowed Web sites:

Setting	Description
Allowed URLs	The URL of a allowed site.
Title	The bookmark title.
Bookmark Path	The folder into which the bookmark is added in Safari.

Built-in: Deny Web Sites

Configure a denylist of URLs to prevent users from accessing the specified Web sites. However, all other Web sites remain available to end users. Also, Web sites with profanity are automatically filtered unless an exception is permitted.

Select Built-in: Deny Website in the Filter Type drop-down menu and configure denied Web sites:

Setting	Description
Denied URLs	Enter Denied URLs and separate with new lines, spaces, or commas.
Automatically filter inappropriate Web	Select to filter adult Web sites.

Setting	Description
Bookmark Path	Enter the folder path into which the bookmark is added in Safari.
Permitted URLs	Enter any Web sites that may be allowed as exceptions to the automatic filter.

Plug-ins

This payload allows you to integrate with a third-party Web content filtering plug-in with Safari.

If you want to integrate specifically with Forcepoint or Blue Coat content filters, see the appropriate sections in this guide.

1. Select **Plug-in** in the **Filter Type** drop-down menu to choose what plug-ins can be accessed. You must enable either Webkit or Socket traffic needs in order for the payload to work.

Setting	Description
Filter Name	Enter the name of filter that displays on the device.
Identifier	Enter the bundle ID of the identifier of the plug-in that provides filtering service.
Service Address	Enter the hostname, IP address, or URL for service.
Organization	Choose the organization string that is passed to the third party plug-in.
Filter WebKit Traffic	Select to choose whether to filter Webkit traffic.
Filter Socket Traffic	Select to choose whether to filter SocKet traffic.

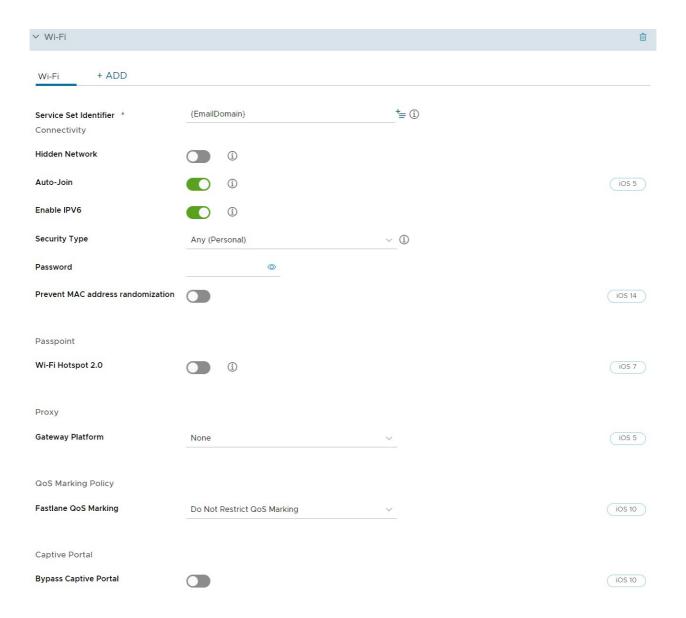
2. Configure the **Authentication** information including:

Setting	Description
Username	Use look-up values to pull directly from the user account record. Ensure your Workspace ONE UEM user accounts have an email address and email user name defined.
Password	Enter the password for this account.
Payload Certificat e	Choose the authentication certificate.

- 3. Add **Custom Data** which includes keys required by the third-party filtering service. This information goes into the vendor config dictionary.
- 4. Select Save & Publish.

Wi-Fi Profile for iOS

Configuring a Wi-Fi profile allows devices to connect to corporate networks, even if they are hidden, encrypted, or password protected. This payload is useful to end users who travel and use their own unique wireless network or to end users in an office setting where they are able to automatically connect their devices to a wireless network on-site.



1. Configure the wi-fi settings including:

Setting	Description	
Service Set Identifier	Enter the name of the network where the device connects.	
Hidden network	Enter a connection to a network that is not open or broadcasting.	
Auto-Join	Determine whether the device automatically connects to the network when starting the device. The device keeps an active connection until the device is restarted or a different connection is chosen manually.	
Enable IPv6	Deselect this option to disable IPv6	
Security Type	Select the type of access protocol to be used. Enter the Password or select the Protocols that apply to your Wi-Fi network.	
Protocols	Choose protocols for network access.	
	This option appears when WiFi and Security Type is any of the Enterprise choices. This option also appears when Ethernet is selected.	

Setting	Description	
Wi-Fi Hotspot 2.0	Enable Wi-Fi Hotspot 2.0 functionality and is only available for iOS 7 and higher devices. Hotspot 2.0 is a type of public-access Wi-Fi that allows devices to identify and connect seamlessly to the best match access point. Carrier plans must support Hotspot 2.0 for it to function correctly.	
HESSID	The HESSID used for Wi-Fi Hotspot 2.0 negotiation	
Domain Name	Enter the domain name of the Passpoint service provider.	
Allow connecting to roaming partner Passpoint networks	Enable roaming to partner Passpoint networks.	
Displayed Operator Name	Enter the name of the Wi-Fi hotspot service provider.	
Roaming Consortium Organization ID	Enter the roaming consortium organization identifiers.	
Network Access ID	Enter the Network Access ID realm names.	
MCC/MNC	Enter the Mobile Country Code/Mobile Network Configuration formatted as a 6-digit number.	
Authentication	Configure Authentication settings that vary by protocol.	
User name	Enter the username for the account.	
User Per- Connection Password	Request the password during the connection and send with authentication.	
Password	Enter the password for the connection.	
Identity Certificate	Select the certificate for authentication.	
Outer Identity	Select the external authentication method.	
TLS Certificate Required	Enable to allow for two-factor authentication for EAP-TTLS, PEAP, or EAP-FAST. Select disabled to allow for zero-factor authentication for EAP-TLS.	
TLS Minimum Version	Select the minimum TLS version 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2. If no value is selected, the minimum TLS version defaults to 1.0.	
	Note: and Maximum TLS versions can be configured only for TLS, TTLS, EAP-Fast, and PEAP protocol types.	
TLS Maximum Version	Select the maximum TLS version 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2. If no value is selected, the maximum TLS version defaults to 1.2.	
Trusted Certificates	These are the trusted server certificates for your Wi-Fi network.	

Setting	Description
Trusted Server Certificate Names	Enter the trusted server certificate names.
Allow Trust Exceptions	Allow end users to make trust decisions.

- 2. Configure **Proxy** settings for either **Manual** or **Auto** proxy types.
- 3. If you use a Cisco infrastructure, configure the QoS Marking Policy (iOS v11 and higher).

Setting	Description
Fastlane QoS Marking	Select the marking setup that you require.
Enable QoS Marking	Select this option to choose apps for prioritized data allocations.
Allow Apple Calling	Select Allow Apple Calling to add Apple Wifi Calling to your QoS allowlist.
Allow Apps for QoS Marking	Search for and add Apps to allocate prioritized data.

- 4. Configure **Captivate Portal** to bypass the portal.
- 5. Select **Save & Publish** when you are finished to push the profile to devices.

Compliance Policies for iOS Devices

The compliance engine is an automated tool by Workspace ONE UEM that ensures all devices abide by your policies. These policies can include basic security settings such as requiring a passcode and having a minimum device lock period.

For certain platforms, you can also decide to set and enforce certain precautions. These precautions include setting password strength, denylisting certain apps, and requiring device check-in intervals to ensure that devices are safe and in-contact with Workspace ONE UEM. Once devices are determined to be out of compliance, the compliance engine warns users to address compliance errors to prevent disciplinary action on the device. For example, the compliance engine can trigger a message to notify the user that their device is out of compliance.

In addition, devices not in compliance cannot have device profiles assigned to it and cannot have apps installed on the device. If corrections are not made in the amount of time specified, the device loses access to certain content and functions that you define. The available compliance policies and actions vary by platform.

For more information about compliance policies, including which policies and actions are supported for a particular platform, see the **Managing Devices** documentation on docs.vmware.com.

Apps for iOS Devices

Combine Workspace ONE UEM MDM features with Workspace ONE UEM apps to even further enhance security and functionality. Easily manage Workspace ONE UEM apps throughout the entire lifecycle across employee-owned, corporate-owned, and shared devices from the UEM console.

Workspace ONE UEM applications allow you and your end users to:

- Explore the VMware Workspace ONE Content to sync a personal content folder.
- Configure VMware Workspace ONE Web to secure Internet searches.
- Enable VMware Workspace ONE Boxer to configure email.
- Use the AirWatch Container as an alternative to MDM by providing separation of corporate and personal data on device, while maintaining employee privacy.

For more information about managing applications, see Mobile Application Management.

Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS

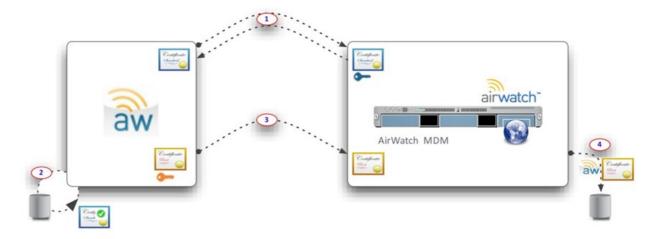
The Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS collects and delivers managed device information to the UEM console. Because this information may contain sensitive data, Workspace ONE UEM takes extensive measures to ensure that the information is encrypted and that it originates from a trusted source.

Workspace ONE UEM uses a unique certificate pair to sign and encrypt all communication between Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS and the server. These certificates also allow the server to verify the identity and authenticity of each device enrolled in Workspace ONE UEM. This overview details the benefits and necessities of both security enhancements.



Understanding the Certificate Exchange

Before any data is transferred, the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub application and the server trade personalized certificates. This relationship is established when Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS checks into the Workspace ONE UEM server for the first time during enrollment.



- Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS communicates with the Workspace ONE UEM server to obtain the server's certificate public key. Both Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS and the Workspace ONE UEM server trust the public key of the Workspace ONE UEM Root certificate, which verifies the authenticity of all certificates involved in the enrollment exchange.
- 2. Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS validates the server's certificate against the Workspace ONE UEM Root CA certificate.
- 3. Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS sends a unique certificate public key to the Workspace ONE UEM server.
- 4. The Workspace ONE UEM server associates the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub's certificate with that device in the database.

Securing the Data in Transit

After the initial exchange of certificates, all data sent to the UEM console is encrypted from that point forward. The following table shows the two certificates involved and their responsibility in the transaction.

	Hub Certificate	Server Certificate
Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub	Sign the Data	Encrypt the Data
Workspace ONE UEM Server	Verify the Data Origin	Decrypt the Data

APIs and Application Functionality

There are two categories of APIs that Workspace ONE UEM uses with iOS devices for management and tracking capabilities:

- Over-the-Air (OTA) MDM APIs are activated through the enrollment process regardless if Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS is used or not.
- Native iOS SDK APIs are available to any third-party application, including Workspace ONE
 Intelligent Hub applications and any other application using the Workspace ONE UEM
 Software Development Kit (SDK).

The Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS acts as the broker application that integrates with the

Native iOS SDK API layer of management. When using Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for iOS combined with the Workspace ONE UEM SDK for iOS, administrators can take advantage of more MDM features for applications, more so than what is offered in the Over-the-Air (OTA) MDM API layer.

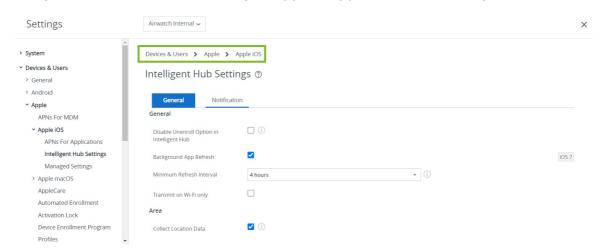
- Configure Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub Settings for iOS Devices
 You can customize the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub settings in the UEM console. For
 example, specify an SDK Profile to use with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub to harness
 Workspace ONE UEM functionality.
- Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub Mobile Application for iOS
 After enrolling the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub, the application defaults to a My Device screen. Here you can view real-time information about your device, sync the device, reenroll the device, and read messages that have been sent from the UEM console.

Configure Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub Settings for iOS Devices

You can customize the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub settings in the UEM console. For example, specify an SDK Profile to use with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub to harness Workspace ONE UEM functionality.

Procedure

I. Navigate to Devices > Device Settings > Apple > Apple iOS > Hub Settings.



2. Configure the following settings for the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub:

Setting) Description	
Disable	This setting deactivates the user's ability to unenroll from Workspace ONE UEM MDM using the Workspace	
Un-	ONE Intelligent Hub. This setting is only available in the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub v4.9.2 and	
Enroll	higher.	
in Hub		

Setting	Description
Backgr ound App	This setting tells the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub the maximum allowed time interval to refresh app content. Some applications run for a brief period before reaching a suspended state.
Refres h	Background App Refresh is a feature in iOS where the application itself wakes from this suspended state. During this refresh, the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub reports information, such as compromised detection, hardware details, GPS, iBeacon, and telecom, to the UEM console. The frequency at which the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub refreshes is controlled by the OS and only completed during efficient times, such as when the device is plugged into a power source, frequency of use, or connected to Wi-Fi. To take advantage of the Background App Refresh feature, this setting must be enabled in the UEM console, the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub cannot be stopped on the device, and Background App Refresh must be enabled on the device for the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub under Settings > General > Background App Refresh.
Minim um Refres h Interva	Select the minimum amount of time that must pass before the device attempts to refresh app content.
Trans mit on Wi-Fi only	Enable background refresh to occur over Wi-Fi connections only.

