

# Using the vRealize Orchestrator Plug-In for vRealize Automation 7.2

vRealize Orchestrator 7.2  
vRealize Automation 7.2  
vRealize Automation 7.2



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# Introduction to the VMware vRealize Orchestrator Plug-In for vRealize Automation

1

The VMware vRealize Orchestrator plug-in for vRealize Automation allows interaction between vRealize Orchestrator and vRealize Automation.

You can use the vRealize Automation plug-in to create and run workflows for the following vRealize Automation functions:

- XaaS custom resource and blueprint management
- Catalog item and resource management and requesting
- Entitlement configuration
- Approval policy configuration
- Work item interactions
- vSphere and vCloud Director virtual machine provisioning and post-provisioning actions
- Create, read, update, and delete (CRUD) operations on the vRealize Automation IaaS model

## Role of vRealize Orchestrator with the vRealize Automation Plug-In

You use the Orchestrator client to run and create workflows and access the plug-in API. You can use either the embedded vRealize Orchestrator instance in your vRealize Automation installation, or an external vRealize Orchestrator server.

vRealize Orchestrator powers the vRealize Automation plug-in. vRealize Orchestrator is a development and process-automation platform that provides a library of extensible workflows to manage the VMware cloud stack and third party technologies.

vRealize Orchestrator allows integration with management and administration solutions through its open plug-in architecture.

# Configuring the vRealize Automation Plug-In

# 2

You add vRealize Automation hosts and IaaS hosts to configure the plug-in.

## Configuration Workflows

You can use the workflows in the **Configuration** workflow categories to manage vRealize Automation hosts.

## vRealize Automation Hosts

You can access these workflows from the **Workflows** view of the Orchestrator client, in the **Configuration** subdirectory of the plug-in library.

Workflow Name	Description
Add a vRA host	Adds a vRealize Automation host to the plug-in inventory. For tenant management and administration tasks, you can use the <b>Inventory</b> view to run workflows on each tenant. To use the full function of the plug-in for a tenant, create a dedicated vRealize Automation host for each tenant.
Add a vRA host using component registry	Adds a vRealize Automation host to the plug-in inventory with a Per User Session connection. You must be logged in to the Orchestrator client with the credentials of the vRealize Automation system administrator.  To use this function with an external vRealize Orchestrator server, you must register the Orchestrator server in the vRealize Automation component registry.
Add the IaaS host of a vRA host	Adds the IaaS host of the selected vRealize Automation host to the plug-in inventory.
Remove a vRA host	Removes a vRealize Automation host from the plug-in inventory.
Update a vRA host	Updates a vRealize Automation host in the plug-in inventory.
Validate a vRA host	Validates the vRealize Automation host and the connection to it.

**Note** If your vRealize Orchestrator server is registered in the vRealize Automation component registry, a vRealize Automation host with the name Default is automatically added. The Default host is using Per User Session connection to the default tenant. The embedded Orchestrator server in the vRealize Automation installation is registered in the vRealize Automation component registry by default.

## vRealize Automation IaaS Hosts

You can access these workflows from the **Workflows** view of the Orchestrator client, in the **Infrastructure Administration > Configuration** subdirectory of the plug-in library.

The embedded vRealize Orchestrator server in the vRealize Automation installation is registered in the vRealize Automation component registry by default.

Workflow Name	Description
Add an IaaS host	Adds a vRealize Automation IaaS host to the plug-in inventory. This workflow is functionally the same as Add the IaaS host of a vRA host, but does not require a vRealize Automation host.
Remove an IaaS host	Removes a vRealize Automation IaaS host from the plug-in inventory.
Update an IaaS host	Updates a vRealize Automation IaaS host in the plug-in inventory.
Validate an IaaS host	Validates the vRealize Automation IaaS host and the connection to it.

## Add a vRealize Automation Host

You can run a workflow to add a vRealize Automation host and configure the host connection parameters.

### Procedure

- 1 From the drop-down menu in the Orchestrator client, select **Run** or **Design**.
- 2 Click the **Workflows** view.
- 3 Expand **Library > vRealize Automation > Configuration**.
- 4 Right-click the **Add a vRA host** workflow and select **Start workflow**.
- 5 Enter a unique name for the host in the **Host Name** text box.
- 6 Enter the URL address of the host in the **Host URL** text box.

For example: *https://hostname*.

- 7 Enter the name of the tenant in the **Tenant** text box.

To use the full functionality of the plug-in for a tenant, create a dedicated vRealize Automation host for each tenant.

- 8 Select whether to install the SSL certificates automatically without user confirmation.
- 9 (Optional) To configure the length of time vRealize Orchestrator waits for a connection or response from vRealize Automation, enter timeout intervals in the **Connection timeout (seconds)** and **Operation timeout (seconds)** text boxes.

- 10 Select the type of connection to the host from the **Session mode** drop-down menu.

Option	Actions
<b>Shared Session</b>	Enter the credentials for a vRealize Automation user in the <b>Authentication username</b> and <b>Authentication password</b> text boxes.
<b>Per User Session</b>	<p>Connect using the credentials of the user that is currently logged in. You must be logged in to the Orchestrator client with the credentials of the vRealize Automation system administrator.</p> <p>To use this option with an external vRealize Orchestrator server, you must register the Orchestrator server in the vRealize Automation component registry.</p>

- 11 Click **Submit**.

#### What to do next

Add a vRealize Automation Infrastructure Administration host.

## Add an IaaS Host

You can run a workflow to add the IaaS host of a vRealize Automation host and configure the connection parameters.

#### Procedure

- From the drop-down menu in the Orchestrator client, select **Run** or **Design**.
- Click the **Workflows** view.
- Expand **Library > vRealize Automation > Infrastructure Administration > Configuration**.
- Right-click **Add an IaaS host** and select **Start workflow**.
- Select the vRealize Automation host for which you want to configure an IaaS host from the **vCAC host** drop-down menu.
- Enter a unique name for the host in the **Host Name** text box.
- Enter the URL of the machine on which your Model Manager is installed.  
For example: `https://model_manager_machine.com`.
- To install the SSL certificates, select **Yes**.
- To use a proxy to access your model manager machine, select **Yes**.  
If you select this option, you must provide the proxy host and the proxy port on the following page.
- Click **Next**.
- If you are configuring an explicit proxy, provide the proxy host URL and the port.
- Click **Next**.
- To configure your own timeout values, click **No**.

- 14 (Optional) To configure the length of time vRealize Orchestrator waits for a connection or response from vRealize Automation, enter timeout intervals in the **Connection timeout (seconds)** and **Operation timeout (seconds)** text boxes.
- 15 Click **Next**.
- 16 Select the host's authentication type.

Option	Description
SSO	Select this to use vCenter Single Sign-On.
NTLM	Select this to enable NT LAN Manager (NTLM) protocol