1. Customize the following extra configurations for the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub from the **Settings and Policies** page in the UEM console for **Single Sign On** in this guide.

What to do next

For information about offline access, branding, and other Settings and Polices, refer to the VMWare AirWatch Mobile Application Management Guide.

Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub Mobile Application for iOS

After enrolling the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub, the application defaults to a **My Device** screen. Here you can view real-time information about your device, sync the device, re-enroll the device, and read messages that have been sent from the UEM console.

The **Self Service Enabled** check box must be selected in the **Hub Settings** in the UEM console to see all the status information.

Note: If the **Disable Un-enroll Hub** option is not checked in **Hub Settings**, select **Un-enroll Device** before re-enrolling with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub v4.9.2.

My Device Functionality

- Tap the Status menu to view various statuses and self-service diagnostic options:
 - Sync Device Tap this action to send a request to resync the device with the UEM console.
 - Current Status Use the menus to find information about enrollment, re-enroll the device, view accounts, and compliance.
 - Diagnostics Use these menus to test connectivity, view Internet access, connectivity issues, server information, and view and send Hub and Device logs.

- Tap the Device Details menu to view various status options:
 - Network View network adapters and IP addresses.
 - Advanced Use these menus to find information about the device's battery, memory, and disk space.
 - Location View GPS coordinates for your device for the current and previous time periods
 - **iBeacon** View the name of the iBeacon region. If iBeacon is configured but location data is not configured, then the device displays only the iBeacon area. If iBeacon and location data are enabled, then the device displays the iBeacon region and the map with the location on the device.
- Use the dock at the bottom of the screen to find additional information including:
 - Messages Read notifications from the UEM console. For example, you may receive
 notifications in the message center to complete a required compliance check to
 ensure that your device can be successfully monitored.
 - About Find information about the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub application and legal information.

VMware Workspace ONE Content

VMware Workspace ONE Content is an application that enables your end users to access important content on their devices while ensuring file safety for your organization.

From the Workspace ONE Content, end users can access content you upload in the UEM console, content from synced corporate repositories, or their own personal content.

Use the UEM console to add content, sync repositories and configure the actions that end users can take on content opened within the application. These configurations prevent content from being copied, shared, or saved without approval.

For more information about MCM and configuring the VMware Workspace ONE Content, see the VMware Workspace ONE UEM Mobile Content Management Guide.

VMware Workspace ONE Web

VMware Workspace ONE Web is an application that provides a manageable and secure alternative to native Web browsers. You can secure the browsing experience on an application, tunnel, and Web site level.

You can configure the Workspace ONE Web to meet unique business needs by restricting Web access to Web sites and providing a secure Internet portal for mobile point-of-sale devices. Provide users with a standard browsing experience, including support of multi-tabbed browsing and JavaScript dialog box. For maximum security on your Android and iOS devices, consider deploying the Workspace ONE Web with a Restrictions profile blocking the native browser.

For additional information about preparing and configuring the Workspace ONE Web for deployment, see the VMware Workspace ONE Web Admin Guide.

VMware Workspace ONE Boxer

VMware Workspace ONE Boxer is an email application that offers a consumer-centric focus on mobile productivity with enterprise-grade security in the form of AES 256-bit encryption. This app containerizes business data from personal data, providing frictionless access to enterprise email, calendar, and contacts across corporate-owned and employee owned.

Workspace ONE Boxer allows users to personalize the app to meet their needs with features like custom swipe gestures, contact avatars, custom smart folders, and account color preferences. The all-in-one email, calendar, and contacts app provides an intuitive user experience following native design paradigms on devices.

For more information on VMware Workspace ONE Boxer, see the VMware Workspace ONE Boxer Admin Guide.

AirWatch Container for iOS

AirWatch Container offers a flexible approach to Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) management by pushing a secure work space to a personal device. Businesses can distribute Workspace ONE UEM applications and internal applications to the AirWatch Container for employees to use on their mobile devices.

Applications are visible inside and outside the AirWatch Container, but the enterprise applications are secure through a common SDK framework and a container passcode. These apps can interact seamlessly using single sign on authentication and can connect securely to the Internet through an app tunnel VPN.

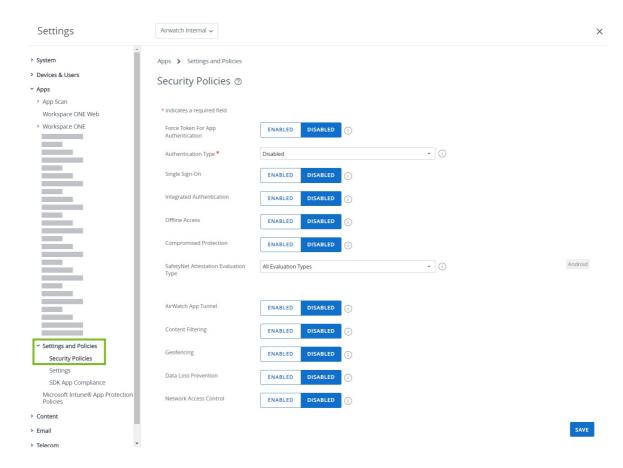
For more information about the AirWatch Container, refer to the **VMware AirWatch Container Admin Guide**.

Enforcing Application-Level Single Sign On Passcodes

Single sign on (SSO) allows end users to access Workspace ONE UEM apps, wrapped apps, and SDK-enabled apps without entering credentials for each application. Using the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub or the AirWatch Container as a "broker application," end users authenticate once per session using their normal credentials or an SSO Passcode.

Enable SSO as part of the **Security Policies** that you configure to apply to all Workspace ONE UEM apps, wrapped apps, and SDK-enabled apps using a Default SDK Profile.

 Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Apps > Settings and Policies > Security Policies.



- 2. Set **Single Sign On** to **Enabled** to allow end users to access all Workspace ONE UEM applications and maintain a persistent login.
- 3. Authentication Type to Passcode and set the Passcode Mode to either Numeric or Alphanumeric to require an SSO Passcode on the device. If you enable SSO but do not enable an Authentication Type, end users use their normal credentials (either directory service or Workspace ONE UEM account) to authenticate, and an SSO Passcode does not exist.

Once an end user authenticates with an application participating in SSO, a session establishes. The session is active until the **Authentication Timeout** defined in the SDK profile is reachedor if the user manually locks the application.

Apple Configurator Overview

Workspace ONE UEM integrates with Apple Configurator to enable you to supervise and manage scaled deployments of Apple iOS devices. Administrators can create configuration profiles, import existing profiles from the iPhone Configuration Utility, install specific operating system versions and enforce iOS device security policies.

Install and run Apple Configurator 2 from a macOS laptop to integrate with the Workspace ONE UEM console to supervise and configure one or many devices at the same time.

- Install the Workspace ONE UEM MDM profile as part of the configuration to enroll devices silently.
- Supervise dedicated line-of-business devices that are shared among different users.
- · Create configuration profiles to change device settings for Wi-Fi networks, preconfigure mail

and Microsoft Exchange settings, and more.

- Distribute public apps without entering an Apple ID on the device using Configurator.
- Create blueprints to automate device management. Use blueprints as templates to configure profiles and application and push them quickly to devices
- Add Supervision to devices and take advantage of even more management capabilities including showing or hiding applications, modifying the device name, wall paper, passcodes, keyboard short cuts and more.
- Back up user settings and app data, including new user-created data using Configurator.

Apple Configurator 2 also works with Apple's Device Enrollment Program (DEP) to automate Mobile Device Management (MDM) enrollment and the Volume Purchase Program (VPP) by assigning managed licenses apps to devices.

For a complete list of features and functionality available to supervised and unsupervised devices, refer to the iOS Functionality appendix.

For information on enrolling iOS devices with Apple Configurator, see *Enrolling iOS Devices in Bulk using Apple Configurator* and the **Integration with Apple Configurator** guide.

Upload a Signed Apple Configurator Profile to the UEM console

You can export a signed profile from Apple Configurator (or IPCU) directly to the UEM console.

- 1. Configure supervision and management settings in Apple Configurator (or IPCU).
- 2. Export and save the newly created profile to somewhere easily accessible on your computer.
- Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles within the UEM console and select Upload.



- 4. Enter the **Managed By** group and select **Upload** to locate and upload the profile exported from Apple Configurator (or IPCU). Click **Continue**.
- 5. Enter the general profile description, including name, description, and assigned organization groups.
- 6. Click Save & Publish to send the profile down to assigned devices.

Configure iOS Devices

Workspace ONE UEM helps you configure key elements to manage your end users' device experience to meet your enterprise objectives. The functionality detailed in this section provides granular detail of the interface and experience of your managed devices.

Many of these configurations are available only with certain types of deployments, such as Apple DEP deployments or Apple School Manager deployments.

Apple Industry Templates

Choose industry templates to expedite your deployment process.

Apple Industry templates automatically bundle recommended mobile apps, profiles, and compliance policies so that they can be pushed simultaneously to the required organization group.

- Industry templates available on the UEM console v8.2.2 include Healthcare and Retail.
- Industry templates available on the UEM console v8.3+ include Healthcare, Retail, Education, Hospitality, and Field Services.

Types of Templates

Use the following table to determine what kind of template and initiative best describes the type of mobile configuration you need. Each template includes recommended applications and security policies based on expert research industry standards and best practices.

Industry	Initiative	Description
Healthc are	Clinical Collaboration	Deliver timely communication to medical staff and patients to ensure the best care without sacrificing security. (UEM console v8.2.2+)
Mobile Clinicia n Workflo ws	Allow physicians, nurses, pharmacists, and others to patients if they are at home or located in another me	
Patient Care	Improve medical outcomes and patient satisfaction be the patient experience. (UEM console v8.2.2+)	y using iPads and mobile applications to enhance
Educati on	Digital Classroom	Use iPads and mobile applications to communicate with teachers, students and parents about assignments, student behavior, and more. (UEM console v8.3+)
Making Learnin g Fun	Keep students engaged and focused through digital learning and collaboration. (UEM console v8.3+)	

Industry	Initiative	Description
Mobile Cash Register	Authorize employees to become points of sale from any location, such as a bookstore or in an administrative office. (UEM console v8.3+)	
Hospital ity	Guest Experience	Create memorable guest experiences to foster loyalty and ensure guests return by allowing them to schedule their own services, look for attractions, or redeem loyalty bonuses. (UEM console v8.3+)
Hotel Manage ment	Manage bookings and reservations and track staff schedules, shift responsibilities, and special requests in real time. (UEM console v8.3+)	
Mobile Paymen t	Integrate mobile payment solutions into POS systems so guests may take advantage of fast payment options or authorize employees to become points of sale wherever needed. (UEM console v8.3+)	
Retail	Mobile In Store Experience	Serve customers from anywhere in the store by browsing products, providing product information, performing a price check, or making a sale. (UEM console v8.3+)
Mobile Cash Register	Create mobile points of sale and free up floor space for merchandise.(UEM console v8.2.2+)	
Store Manage rs	Give managers the freedom to work on reports, employee schedules, and payroll from anywhere in the store. (UEM console v8.2.2+)	
Field Services	Field Employee	Increase efficiency for sales reps, service technicians, and others to deliver improved paperless services and real-time data to customers. (UEM console v8.3+)
Field Manage r	Provide dynamic scheduling and real-time reporting capabilities to managers to communicate with employees, identify locations, edit schedules, and assign tasks. (UEM console v8.3+)	

Working with Profiles and Compliance Policies for Industry Templates

- Profiles The ability to add or edit profiles is supported in the UEM console from the List
 View page only. Any changes made on the List View page are not reflected in the industry template UI under Monitor.
- Compliance Policies The only compliance policy that is seeded and available for viewing
 within industry templates is Compromised Status in the UEM console 8.2.2+. Similar to
 profiles, the ability to add or edit compliance policies is supported from the List View page
 only. Any changes made on the List View page are not reflected in the industry template
 UI under Monitor.

For more information on setting up profiles and compliance policies, refer to the VMware

Workspace ONE UEM Mobile Device Management Guide, available on Workspace ONE UEM Resources.

Create an Apple Industry Template

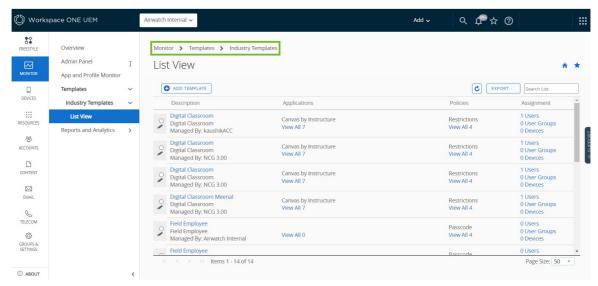
Configure initiative-specific settings using a template. Then create a Patient Care template to push to patients. For example, you can create a Clinical Collaboration template to push to a user group of doctors and a user group of nurses.

Prerequisites

Consider creating your User Groups before you begin this process.

Procedure

Navigate to Monitor > Industry Templates > List View > Add Template. An Add Template window appears.



- Select the appropriate Industry category. A Getting Started with Industry Templates window appears.
 - a. If you want to select another industry and pick different initiatives, select **Choose Another Industry** at the bottom of the window to override the current industry if needed.
- 3. Choose the business initiative to configure and select **Setup**.
- 4. Select **Next** after reviewing the template overview. A new window appears where you can customize the template.
- 5. Set the **Friendly Name** that appears in the UEM console.
- 6. Choose what **Applications** to push to your users by selecting and deselecting apps. All the seeded apps are recommended and pre-selected by default. Alternatively, select **Add App** to search the app store for public applications or to upload internal applications.
 - a. Choose **More Options** to push the application in **Auto** mode or **On-Demand** and create a custom **Application Configuration** to enter the key value pairs.

If you choose the Mobile In Store Experience template and select VMware Browser in single app mode, configure the URL before pushing the template to devices by navigating to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Apps > Browser > Mode > Home Page URL. These

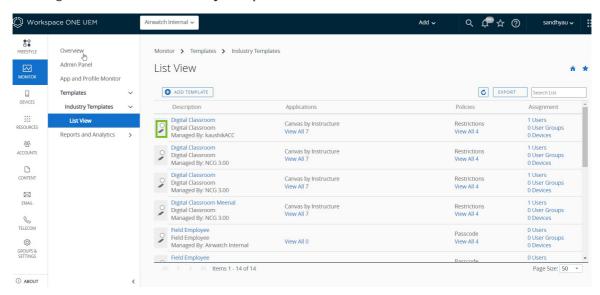
- devices must be configured in supervised mode.
- 7. Review **Policies** that apply to the selected template.
- Assign Users or user groups for deployment, or create users. Directory services must already
 be configured to add directory users. If a new user or group is created, it appears on the
 Accounts > List View page in UEM console, even if the industry template is not yet
 deployed.
- 9. Select **Next** after confirming your selections.
- Select Publish. The new template creates a smart group to which all apps, profiles, policies, users, and user groups are assigned. The new template now appears in the Industry Templates > List View.

Consider assigning one template to one group of devices, so that only one business initiative is assigned to each device. However, if you assign more than one template to the same group, then all the apps from both templates install and the most restrictive policies are sent to the device.

Edit Application Lists in Apple Industry Templates

You can customize the industry templates you create with specific app deployment configurations.

- 1. Quickly remove a public application and push the updated application list to users immediately.
 - a. Navigate to Monitor > Industry Templates > List View.



- b. Select the **pencil button** or template name to edit the template.
- c. Deselect the application. The check mark in the corner disappears.
- d. Select **Next** > **Publish** to save and republish the template.
- 2. Upload a new application version of an internal app after deleting the old version.
 - a. Select the **pencil button** or template link to edit the template.
 - b. Select More Options. A trash can icon appears on the internal application.
 - c. Select **Remove** and follow the prompt to delete the application from the list.

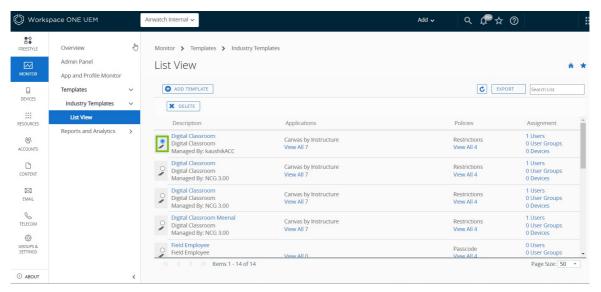
- d. Select **Add App** to upload the updated application.
- e. Select Next > Publish to save and republish the template with new application version.

Consider editing applications only within the industry template. However, applications can also be edited from the **Resources** > **Apps** > **Native** in the UEM console. Any changes made to applications from the Native List View page are not reflected in the industry template UI.

Delete an Apple Industry Template

You can edit and delete templates at the current or parent Organization Group level only. You cannot edit or delete templates that were created at a higher Organization Group, you can only view them.

- 1. Navigate to Monitor > Industry Templates > List View.
- 2. Select the radio button. A Delete button appears at the top of list.



3. Select **Delete** and follow the prompt to delete the template. Deleting a template also deletes the corresponding applications and policies from assigned devices.

Deleting a template does not remove the application from **Applications** > **Native** or remove the smart group from **Groups** > **List View**.

Apple iBeacon Overview

Apple iBeacon with Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub v5.1+ helps manage location awareness for devices. Using Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE), iBeacons provide a more efficient way to track devices than using geofencing.

Bluetooth Low Energy does not drain the battery life of a device, and you can establish iBeacons to observe multiple regions simultaneously, providing more precise monitoring. This functionality also allows more privacy for end users because devices are only tracked when the device enters or exits specific locations, instead of being constantly monitored.

After setting up a third-party iBeacon, configure the iBeacon in the UEM console. Next, create iBeacon regions to monitor. Last, push device profiles with iBeacon functionality to manage iBeacons within the configured regions using the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub. Detect when the device enters these regions and use device event logs to find changes in iBeacon ranges.

Requirements for iBeacon

- Workspace ONE UEM console v8.1+
- iBeacons from a third-party vendor
- Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub v5.1 + for iOS
- Location services on the device must be enabled
- · Bluetooth must be enabled
- iPhone 4S+, iPad mini+, iPad 3rd Generation+, iPod touch 5th Generation+

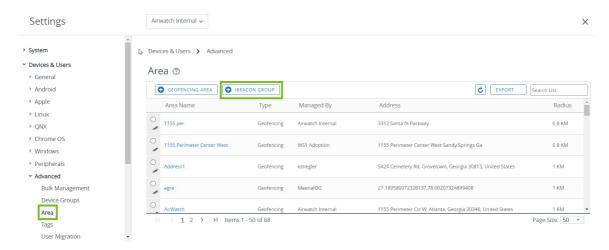
iBeacon Operations Details

- A maximum of 20 regions, including geofencing and iBeacon groups may be assigned to the device. This is the maximum amount that Apple allows. A high number of iBeacon groups assigned to the device increases battery consumption on the device.
- The Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub monitors iBeacons only. It does not use the ranging technique that determines the proximity of the device to iBeacon transmitter.
- If the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub is stopped before a device exits the iBeacon group, the device is not detected until the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub is launched again.

Enable iBeacon for iOS Devices

To configure iBeacon, first enable the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub to detect iBeacon groups that receive broadcasts. Then, add a set of iBeacon groups for the device to monitor.

- Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS >
 Hub Settings.
- 2. Scroll to **Area** and select **Detect iBeacon Area** to enable an iBeacon for the organization group.
- 3. Select Save.
- 4. Navigate to Resources > Profile & Baselines > Settings > Areas.
- 5. Select Add > iBeacon Group. Choose Add > Add Profile or Edit an existing profile using the pencil button on the left-side of the profile. A General profile window appears.



6. Configure the **iBeacon Group** settings.

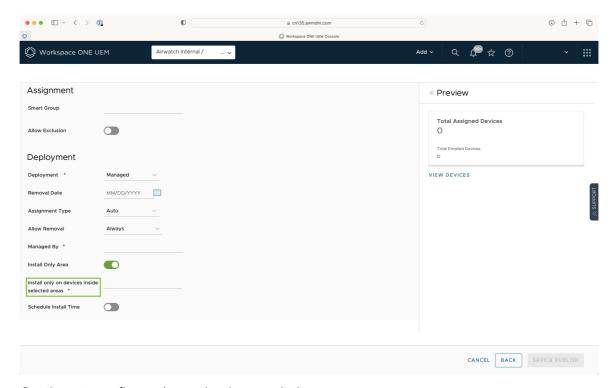
Setting	Description
Group Name	Enter the name for the specific iBeacon group.
iBeacon Name	Enter the name of the iBeacon.
UUID	Enter a unique identifier for the iBeacon deployment to share.
Major Value	Enter an identifier to subdivide the area of the iBeacon.
Minor Value	Enter an extra identifier to subdivide the area of the iBeacon.

7. Select **Save**. Return to **Area** and edit and delete iBeacon groups as needed using the menu buttons on the left.

Assign iBeacon Groups to Device Profiles

Once the iBeacon group is established, you can assign the group to a device profile. This profile is then installed on the device when it enters the iBeacon group and is removed when it exits the group.

- Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles. Choose Add > Add Profile or Edit
 an existing profile using the pencil button on the left-side of the profile. A General profile
 window appears.
- 2. Scroll to Additional Assignment Criteria on the General profile.
- 3. Select Install only on devices inside selected areas and select the iBeacon from Assigned Geofence Areas.

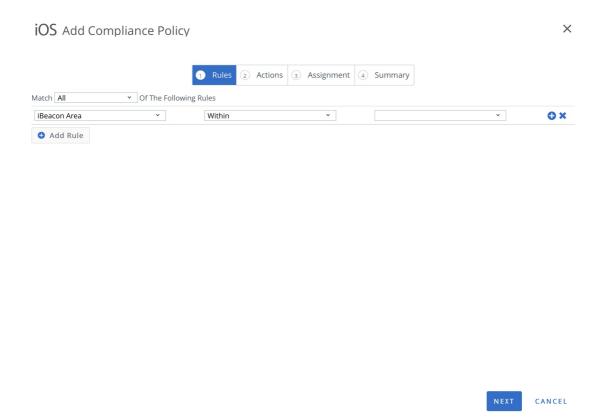


- 4. Continue to configure the payload as needed.
- 5. Select **Save & Publish**. You can now manage devices in the iBeacon group with the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub.

Add Compliance Policies for iBeacon Groups

Once the iBeacon group is established, add compliance polices to enforce actions on the device when it enters or exits the iBeacon group.

- Navigate to Devices > Compliance Policies > List View, and select Add and then Apple iOS.
- 2. Choose **Any** or **All** of the rules to match.
- Select iBeacon Area and choose within/not within for a specific iBeacon group and select Next.



- 4. Choose the **Actions** tab and select actions that can occur in the iBeacon group. For detailed information on the applicable actions on Apple iOS, see the *Compliance Policies Actions by Platform* section of the *Managing Devices* documentation.
- 5. Select **Finish and Activate** when you have completed the compliance policy configuration. Verify that the policy is available on the Device Details page in the UEM console.

Activation Lock Overview

Activation Lock is a security feature for devices running iOS 7 and higher that uses Apple's Find My iPhone functionality. This feature makes it difficult for unauthorized persons to use a lost or stolen device.

When Activation Lock is enabled, an end user's Apple ID and password are required to unlock a device even if the device is wiped or factory reset, including through DFU mode. For more information about Activation Lock as an iOS feature, read the Apple Support article Find My iPhone Activation Lock.

Prerequisites

To use the Activation Lock feature, devices must have the following:

- A valid Apple ID and password assigned
- Find My iPhone enabled

Activation Lock for Unsupervised vs. Supervised Devices

The extent to which you can manage devices with Activation Lock depends on whether the devices are supervised or unsupervised. The following table outlines the differences:

Jnsupervised	Supervised
End user must enable Find My iPhone setting.	Administrator can enable Activation
Administrator can view whether Activation Lock is enabled on a particular device.	Lock. This will automatically activate the Find My iPhone setting.
	Administrator can view whether
Administrator must accept a notification when performing a device wipe command, which warns that a device with Activation Lock enabled cannot be reactivated without the original Apple ID and password*.	Activation Lock is enabled on a particular device.
	Administrator can clear the
	Activation Lock using one of three methods.

Enable Activation Lock for iOS Devices

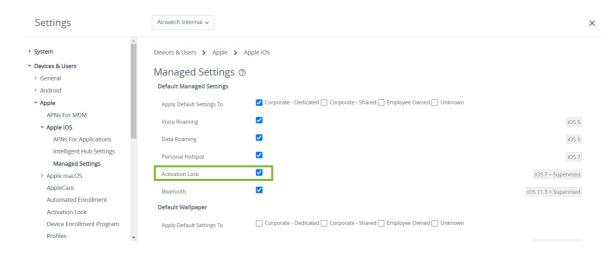
For supervised devices running iOS 7 and higher, you can configure Activation Lock and force it to be enabled.

Procedure

Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS >

Managed Settings.

Select the Activation Lock setting.

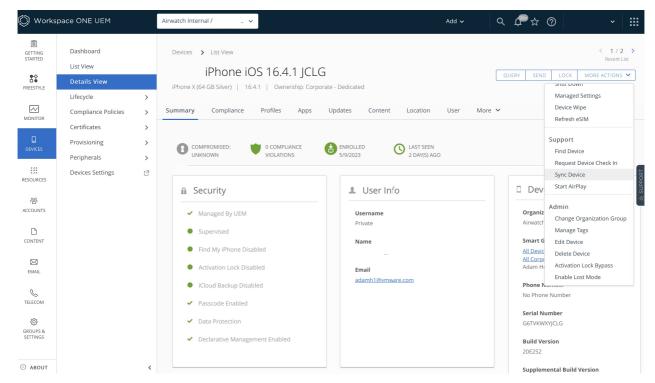


Select Save.

Viewing Activation Lock Status

For both unsupervised and supervised devices running iOS 7 and higher, you can view whether Activation Lock is enabled on the device. **Procedure**

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View**.
- 2. Select an iOS device.



Under the Security section, you can see whether Activation Lock is activated or deactivated.

Clear Activation Lock on iOS Devices

For supervised devices running iOS 7 and later, you can clear the Activation Lock using one of three

methods.

Procedure

- 1. Use the Clear Activation Lock command
- 2. Enter an Activation Lock Bypass Code directly onto the device.
- 3. Perform a Device Wipe Command and select an option to clear the Activation Lock.

Use the Clear Activation Lock Command

Using the Clear Activation Lock command you can clear the Activation Lock on a device without performing a device wipe. This command is useful if you know the whereabouts of the device and do not want to wipe its contents completely to clear the lock.

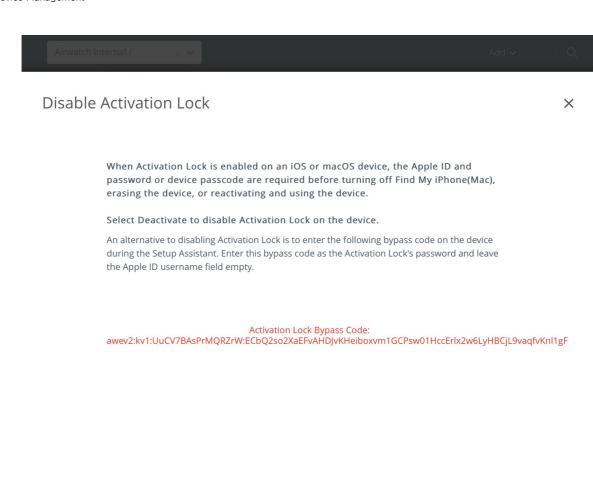
This command also works if the device is unenrolled from Workspace ONE UEM MDM.

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View**.
- 2. Select an iOS device.
- 3. The Device Details page displays Select the **More** drop-down to see a list of available remote commands.
- 4. Select Clear Activation Lock.
- 5. Select Deactivate.

Enter an Activation Lock Bypass Code

Entering an Activation Lock Bypass Code can be useful if the device has been unenrolled from Workspace ONE UEM MDM and you have no means by which to perform a Clear Activation Lock command or device wipe.

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View**.
- 2. Select an iOS device. The Device Details page displays.
- 3. Select the **More** drop-down to see a list of available remote commands.
- 4. Select Clear Activation Lock. The Activation Lock Bypass Code displays on the screen.



Reactivate the device once factory wiped using MDM. When you reach the Activate iPhone pane in the Setup Assistant, enter the bypass code as the Activation Lock password and leave the Apple ID text box empty.

CANCEL

Perform a Device Wipe Command

When performing a device wipe command, you also have the option of clearing the Activation Lock on a device.

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View**.
- 2. Select an iOS device. The Device Details page displays.
- 3. Select the **More** drop-down to see a list of available remote commands.
- 4. Select **Device Wipe**. The Device Wipe page displays.
- 5. Select Clear Activation Lock. Enter your Security PIN, and the device is wiped.

Activation Lock - Wipe Command Workflow Matrix

The following matrix shows the workflow to check the activation lock bypass code before issuing the wipe command from the UEM console to the device. The bypass code check can be initiated from the Device List View page or the Device Details page.

Command	Activation Lock Bypass Code Workflow	
	Device List View	Device Details page
Device Wipe	Not applicable	Sends query to the device for fetching the activation lock bypass code.
		Device marked as Device Wipe Initiated in the UEM console.
		If the wipe protection is turned off on the device the device responds with the bypass code to the UEM console.
		The UEM console sends the device wipe command to the device.
		Device responds with the successful wipe message to the UEM console.
		Device is marked as Unenrolled in the UEM console.
Enterprise Wipe	Sends query to the device for fetching the activation lock bypass code.	Sends query to the device for fetching the activation lock bypass code.
	Device is marked as Enterprise Wipe Initiated in the UEM console.	Device marked as Enterprise Wipe Initiated in the UEM console.
	If the wipe protection is turned off on the device, the device responds with the bypass code to the UEM console.	If the wipe protection is turned off on the device the device responds with the bypass code to the UEM console.
	The UEM console sends the enterprise wipe command to the device.	The UEM console sends the enterprise wipe command to the device.
	Device responds with the successful wipe message to the UEM console.	Device responds with the successful wipe message to the UEM console.
	Device marked as Unenrolled in the UEM console.	Device marked as Unenrolled in the UEM consol

Remote View

With the Remote View feature, administrators can easily assist with troubleshooting by viewing an MDM managed end user's device from the UEM console that is integrated with the partner system. Integration of the partner system with the UEM console offers a complete remote management suite with Remote View capabilities.

For more information on configuration and integration of Remote Management services using the partner system with the UEM console, refer **VMware AirWatch Advanced Remote Management Guide** found on docs.vmware.com.

Prerequisites to initiate a Remote View

- UEM console provisioned with proper partner hostname and all required certificates.
- End User devices registered with partner by the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub.

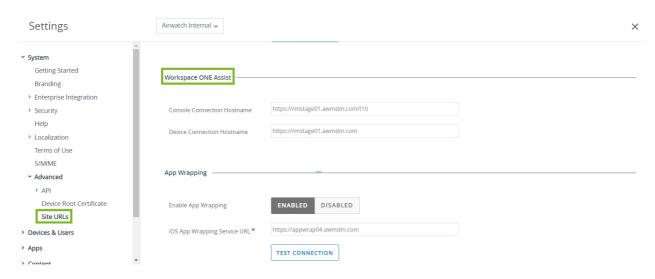
Remote View Device Requirements

- Devices must have the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub v5.8 or higher installed and in the foreground when you attempt to initiate remote view.
- iOS 11 and higher devices are required to run the Start Remote View command.
- iOS 11 and higher Supervised devices are required for administrators to run the Stop Remote
 View command. This command appears on the partner console.

Configure the UEM Console with Remote View

For On-premises deployments, provision the site URLs with proper hostname for the partner system at the Global organization group in the Site URLs page.

- 1. Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > System > Advanced > Site > Site URLs
- 2. In the Workspace ONE Assist section, configure the Remote Management settings.



Settings	Description
Console Connection Hostname	Enter the Remote Management server fully qualified domain name (FQDN) plus "/t10". For example: https://rmstage01.awmdm.com/t10
Device Connection Hostname	Enter the ARM server fully qualified domain name (FQDN). For example:
	https://rmstage01.awmdm.com The Device Hostname is the only URL used for device registration and gets delivered to all the devices in the organization group when the partner is provisioned.

3. Select Save.

Configure End-User Devices

Now that the console is configured, you must install the iOS-specific Hub on the devices so that they can be remotely managed.

- 1. Visit the my Workspace ONE ™ page that lists all the device agents. https://my.workspaceone.com/products/AirWatch-Agent.
- 2. Download Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub from the iOS App store for your deployment.

For more information about App Management, see **Mobile Application Management** guide on VMware AirWatch documentation.

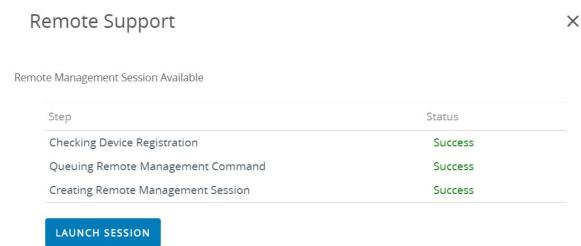
- 3. Customize control center for initiating screen broadcasting:
 - a. Navigate to **Settings** > **Control Center** > **Customize Controls**.
 - b. Add Screen Recording.

Initiate a Remote View Session

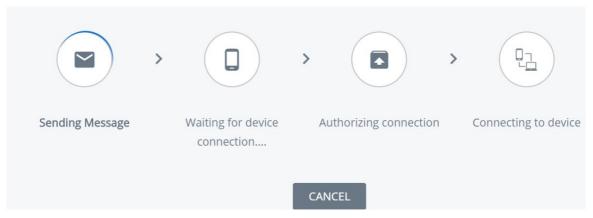
Use the Remote View session to easily assist the troubleshooting issues by viewing an end user's device from the UEM console.

 Navigate to Devices > List View > Select Device > More Actions > Support > Start Remote View

The Remote Support window appears. The UEM console verifies the device's abilities before initiating the broadcast. Simultaneously, a push notification is sent to the end user device through Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub to start the broadcast. The user must access the device control center and force touch on the Screen Recording. Select Hub Broadcast > Start Broadcast to initiate broadcasting the device's screen. The device begins capturing the UI and shares it to the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub which in turn is linked to the Advanced Remote Management server.



2. In the Remote Support window, select **Launch Session** to initiate the remote view session. Once the connection is made, the remote management client opens on the console and then the mirrored device screen is shown up.



Note: The UEM console displays a four-digit PIN which you must direct the customer to enter into their device. This action provides customer authorization to manage their device remotely.

3. Select Cancel, if required to end the session.

Request AirPlay for an iOS Device

Using the AirPlay command, administrators can easily mirror screens from a macOS computer to an tvOS on the same subnet as an end user's iOS 7 + device.

If an end user needs assistance, simply send an AirPlay request from the UEM console to the device to share your screen on an end user's device.

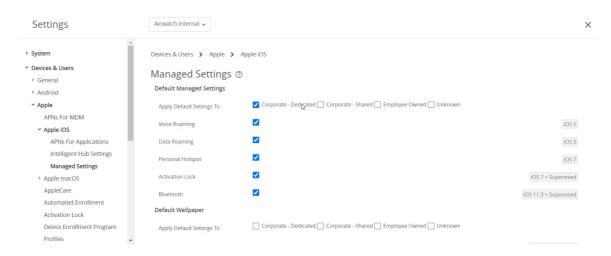
 Navigate to Devices > List View > Select Device > Support > More > Start AirPlay. An AirPlay window appears.

- 2. Select **Add a Destination** to start adding destinations to view. An **Add New AirPlay Destination** window appears.
- 3. Enter the **Destination Name**, which is the friendly name for the device.
- 4. Enter the **Destination Address**, which is the MAC address of the device to view.
- 5. Enter the **Password** for the destination.
- 6. Determine the **Scan Time**, which is the length of time that the device searches for the destination. The default value is 30 seconds.
- 7. Select the **Set as Default** check box to make the current destination the default destination. The next time AirPlay is used, the default destination appears as the **Destination Name**. It does not have to be entered again.
- 8. Select **Save and Start** to send the AirPlay request to the device.
 - a. This destination is saved for the next request in the **Destination Name** drop-down menu.
- To Stop AirPlay on iOS 7+ supervised devices, navigate back to the UEM console. Go to Devices > List View > Select Device > Support > More > Stop AirPlay.
- 10. To Edit AirPlay Destination
 - a. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View** > **Select Device** > **Support** > **More** > **AirPlay**. An **AirPlay** window appears.
 - b. Choose the **Device Destination** to edit from the drop-down menu.
 - c. Select **Edit** to start editing the destination settings. An **Edit AirPlay Destination** window appears.
 - d. Select Save and Start to send the AirPlay request to the device.

Configure Managed Settings for iOS Devices

The Managed Settings page in the UEM console lets you configure a few extra settings related to the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub and managing iOS devices.

 Navigate to Devices > Device Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS > Managed Settings > Default Managed Settings.

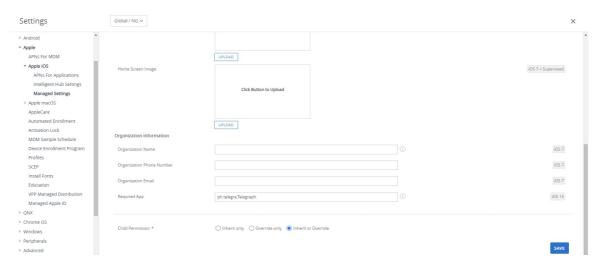


- 2. Configure which devices the settings affect according to ownership type, including Corporate Dedicated, Corporate Shared, Employee Owned, and Unknown.
- 3. Activate or deactivate:
 - a. Voice Roaming (iOS 5+)
 - b. Data Roaming (iOS 5+)
 - c. Personal Hotspot (iOS 7)
 - d. Activation Lock (iOS 7 and Supervised)
 - e. (iOS 11.3+ Supervised)
- 4. Select **Save** to save the settings to devices in the current organization group.

Configure Organization Settings

The Managed Settings Requested page in the UEM console lets you configure settings related to branding in Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub and managing iOS devices. Change the settings including default wallpaper, home screen image, organizational settings and so on.

- Navigate to Devices > Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS > Managed Settings.
- 2. Navigate to **Organization Information > Organization Name**. Enter the Organization name.



- Click Save.
- 4. The organization name that you have entered is included in the installation screen.

Set Required App

The Required App forces installation of a single App Store application with no user prompt on any device running iOS 15.1 or later. The required app is set on new device enrollments only as the *iTunes Store ID* of the App Store application is part of the MDM profile.

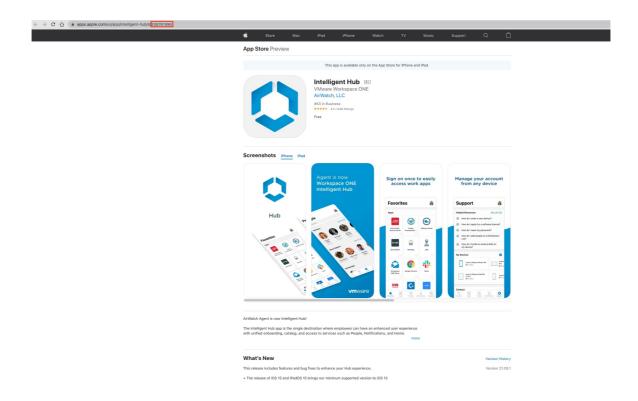
Required App requires:

- User Enrolled iOS 15.1 and iPadOS 15.1 devices. For more information on User Enrollment,
 see User Enrollment.
- Searching or manually adding the iTunes Store ID for Public and Purchased Apple App Store apps.

To set the Required App:

- Navigate to Devices > Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS > Managed Settings.
- 2. Navigate to **Organization Information** > **Required App**. Search for one of your iOS apps or manually add *iTunes Store ID*. The app must be already added to the current Organization Group or below to appear in search results.

Note: Admins can find the *iTunes Store ID* in the URL of the app on the App Store such as in a browser.



Override Default Roaming Settings (iOS)

Override default settings in order to modify roaming permissions for an individual iOS device.

Modify settings to manage roaming status that does not require a permanent restriction.

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **List View**. Filter by **Platform** to locate your desired device. Select its **Friendly Name** to launch the Device Control Panel.
- 2. Select More > Managed Settings.
- 3. Select the **Enable** or **Disable** radio button to override current **Voice Roaming Allowed**, **Data Roaming Allowed**, and **Personal Hotspot Allowed** settings. Click **Save**.

Set a Default Wallpaper

Set a default Lock Screen image or Home Screen image for iOS 7 + Supervised devices to match your corporate branding policies.

- Navigate to Devices > Device Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > Apple iOS > Managed Settings. Scroll down to the Default Wallpaper section.
- 2. Upload a Lock Screen Image or Home Screen Image.
- 3. Select Save.

Set Default Organization Information

Set up custom organization information for MDM prompts for iOS 7+ devices.

- Navigate to Devices > Device Settings > Apple > Apple iOS > Managed Settings and scroll down to the Default Organization Information section.
- 2. Enter your organization information, including name, phone number, and email.

3. Select Save.

Install Fonts on iOS Devices

Available to macOS Yosemite and devices running iOS 7 and higher, the UEM console provides a means to upload fonts and install them onto devices. Installing specific fonts allows users to view and read text that is not supported by standard means.

Compatible font file types include .ttf or .otf. There is no limit to the number of fonts you are can install on devices and you can remove a font at any time.

Procedure

To install and deploy fonts:

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **Device Settings** > **Apple** > **Install Fonts**.
- 2. Drag and drop a supported font file type (.ttf or .otf) onto the screen.
- 3. Locate the font file and select **Save** to send the font to all devices enrolled in the current organization group.

Cisco QOS Marking for iOS Applications

Apple and Cisco have partnered to deliver a better app and voice experience for iOS devices on corporate networks through Cisco's QOS fast lane network. Workspace ONE UEM allows you to select audio and video applications to receive prioritized data allocations.

With Workspace ONE UEM MDM, customers with the Cisco infrastructure can:

- Activate or Deactivate use of Cisco QoS fast lane network
- Allowlist Applications to benefit from L2 and L3 marking
- Enable Audio and Video traffic for built-in services such as FaceTime and Wi-Fi calling for L2 and L3 marking for traffic sent to Wi-Fi network

To configure Cisco QOS Marking for applications, see Create a Wifi Profile in this guide..

Apple Push Notification Service (APNs)

Apple Push Notification service (APNs) is the MDM protocol created by Apple to manage their devices. It requires the MDM provider to have a valid APNs certificate configured and routes all commands through Apple's central cloud messaging servers.

Initiating an APNs command leads to the following:

- When an iOS device is enrolled, an APNs token is generated that is connected to a specific device. The generated token is known to both Workspace ONE UEM console and the APNs servers.
- Once enrolled, a device always (connectivity permitting) exhibits an active connection to Apple's APNs servers.
- When a command is initiated in the UEM console (such as a profile push or a device lock command), the following steps occur:
 - An entry is stored in the Device Command Queue in the UEM database. The entry contains a specific ID attached to the type of command initiated.
 - The UEM server (either console or device services depending on where the command initiated), reaches out to the APNs servers with the APNs token tied to that specific device.
- The APNs server validates the token and informs the device to connect to the MDM server to receive a command.
- The device connects to the device services server. Upon establishing this connection, the device receives all pending commands from the Device Command Queue.

Apple Push Notification Service (APNs) Certificate

To manage iOS devices, you must first obtain an Apple Push Notification Service (APNs) certificate. An APNs certificate allows the UEM console to communicate securely to Apple devices and report information back to the UEM console.

Per Apple's Enterprise Developer Program, an APNs certificate is valid for one year and then must be renewed. The UEM console sends reminders through Notifications as the expiration date nears. Your current certificate is revoked when you renew from the Apple Development Portal, which prevents device management until you upload the new one. Plan to upload your certificate immediately after it is renewed. Consider using a different certificate for each environment if you use separate production and test environments.

Apple Push Notification Service Workflow

Understand the backend workflow of the Apple Push Notification Service before initiating the MDM

management on Apple devices.

- 1. System Administrator remotely performs MDM actions such as lock device, clear device passcode, device wipe, and break MDM from the UEM console.
 - A notification will be queued in FastLaneAPNsOutBound queue which is picked up by Workspace ONE Messaging Service and sent to APNs server. Later, a command is queued in AWEventLog queue and then picked up by EntityChangeQueueMonitor service. This service queues the command in Workspace ONE Database server.
- 2. The device always has an active connection to APNs. All communication to APNs is inbound and is constantly checking with APNs. The servers let the device know when there's a command waiting for the device by MDM.
- 3. Once the device receives the push notification, it checks-in to the Workspace ONE device services server.
- 4. Device services server checks whether any command is queued for that particular device (based on DeviceID) in the Workspace ONE database server.
- 5. Device services server pulls the command which is already queued for that device from the Workspace ONE database server.
- 6. Device services generates an XML and sends it to the device. Native MDM Agent (MDM profile installed on device) then performs required action on the device.

Device Management

After your devices are enrolled and configured, manage the devices using the Workspace ONE ™ UEM console. The management tools and functions enable you to keep an eye on your devices and remotely perform administrative functions.

You can manage all your devices from the UEM console. The Dashboard is a searchable, customizable view that you can use to filter and find specific devices. This feature makes it easier to perform administrative functions on a particular set of devices. The Device List View displays all the devices currently enrolled in your Workspace ONE UEM environment and their status. The **Device Details** page provides device-specific information such as profiles, apps, Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub version and which version of any applicable OEM service currently installed on the device. You can also perform remote actions on the device from the Device Details page that are platform-specific.

Device Dashboard

As devices are enrolled, you can manage them from the **Device Dashboard** in Workspace ONE UFM.

The **Device Dashboard** provides a high-level view of your entire fleet and allows you to act on individual devices quickly.

You can view graphical representations of relevant device information for your fleet, such as device ownership type, compliance statistics, and platform and OS breakdowns. You can access each set of devices in the presented categories by selecting any of the available data views from the **Device Dashboard**.

From the **List View**, you can take administrative action: send messages, lock devices, delete devices, and change groups associated with the device.

- Security View the top causes of security issues in your device fleet. Selecting any of the
 doughnut charts displays a filtered Device List view comprised of devices affected by the
 selected security issue. If supported by the platform, you can configure a compliance policy
 to act on these devices.
 - Compromised The number and percentage of compromised devices (jailbroken or rooted) in your deployment.
 - No Passcode The number and percentage of devices without a passcode configured for security.
 - Not Encrypted The number and percentage of devices that are not encrypted for security. This reported figure excludes Android SD Card encryption. Only those Android devices lacking disc encryption are reported in the donut graph. Ownership View the total number of devices in each ownership category. Selecting any of the

bar graph segments displays a filtered **Device List** view comprised of devices affected by the selected ownership type.

- Last Seen Overview/Breakdown View the number and percentage of devices that have
 recently communicated with the Workspace ONE UEM MDM server. For example, if several
 devices have not been seen in over 30 days, select the corresponding bar graph to display
 only those devices. You can then select all these filtered devices and send out a query
 command so that the devices can check in.
- Platforms View the total number of devices in each device platform category. Selecting
 any of the graphs displays a filtered Device List view comprised of devices under the
 selected platform.
- Enrollment View the total number of devices in each enrollment category. Selecting any of the graphs displays a filtered Device List view comprised of devices with the selected enrollment status.
- Operating System Breakdown View devices in your fleet based on operating system.
 There are separate charts for each supported OS. Selecting any of the graphs displays a filtered Device List view comprised of devices running the selected OS version.

Device List View

Use the Device List View in Workspace ONE UEM to see a full listing of devices in the currently selected organization group.

Device List View, UEM, Workspace ONE, device list, friendly name, device status



The Last Seen column displays an indicator showing the number of minutes elapsed since the device has checked-in. The indicator is red or green, depending on how long the device is inactive. The default value is 480 minutes (8 hours) but you can customize this by navigating to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > General > Advanced and change the Device Inactivity Timeout (min) value.

Select a device-friendly name in the **General Info** column at any time to open the details page for that device. A **Friendly Name** is the label you assign to a device to help you differentiate devices of the same make and model.

Sort by columns and configure information filters to review activity based on specific information. For example, sort by the **Compliance Status** column to view only devices that are currently out-of-compliance and target only those devices. Search all devices for a friendly name or user name to isolate one device or user.

Customize Device List View Layout

Display the full listing of visible columns in the **Device List** view by selecting the **Layout** button and select the **Custom** option. This view enables you to display or hide Device List columns per your preferences.

There is also an option to apply your customized column view to all administrators at or below the current organization group (OG). For instance, you can hide 'Asset Number' from the **Device List** views of the current OG and of all the OGs underneath.

Once all your customizations are complete, select the **Accept** button to save your column preferences and apply this new column view. You can return to the **Layout** button settings at any time to tweak your column display preferences.

Some notable device list view custom layout columns include the following.

- Android Management
- SSID (Service Set Identifier or Wi-Fi network name)
- Wi-Fi MAC Address
- Wi-Fi IP Address
- Public IP Address

Exporting List View

Select the **Export** button to save an XLSX or CSV(comma-separated values) file of the entire **Device List View** that can be viewed and analyzed with MS Excel. If you have a filter applied to the **Device List View**, the exported listing reflects the filtered results.

Search in Device List View

You can search for a single device for quick access to its information and take remote action on the device

To run a search, navigate to **Devices** > **List View**, select the **Search List** bar and enter a user name, device-friendly name, or other device-identifying element. This action initiates a search across all devices, using your search parameter, within the current organization group and all child groups.

Device List View Action Button Cluster



With one or more devices selected in the Device List View, you can perform common actions with the action button cluster including Query, Send [Message], Lock, and other actions accessed through the **More Actions** button.

Available Device Actions vary by platform, device manufacturer, model, enrollment status, and the specific configuration of your Workspace ONE UEM console.

Remote Assist

You can start a **Remote Assist** session on a single qualifying device allowing you to remotely view the screen and control the device. This feature is ideal for troubleshooting and performing advanced configurations on devices in your fleet.

To use this feature, you must satisfy the following requirements.

- You must own a valid license for Workspace ONE Assist.
- You must be an administrator with a role assigned that includes the appropriate Assist permissions.
- The Assist app must be installed on the device.
 - Supported device platforms:
 - Android
 - iOS
 - macOS
 - Windows 10
 - Windows Mobile

Select the check box to the left of a qualifying device in the **Device List View** and the **Remote Assist** button displays. Select this button to initiate a Remote Assist session.

For more information, see the Workspace ONE Assist guide, available on docs.vmware.com.

Using the Device Details Page for iOS Devices

Use the Device Details page to track detailed device information and quickly access user and device management actions.

You can access the Device Details page by either selecting a device's Friendly Name from the List View page, from one of the available Dashboards or by using any of the available search tools within the UFM console

View Device Information Use the Device Details menu tabs to access specific device information, including:

- Summary View general statistics such as:
 - Compliance
 - Enrollment status
 - Last seen
 - Platform/model/OS
 - Management
 - Supervision

- Activation Lock
- Find My iPhone
- iCloud Backup (use the mouse to hover over iCloud Backup status to see Last Backup status)
- Data protection
- Encryption
- Contact information
- Organization group and smart group
- Phone number (for the devices such as iPhone XS, XR, or XS Max that supports multiple SIM cards including eSIM, displays the phone numbers of all the SIMs associated with the device)
- Serial number, UDID, and asset number
- Power status
- Storage capacity
- Available OS updates (iOS 11 and later devices)
- Physical memory and virtual memory and warranty information

If Apple's Global Service Exchange information is accessible, select the warranty link to see when the status was last updated. Then, use the **Refresh** button to get the latest information

- An enterprise or factory wipe queries an Activation Lock bypass code and then go into wipe pending mode on supervised devices.
- If the Find my iPhone Activation Lock option is enabled for iOS 7+ devices, then a warning will appear when performing a device wipe command on an unsupervised device, notifying you that a device with Activation Lock enabled cannot be reactivated without the original Apple ID and password. This is true even if you perform a full device wipe. For more information, see Activation Lock Overview.
- Compliance Display the status, policy name, date of the previous and forthcoming compliance check and the actions already taken on the device.
- Profiles View all MDM profiles currently installed on a device.
- Apps View the app status, app name, type of the app (whether public or internal), app version and identifier, and the size of the app. For iOS 11.+ devices, the UEM console displays available app updates (whether the installed version is the latest version or if an update is available) and app source (whether the app is installed through the App Store, distributed as a Beta app, signed adhoc by an enterprise account, or managed using a device based VPP license).

Note: Due to the way application status is reported on iOS devices, an application achieves Installed status only after the installation process is fully completed. Which means when the Workspace ONE UEM console queries the device for its application list sample, and if the application is still downloading, then the application returns a status of Installing. On a successful application installation, the device returns the application status as Installed which is marked the same in the Workspace ONE UEM console.

- **Updates** View the iOS updates available for the device including the OS version, product key, build version, last update, download percentage, and progress status.
- **Content** View the status, type, name, priority, deployment, last update, and date and time of views, and provides a toolbar for administrative action (install or delete content).
- Location View current location or location history of a device.
- **User** Access details about the user of a device as well as the status of the other devices enrolled to this user.

The menu tabs below are accessed by selecting More from the main Device Details page:

- **Network** View the current network (Cellular, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth) status of a device. For iOS 12.1 and later devices such as iPhone XS, XR, or XS Max that supports multiple SIMs and eSIM, you can view and track the network status of the SIMs on the UEM console.
- Security View the current security status of a device based on security settings.
- Restrictions View the types of restrictions that currently apply to the device.
- Telecom View all amounts of calls, data and messages sent and received involving the device. Item
 - Notes View and add notes regarding the device. For example, note the shipping status or if the device is in repair and out of commission.
 - **Certificates** Identify device certificates by name and issuant. This tab also provides information about certificate expiration.
 - **Terms of Use** View a list of End User License Agreements (EULAs) which have been accepted during device enrollment.
- Alerts View all alerts associated with the device.
- Books View all internal books on the device.
- Shared Device Log View the history of the shared device including past check-ins and check-outs and status.
- **Restrictions** View all restrictions currently applied to a device. This tab also shows specific restrictions by Device, Apps, Ratings, and Passcode.
- Status History View history of device in relation to enrollment status.
- Targeted Logging View the logs for the Console, Catalog, Device Services, Device
 Management, and Self Service Portal. You must enable Targeted Logging in settings and a
 link is provided for this purpose. You must then select the Create New Log button and select
 a length of time the log is collected.
- **Troubleshooting** View Event Log and Commands logging information. This page features export and search functions, enabling you to perform targets searches and analysis
 - Event Log View detailed debug information and server check-ins, including a Filter by Event Group Type, Date Range, Severity, Module, and Category.

In the Event Log listing, the Event Data column may display hypertext links that open a separate screen with even more detail surrounding the specific event. This information enables you to perform advanced troubleshooting such as determining why a profile fails to install.

- Commands View detailed listing of pending, queued, and completed commands sent to the device. Includes a Filter enabling you to filter commands by Category, Status, and specific Command.
- Attachments Use this storage space on the server for screenshots, documents, display Hub logs sent from the Intelligent Hub, and links for troubleshooting and other purposes without taking up space on the device its

Perform Remote Actions The **More Actions** drop-down on the Device Details page enables you to perform remote actions over-the-air to the selected device. See below for detailed information about each remote action. The actions listed below will vary depending on factors such as device platform, UEM console settings, and enrollment status.

- Query All Send a query command to the device to return a list of installed applications (including Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub, where applicable), books, certificates, device information, profiles, and security measures.
- **Device Information (Query)** Send an MDM query command to the device to return information on the device such as friendly name, platform, model, organization group, operating system version, and ownership status.
- **Security (Query)** Send an MDM query command to the device to return the list of active security measures (device manager, encryption, passcode, certificates, and so on).
- Profiles (Query) Send an MDM query command to the device to return a list of installed device profiles.
- Apps (Query) Send an MDM query command to the device to return a list of installed applications.
- **Certificates (Query)** Send an MDM query command to the device to return a list of installed certificates.
- Clear Passcode (Restrictions Setting) Clear the passcode command clears the login passcode on the device. The device needs to be supervised.
- User Lists (Query) Send a query command to the device to return a list of users who have logged into the device (for shared devices only).
- Lock Device Send an MDM command to lock a selected device, rendering it unusable until
 it is unlocked.
- Lock SSO Lock the device user out of Workspace ONE UEM Container and all participating applications.
- Enterprise Wipe Enterprise Wipe a device to unenroll and remove all managed enterprise resources including applications and profiles. This action cannot be undone and reenrollment is required before Workspace ONE UEM can manage this device again. This device action includes options to prevent future re-enrollment and a Note Description text box for you to add information about the action.
 - Enterprise Wipe is not supported for cloud domain-joined devices.
- **iOS updates** Select individual devices or devices in bulk to send updates to devices that are enrolled through Apple Business Manager.
- Managed Settings Activate or deactivate voice roaming, data roaming, and personal

hotspots.

- Device Wipe Send an MDM command to wipe a device clear of all data and operating system. This puts the device in a state where recovery partition will be needed to reinstall the OS. This action cannot be undone. The recovery partition is only needed on Mac devices and not in iOS devices.
 - iOS Device Wipe Considerations
 - For iOS 11 and below devices, the device wipe command would also wipe the Apple SIM data associated with the devices.
 - For iOS 11+ devices, you have the option to preserve the Apple SIM data plan (if existed on the devices). To do this, select the Preserve Data Plan checkbox on the Device Wipe page before sending the device wipe command.
 - For iOS 11.3+ devices, you have an additional option to activate or deactivate to skip the Proximity Setup screen while sending down the device wipe command. When the option is enabled, the Proximity Setup screen will be skipped in the Setup Assistant and thus preventing the device user from seeing the Proximity Setup option

For more information about troubleshooting device wipes, related permissions, and when device wipe actions appear in the UEM console, refer to the following Workspace ONE UEM Knowledge Base article https://support.workspaceone.com/articles/115012396488.

- Schedule iOS Updates Push an iOS update to a device that is not enrolled through DEP. For more information, see Configure iOS Updates.
- Refresh eSIM Send a query to a carrier eSIM server URL to refresh the active eSIM cellular plan profiles on the device.
- Send Message Send a message to the user of the selected device. Select between Email, Push Notification (through AirWatch Cloud Messaging), and SMS. Push notification requires Airwatch applications like Hub, Boxer etc which must have been launched at least once.
- Find Device Send a text message to the applicable Workspace ONE UEM application together with an audible sound designed to help the user locate a misplaced device. The audible sound options include playing the sound a configurable number of times and the length of the gap, in seconds, between sounds.
- Request Device Check-In Request the selected device to check-in itself in to the UEM console and updates the Last column status. This action also resets the device enrollment to the staging user.
- Sync Device Synchronize the selected device with the UEM console, aligning its Last Seen status.
- Remote View Enable an active stream of the device's output to a destination of your choice, allowing you to see what the user sees as they operate the device. The destination parameters include IP address, port, audio port, password, and scan time.
- Change Organization Group Change the device's home organization group to another existing OG. Includes an option to select a static or dynamic OG.
 - If you want to change the organization group for multiple devices at a time, you must

select devices for the bulk action using the Block selection method (using the shift-key) instead of the Global check box (next to the Last Seen column heading in the device list view).

- Add Tag Assign a customizable tag to a device, which can be used to identify a special device in your fleet.
- Edit Device Edit device information such as Friendly Name, Asset Number, Device Ownership, Device Group Device Category.
- Delete Device Delete and unenroll a device from the console. Sends the enterprise wipe
 command to the device that gets wiped on the next check-in and marks the device as Delete
 In Progress on the console. If the wipe protection is turned off on the device, the issued
 command immediately performs an enterprise wipe and removes the device representation
 in the console.
- Clear Activation Lock Clear the Activation Lock on an iOS device. With the Activation Lock enabled, the user requires an Apple ID and password before taking the following actions: disabling Find My iPhone, factory wipe, and reactivate to use the device.
- **Device Configured** Send this command if a device is stuck in an Awaiting Configuration state.
- Enable/Disable Lost Mode Use this device action to lock a device and send a message, phone number, or text to the lock screen. The device end user cannot deactivate Lost Mode. When an admin deactivates Lost Mode, the device returns to normal functionality. Users receive a message that tells them that the location of the device was shared. (iOS 9.3 + Supervised)
 - Request Device Location Query a device when in Lost Mode and then use the Location tab to find the device. (iOS 9.3 + Supervised)
- Log out user Log out the current user of the device if needed.

Configure and Deploy a Custom Command to a Managed Device

Workspace ONE UEM enables administrators to deploy a custom XML command to managed Apple devices. Custom commands allow more granular control over your devices.

Use custom commands to support device actions that the UEM console does not currently support. Do not use custom commands to send commands that exist in the UEM console as Device Actions. Samples of XML code you can deploy as custom commands at https://github.com/vmware-samples/euc-samples/tree/master/UEM-Samples.

Important: Improperly formed or unsupported commands can impact the usability and performance of managed devices. Test the command on a single device before issuing custom commands in bulk

Procedure

- 1. In the UEM console, navigate to **Devices** > **List View**.
- 2. Select one or more macOS or iOS devices using the check boxes in the left column.
- 3. Select the **More Actions** drop-down and select **Custom Commands**. The **Custom Commands** dialogue box opens.

- 4. Enter the XML code for the action you want to deploy and select **Send** to deploy the command to devices.
- 5. Browse XML code for Custom Commands on the Workspace ONE UEM Knowledge Base at https://github.com/vmware-samples/euc-samples/tree/master/UEM-Samples.

If the Custom Command does not run successfully, delete the command by navigating to **Devices** > **List View**. Select the device to which you assigned the custom command. In the Device Details View, select **More** > **Troubleshooting** > **Commands**. Select the Command you want to remove, and then select **Delete**. The **Delete** option is only available for Custom Commands with a Pending status.

OS Update Management

With the OS update management system, admins can block and require iOS updates on their supervised iOS devices to keep all devices on a common iOS version for a consistent management experience. Maintaining the OS ensures that the device security issues are addressed with minor iOS updates and the devices are always up to date.

OS update management offers an ideal solution for admins to:

- Block end-user devices from detecting new iOS updates released by Apple. For more
 information on configuring the restriction profile to block end-users, refer Restriction Profile
 Configurations in Device Profiles.
- Get information on current available patches/updates available for devices.
- Publish iOS updates to end-user devices.

iOS Update Management Features

The major features available are:

- **Block Update** Configure the device not to detect an update for up to 90 days from the release date of the update by Apple. For more information on configuring the restriction profile to block the updates, refer Restriction Profile Configurations
- List available updates Lists all the available updates from Apple and lists out the devices that are eligible for the respective updates.
- OS Update Action Define the OS update action; download only, install only, or download and install immediately.
- Monitor Display the status of an OS update on assigned devices.

iOS Update Management Prerequisites

Ensure to have the minimum requirements explained in this section before initiating the OS update management on managed devices from the UEM console.

Supported Devices

- Supervised iOS 11.3 and later
- Device must have at least 50 percent battery
- Device must have enough storage space available to download the update
- Device must have a network connection Apple's update servers

Network Requirements

For information on network architecture and its requirements, refer to the **Recommended Architecture** guide.

View the Available iOS Updates

View the snapshot of the list of latest or active iOS updates available from Apple for all your managed and eligible devices.

Navigate to the **Resources** > **Device Updates** > **iOS** tab to view the available OS updates and other related details, including:

- Update Name of the update.
- Version Version of the update.
- Release Date Date when the update is released.
- Expiration Date Date when the update expires.
- Update Status Status of the iOS update if available or not available from Apple.
- Assignments Number of assignments applied to an update.
- Assignment Status Status of the assignments applied to the update such as Assigned, Not Assigned, or Paused.

The list of iOS update details is pulled from the Apple using the Sync Device Updates scheduler job at the specified interval which runs at an interval of 6-24 hours (that pulls data from Apple).

Note: The Update Status shows the OS versions that are not available in https://gdmf.apple.com/v2/pmv. Whenever there is any change in the Expiry Date, the sync job inserts new records or updates the records accordingly. The update becomes unavailable only if the Expiry Date is over. To overcome this issue, the job must be fixed to update the Expiry Date of missing updates to one day less than the job runs so that the updates can be displayed as not available in UEM.

Select an OS Update from the **Device Updates** > **iOS** tab to view additional information. The Details section shows the details of the OS update (such as version details, supported devices and so on). The graphs beneath the Details section, shows:

- Device Readiness Provides information related to the update and the devices enrolled at
 the organization group and below. This includes devices that are eligible to receive the
 update, devices that are not eligible to receive the update (e.g. unsupervised, incompatible
 hardware, etc.), devices that are on higher version, or devices already on the selected
 version.
- **Device Status** Provides information on the status of the iOS update on the assigned, eligible devices. This includes the devices that downloaded the update, installed the update, or failed with a specified error code.
- **Devices** The table shows the status of the iOS updates on eligible and non-eligible devices that are triggered from an assignment.

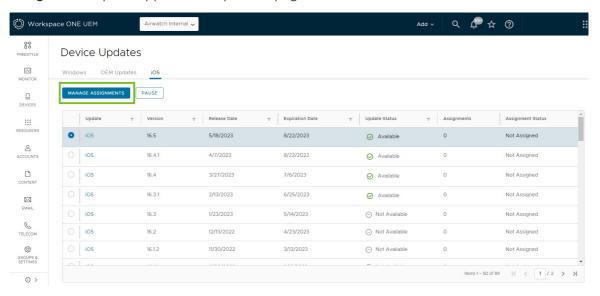
Updates to the devices are assigned using Smart Groups with preferred deployment parameters by selecting **Manage Assignments**. For more information on assignment, refer *Assign OS Updates*.

Assign and Publish iOS Updates

To deploy an OS Update, assign one or more smart groups to an iOS update and publish to the device.

To assign smart groups and deploy the iOS updates:

- 1. Navigate to the **Resources** > **Device Updates** > **iOS** tab.
- 2. Select an iOS Update by selecting the corresponding radio button. The **Manage Assignments** option appears on top of the page.



- 3. Select Manage Assignments for the assignment page to display.
- 4. Select New Assignment under the Assignment section. The Add Assignment page appears.
- 5. In the **Definition** tab, enter the assignment name and select one or more smart groups. Select **Next**.
- 6. In the **Deployment** tab, enter the date and time for the deployment to begin and select one deployment method. The available deployment methods are:

Method	Description
Download and Install	The iOS update gets downloaded and installed on the device.
Download Only	The iOS update only gets downloaded but not installed on the device.
Install Only	The iOS updates gets installed on the device only if it is already downloaded through MDM or manually.

- 7. In the **Notification** tab, activate or deactivate the notification for the successful download or install status and enter the notification text in the **Push Notification** field.
- 8. Select **Save** to publish the iOS update.

When the assignment gets saved for the selected iOS update in the UEM console, any eligble, assigned devices will receive the update command on their next check in. Keep in mind a device may not immediately check in depending on your console's settings. After saving, the status of the iOS update will change to Assigned and the status for assigned devices can be monitored in the

Update Details page.

Note: These settings can be changed at any time after the update has been published.

If devices have multiple iOS update assignments, the deployment settings and iOS version will be evaluated in the following priority:

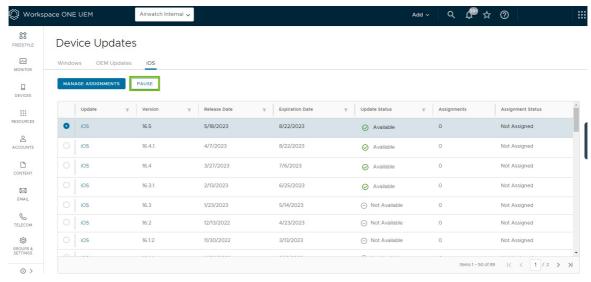
- 1. Newest iOS version (e.g. iOS 13.3 be prioritized over iOS 13.1).
- 2. Closest assignment at or above the Organization Group where the device is enrolled (e.g. if a device is enrolled at a child Organization Group, the device will take the assignment at the child Organization Group rather than any at a parent level. This assumes the assignments are for the same iOS version).
- 3. Highest priority within the assignment selected based on the first two criteria with an ascending priority (e.g. priority of 1 is higher than a priority of 2).

Pause and Unpause iOS Updates

As an admin, you can even pause any updates that have been assigned. This holds any updates that have not been sent to iOS devices until the update is unpaused.

To pause an iOS update:

- 1. Navigate to the **Resources** > **Device Updates** >**iOS** tab.
- 2. Select an assigned iOS update.
- 3. Select the **PAUSE** option at the top of the page.



Note: Pausing does not stop the updates that have already been processed on the device such as already downloading the update. Pause only stops the assigned future downloads of the update.

Monitor iOS Update Assignments

After assigning and publishing iOS updates to devices, the next step is to monitor their deployment.

To see the status of a deployment, select an iOS update from the **Resources** > **Device Updates** > **iOS** tab to view additional information. The Details section shows the details of the iOS update (such

as version details, supported devices and so on). The graphs beneath the Details section are for monitoring and taking action on the assigned devices. Those graphs show:

- Device Readiness Provides information related to the update and the devices enrolled at
 the organization group and below. This includes devices that are eligible to receive the
 update, devices that are not eligible to receive the update (e.g. unsupervised, incompatible
 hardware, etc.), devices that are on higher version, or devices already on the selected
 version.
- Device Status Provides information on the status of the iOS Update on the assigned, eligible devices. This includes the devices that downloaded the update, installed the update, or failed with a specified error code.
- **Devices** The table shows the status of the iOS update on eligible and non-eligible devices that are triggered from an assignment. The values of this table are:

Values	Description
Last Seen	The last time the device communicated back to Workspace ONE UEM.
Device Name	The friendly name of the device.
User	The enrollment user's first and last name assigned to the device.
Status	The most recent status received for this iOS version's update.
Reason	Additional context for the status of an update if it was a failure.
Next Retry	An estimate of when the system retries to send the update to the device when a failure occurs. It can be more frequent than the time listed.

The table is also used to take action on devices for the selected update. The actions include:

- Query Request latest information for the device related to the iOS update.
- Override Trigger a Download and/or Install command for the device. It ignores any
 assignments made for the device previously.

Manage iOS Updates for Individual Devices

Managing iOS Updates can be achieved at an individual device level for a more direct approach to ensure that the latest updates and their functionalities are applied across a managed device. These updates can be deployed and monitored for an individual device by navigating to **Devices** > **List View** > **Select Device** > **Updates**.

Publish iOS Updates for a Device

To publish a specific update to a selected device:

- 1. Select **Updates** tab to view the snapshot of the available OS Updates details.
- 2. Select an OS Update name and then select **Publish**. The **Update** page appears.
- 3. Select the preferred **Device Installation Method**.

Note: Download/Install option for Update Assignments performs either download or install actions based on the status of the OS update on the device.

If the OS update has already been downloaded, then the command installs the OS update. However, if the OS update is not downloaded yet, then the command triggers a download instead. Send the command again after the download is completed to trigger the install.

- 4. Select **Send** to publish the OS Update to the device.
- 5. Select **Query Update Progress** to request the latest status on the update.

Note: This does not impact any iOS updates assigned to the device. Any assignments will continue to be published to devices until they are on or above the assigned iOS version.

Track the Status for iOS Updates

The status for iOS updates are not shown until you schedule an update from the UEM console whether manually publishing or by assigning an update to the device. If an update is downloaded manually on an iOS device, the status of that update will not appear in the **Updates** list view. Once an admin schedules the update, the status on the console is updated. If an update installed manually, this is reflected in the Device Details Summary.

Troubleshooting

All commands and responses can be seen in event data by navigating to **Device Details** \rightarrow **More** \rightarrow **Troubleshooting** tab.

Delay iOS Updates

Admins can delay iOS updates for up to 90 days from when the update is released by Apple using a configuration profile.

To delay an iOS update:

- 1. Navigate to Resources > Profiles & Baselines > Profiles > Add.
- 2. Select Apple > iOS and configure Restrictions settings.
- 3. Select Delay Updates (Days) from the OS Updates Restrictions subsection.
- 4. Restrict Delay Updates and specify the number of days to delay the software update.

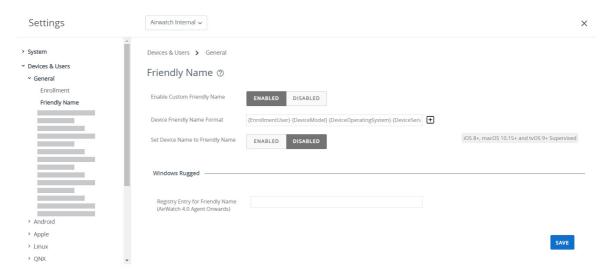
 Number of days range from 1 to 90. The number of days dictate the length of time after the release of the software update and not after the time of installation of the profile

Note: Any managed OS update command will bypass the delay OS updates restriction even if the OS version is within the restriction window of 90 or fewer days. However, if an update is downloaded while a restriction window is active, the update may still not be visible to the user. Once the restriction window expires, the update becomes visible to users.

Set the Device Name for a Supervised iOS Device

Automatically or manually set an iOS 8+ supervised device name to match the Friendly Name in the UEM console. This feature is helpful when performing asset tracking from the device itself. The device name appears when the device is connected to iTunes and it can be edited in iTunes too.

 Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > General > Devices & Users > Friendly Name.



- 2. Select the **Enable Custom Smartphone Friendly Name** to set the device name as the friendly name.
- 3. Enter the **Smartphone Friendly Name Format** by entering the enrollment user, the device model, and device operating system information.
- 4. Select the **Set Device Name to Friendly Name** setting to set this name as the Device Name to match the Friendly Name.
- 5. Select **Save** to update the name.

AppleCare GSX

Apple Global Service Exchange (GSX) allows administrators to look up device details related to the display model name, the device purchase and warranty status directly from the UEM console.

If any devices in an organization group are missing a display model name, then a time scheduler runs periodically to search and update these names using the GSX information that was configured for the devices at that organization group level.

Only authorized Apple employees or organizations that have registered with Apple's Self-Servicing Account Program can access GSX information.

Create a GSX Account

Before you can integrate your deployment, you must create an Apple GSX account. To apply for a GSX account, you must have a service contract with Apple. Contact your Apple Account Executive to learn more about GSX.

To apply for a GSX account, visit http://www.apple.com/support/programs/ssa/.

Obtain an Apple Certificate to Integrate AppleCare GSX

To integrate AppleCare GSX with your Workspace ONE UEM deployment, you must first obtain an Apple certificates and convert them to .p12 format.

For more information, see Obtain an Apple Certificate to Integrate AppleCare GSX.

Configure AppleCare in the UEM console

Once you have obtained and configured an Apple Certificate, you must upload the certificate to the UEM console and configure your AppleCare instance.

For more information, see Configure AppleCare GSX in the UEM console.

Obtain an Apple Certificate to Integrate AppleCare GSX

To integrate AppleCare GSX with your Workspace ONE UEM deployment, you must first obtain an Apple certificate and convert them to .p12 format.

- 1. Generate a certificate signing request (CSR) using OpenSSL or Java Keytool.
- 2. Send the CSR and the following GSX account information to Apple to receive Apple certificates (.pem files).
 - GSX Sold-To account number
 - Primary IT contact name

- Primary IT contact email
- Primary IT contact phone number
- Outgoing static IP address of the server that sends requests to GSX Production

If your environment is hosted on the AW SaaS, refer to https://support.air-watch.com/articles/115001662168 for the IP address. If the IP range for your environment is not listed, please open a support ticket to have our Network Operations team facilitate it.

Apple generates the Apple certificate(.pem) and returns a signed certificate and a chain certificate. For ease of use, rename the files "cert.pem" and "chain.pem" for use in subsequent steps.

You may also receive a file labeled "issuer" that is not needed for this process.

- 3. Convert the Apple certificates to .p12 format.
 - a. Create a .p12 file using the private key and Apple certificates by executing the following command:

```
sudo openssl pkcs12 -export -inkey privatekey.pem -in cert.pem -certfile chain.pem
-out GSX Cert.p12
```

b. The certificate saves as a .p12 file in the location you specified.

If you do not specify a path before the file name when running the conversion command, the file saves to your working directory.

Configure AppleCare GSX in the UEM Console

Once you have obtained and configured an Apple Certificate, you must upload the certificate to the UEM console and configure your AppleCare instance.

Procedure

1. Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > Apple > AppleCare.

To configure a GSX connection with the UEM console, you must have a GSX account with manager-level access, access to web services, and access to coverage and warranty information.

2. Enter GSX settings including:

Setting	Action
GSX User ID	Enter the account user ID.
GSX Password	Enter the account password.
Sold-to Account Number	Enter the 10-digit service account number. This account number can be found in the GSX portal at the bottom of the web page.
Time Zone	Use the drop-down menu to select the appropriate time zone.
Language	Use the drop-down menu to choose a language.

- 3. Select **Save** to complete the integration with AppleCare.
- 4. Navigate to the **List View**, select a device, and use the **More** menu to find AppleCare information in the UEM console.
- 5. Navigate to **Accounts > Administrators** and pull the information from **Details** section.
- 6. In the Add/Edit Admin page, add the GSX User ID and click SAVE.

You can now make GSX API calls.

Shared Devices

Shared Device/Multi-User Device functionality in Workspace ONE UEM ensures that security and authentication are in place for every unique end user. Shared devices can also allow only specific end users to access sensitive information.

Issuing a device to every employee in certain organizations can be expensive. Workspace ONE UEM lets you share a mobile device among end users in two ways: using a single fixed configuration for all end users, or using a unique configuration setting for individual end users.

When administering shared devices, you must first provision the devices with applicable settings and restrictions before deploying them to end users. Once deployed, Workspace ONE UEM uses a simple login or log-out process for shared devices in which end users simply enter their directory services or dedicated credentials to log in. The end-user role determines their level of access to corporate resources such as content, features, and applications. This role ensures the automatic configuration of features and resources that are available after the user logs in.

The login or log-out functions are self-contained within the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub. Self-containment ensures that the enrollment status is never affected, and that the device is managed whether it is in use or not.

Shared Device capabilities are also possible natively on Apple iPads integrated with Apple Business Manager. This functionality called Shared iPads for Business leverages the user's Managed Apple ID for login and does not take place in the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub for login and logout. To know more about configuring Shared iPads for Business with Apple Business Manager and steps to achieve this functionality, see **Shared iPads for Business** in *Introduction to Apple Business Manager Guide* available on docs.vmware.com.

Shared Devices Capabilities

There are basic capabilities surrounding the functionality and security of devices that are shared across multiple users. These capabilities offer compelling reasons to consider shared devices as a cost-effective solution to making the most of enterprise mobility.

Functionality

- Personalize each end-user experience without losing corporate settings.
- Logging in a device configures it with corporate access and specific settings, applications, and content based on the end-user role and organization group (OG).
- Allow for a log in/log out process that is self-contained in the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub or Workspace ONE Access.
- After the end user logs out of the device, the configuration settings of that session are wiped. The device is then ready for login by another end user.

Security

- Provision devices with the shared device settings before providing devices to end users.
- Log in and log out devices without affecting an enrollment in Workspace ONE UEM.
- Authenticate end users during a login with directory services or dedicated Workspace ONE UEM credentials.
- Authenticate end users using Workspace ONE Access.
- Manage devices even when a device is not logged in.

Platforms That Support Shared Devices

The following devices support shared device/multi-user device functionality.

- Android 4.3 or later
- iOS devices with Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub 4.2 or later.
 - For details about logging in and out of shared iOS devices, see the topic Log In and Log Out of Shared iOS Devices in the iOS Platform Guide, available on docs.vmware.com.
- MacOS devices with Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub 2.1 or later.

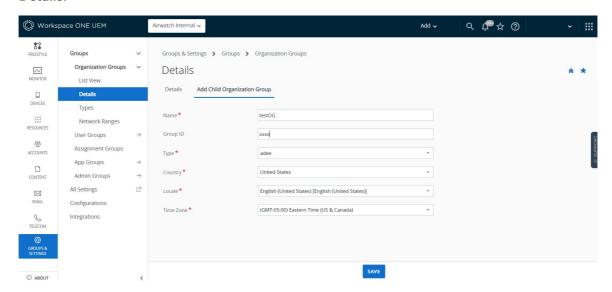
Define the Shared Device Hierarchy

While strictly optional, making an organization group (OG) specific to shared devices offers many benefits due to multi-tenancy and inherited device settings.

If you have a large number of shared devices in your fleet and you want to manage them apart from single user devices, you can make a shared device-specific OG. Making a shared device hierarchy in your OG structure is optional. Features like smart groups and user groups mean you do not have to rely strictly on OG hierarchy design to simplify device management.

However, having a shared device OG (or nested OGs) simplifies device management by enabling you to standardize device functionality through profiles, policies, and device inheritance without the processing overhead required by a smart group or a user group.

Navigate to Groups & Settings > Groups > Organization Groups > Organization Group
 Details.



Here, you can see an OG representing your company.

- 2. Ensure the **Organization Group Details** displayed are accurate, and then use the available settings to make modifications, if necessary. If you make changes, select **Save**.
- 3. Select Add Child Organization Group.
- 4. Enter the following information for the first OG underneath the top-level OG.

Setting	Description
Name	Enter a name for the child organization group (OG) to be displayed. Use alphanumeric characters only. Do not use odd characters.
Group ID	Enter an identifier for the OG for the end users to use during the device login. Group IDs are used during the enrollment of group devices to the appropriate OG.

Ensure that users sharing devices receive the **Group ID** as it might be required for the device to log in depending on your Shared Device configuration. If you are not in an on-premises environment, the Group ID identifies your organization group across the entire shared SaaS environment. For this reason, all Group IDs must be uniquely named.

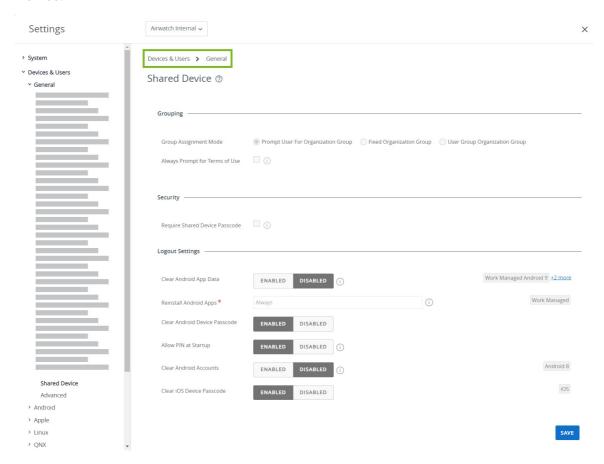
Setting	Description
Name	Enter a name for the child organization group (OG) to be displayed. Use alphanumeric characters only. Do not use odd characters.
GroupID	Enter an identifier for the OG for the end users to use during the device login. Group IDs are used during the enrollment of group devices to the appropriate OG.
	Ensure that users sharing devices receive the Group ID as it might be required for the device to log in depending on your Shared Device configuration.
	If you are not in an on-premises environment, the Group ID identifies your organization group across the entire shared SaaS environment. For this reason, all Group IDs must be uniquely named.
Туре	Select the preconfigured OG type that reflects the category for the child OG.
Country	Select the country where the OG is based.
Locale	Select the language classification for the selected country.
Custome r Industry	This setting is only available when Type is Customer. Select from the list of Customer Industries.
Time Zone	Select the time zone for the OG's location.

- 1. Build out your corporate hierarchical structure by creating more groups and subgroups in the same manner.
 - a. If you are configuring a **Fixed Organization Group**, then ensure that you create the single organization group for end users to log in or log out.
 - b. If you configure **Prompt Users for Organization Group**, then ensure that you have created the multiple OGs for end-user roles for logging in or logging out. For more information, see *Configure Shared Devices*.
- 2. Select Save.

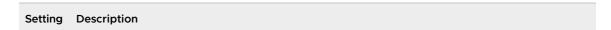
Configure Shared Devices

Similar to single-user device staging, multi-user staging (a "shared device") allows an IT administrator to provision devices to be used by more than one user.

 Navigate to Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > General > Shared Device.



2. Select **Override** and complete the **Grouping** section.



Group Assign ment

Mode

Configure devices in one of three ways:

Select **Prompt User for Organization Group** to have the end user enter a Group ID for an organization group upon login.

With this method, you have the flexibility to provide access to the settings, applications, and content of the organization group entered. Using this approach, an end user is not restricted to accessing only the settings, applications, and content for the organization group to which they are enrolled.

Select **Fixed Organization Group** to limit your managed devices to settings and content applicable to a single organization group.

Each end user who logs in to a device has access to the same settings, applications, and content. This method can be beneficial in a retail use case where employees use shared devices for similar purposes such as checking inventory.

Select **User Group Organization Group** to enable features based on both user groups and organization groups across your hierarchy.

When an end user logs in to a device, they have access to specific settings, applications, and content based on their assigned role within the hierarchy. For example, an end user is a member of the 'Sales' user group, and that user group is mapped to the 'Standard Access' organization group. When that end user logs in to the device, the device is configured with the settings, applications, and content available to the 'Standard Access' organization group.

You can map user groups to organization groups on the UEM console. Navigate to **Groups & Settings > All Settings > Devices & Users > General > Enrollment**. Select the **Grouping** tab and fill in the required details.

Always Promp Prompts the end users to accept your **Terms of Use** agreement before they log in to a device.

t for Terms

of Use

3. Complete the **Security** section, as applicable.

Setting	Description	
Require Shared Device Passcode	(For iOS devices only) Require users to create a Shared Device passcode the Self-Service Portal to check out devices. This passcode is different fro Single Sign On passcode or a device-level passcode.	
Require Special Characters	Require special characters in the shared device passcode, which includes characters such as @, %, &, and so forth.	
Shared Device Passcode Minimum Length	Set the minimum character length of the shared passcode.	
Shared Device Passcode Expiration Time (days)	Set the length of time (in days) the shared passcode expires.	
Keep Shared device Passcode for minimum time (days)	Set the minimum amount of time (in days) the shared device passcode must be changed.	

Setting	Description
Prompt users to change their Shared Device Passcode x (days) before	(For iOS devices only) Set the number of days the user is reminded to change their shared device passcode before it expires.
expiration	For best results, set a value less than the difference between the Expiration
	Time and minimum time you can keep the Shared Device Passcode.
Passcode History	Set the number of passcodes that are remembered by the system, providing a more secure environment by preventing the user from reusing old passcodes.
Auto Logout	Configure an automatic log out after a specific time period.
Auto Logout After	Set the length of time that must elapse before the Auto Log out function activates in Minutes , Hours , or Days .
iOS Single App Mode	Select this check box to configure Single App Mode, which locks the device into a single application when an end user logs in to the device.
	To check out an iOS device in Single App Mode, end users log in using their credentials. When the device is checked in again, it returns to Single App Mode.
	Enabling Single App Mode also deactivates the Home button on the device.
	Note: Single App Mode applies only to Supervised iOS devices.

4. Configure the **Logout Settings**, as applicable.

Setting	Description
Clear Androi d App Data	Clear the app data when the user logs out of a shared device (checks it in).
Reinsta II Androi d Apps	Use the drop-down to select whether to Always reinstall app between users or never reinstall app between users. For Android (Legacy) deployments, you can opt to reinstall app if the Hub cannot clear app data between users.
Clear Androi d Device Passco de	This setting controls whether the current Android device passcode is cleared when the user logs out (checks in) a multi-user shared device.
Allow PIN at Startup	Activate or deactivate Android Secure Startup, which requires an initial PIN entry to boot up the device. If deactivated, users cannot enable Secure Startup during passcode setup. If Secure Startup is already deactivated on the device, the device must be factory reset to enable it. This feature applies only to Android devices that do not have file-based encryption.
Clear iOS Device Passco de	This setting controls whether the current iOS device passcode is cleared when the user logs out (checks in) a multi-user shared device.

5. Select **Save**.

For specific information about provisioning devices for single-user and multi-user device staging, see the topics *Stage a Single-User Device* and *Stage a Multi-User Device* in Self-Enrollment Versus Device Staging.

Log In and Log Out of Shared iOS Devices

You can log in to and out of an iOS device that is shared across multiple users.

- 1. Run the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub on the device.
- 2. Enter the end-user credentials.

If the device is already logged in to Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub, then users are prompted to enter an SSO Passcode. If the device is not logged in, then users are prompted to enter a user name and password. The profiles assigned to each user are pushed down based on the smart group and user group association.

Note: If **Prompt User for Organization Group** is enabled, then end users are required to enter a **Group ID** to log in to a device.

3. Select **Login** and accept the **Terms of Use**.

Note: If prompted for a passcode, users can create one in the Self-Service Portal. These passcodes are subject to an expiration period. As the expiration period nears, the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub prompts users to change the passcode on the device. If users do not a change their passcode before it expires, users must return to the Self-Service Portal to create another passcode.

To log out of an iOS device, run the Workspace ONE Intelligent Hub and select **Log Out** at the bottom.

iOS Functionality Matrix: Supervised vs. Unsupervised

The following table shows all the available iOS profile functionality that you can control using the UEM console and the minimum iOS version that applies.

	·		
Features and Functionality	Does Not Require Supervision	Requires Supervision	OS Notes
Passcode			
Passcode settings	√		-
Wi-Fi			
Wi-Fi settings	✓		-
Auto-Join	✓		iOS 7
Wi-Fi Hotspot 2.0 settings	✓		iOS 7
Proxy settings	✓		iOS 7
QOS Marking Policy	✓		iOS 10
VPN			
VPN settings	✓		-
Per-App VPN	✓		iOS 7
Connect automatically	✓		iOS 7
Email			
Email settings	✓		-
Prevent Moving Messages	✓		iOS 7
Disable recent contact sync	✓		iOS 7
Prevent Use In 3rd Party Apps	✓		iOS 7
Use S/MIME	✓		iOS 7
Exchange ActiveSync			
EAS settings	✓		-
Use S/MIME	✓		iOS 7
Per-Message S/MIME	√		iOS 8

Features and Functionality	Does Not Require Supervision	Requires Supervision	OS Notes
Prevent Moving Messages	✓		iOS 7
Prevent Use In 3rd Party Apps	✓		iOS 7
Disable recent contact sync	✓		iOS 7
Prevent Mail Drop	✓		iOS 9
Default Calling App	✓		iOS 10
LDAP			
LDAP settings	✓		-
CalDAV			
CalDAV settings	✓		-
Subscribed Calendars			
Subscribed Calendar settings	✓		-
CardDAV			
CardDAV settings	1		-
Web Clips			
Web Clip settings	✓		-
Credentials			
Credentials certificate settings	✓		-
SCEP			
SCEP settings for certificate authority	✓		-
Global HTTP Proxy			
Global HTTP Proxy settings		✓	iOS 7
Single App Mode			
Single App Mode – Lock device into a single app		√	iOS 7
Optional settings for "Lock device into a single app"		✓	iOS 7
Autonomous single app mode		✓	iOS 7
Web Content Filter			
Web Content Filter settings (Allowlist, Denylist, Permitted URLs)		✓	iOS 7
Web Content Filtering with 3rd Party Provider		✓	iOS 8
Managed Domains			

Features and Functionality	Does Not Require Supervision	Requires Supervision	OS Notes
Managed Email Domains	✓		iOS 8
Managed Web Domains	✓		iOS 8
Managed Safari Password Domains	✓		iOS 9.3
Network Usage Rules			
Network Usage Rules	✓		iOS 9
macOS Server Accounts			
macOS Server Accounts	✓		iOS 9
Single Sign On			
Single Sign On settings with Kerberos authentication	✓		iOS 7
Single Sign On settings with Renewal certificates	✓		iOS 8
AirPrint			
AirPrint destination settings	✓		iOS 7
AirPlay Mirroring			
AirPlay Destination settings (Allowlist)		✓	iOS 7
AirPlay Passwords	✓		
Access Point			
Advanced Access Point settings	✓		
App Installation Settings			
Silent App Installation		✓ +VPP	
Control Cellular Settings			
Voice Roaming	✓	✓	iOS 7
Data Roaming	✓	✓	iOS 7
Personal Hotspot	✓	✓	iOS 7
Wallpaper Settings			
Set Lock Screen Image		✓	iOS 7
Set Lock Screen Message		✓	iOS 9.3+
Set Home Screen Image		✓	iOS 7
Set Home Screen Layout		✓	iOS 9.3+
Notifications			
Notification settings		✓	iOS 9.3+

Features and Functionality	Does Not Require Supervision	Requires Supervision	OS Notes
Queries and Commands			
Supervised status	✓		iOS 7
Personal Hotspot status	✓		iOS 7
Clear Activation Lock		✓	iOS 7
Clear Restrictions Passcode		✓	iOS 8
Configure iOS Updates		✓	iOS 9
			Prior to iOS 10.3, DEP is also required
Delay iOS Updates		✓	iOS 11.3+
Custom Fonts and Messaging			
Custom Font Installation	✓		iOS 7
Custom Enrollment Messages	✓		iOS 7
Custom MDM Prompts	✓		iOS 7
Activation Lock Warning	1		iOS 7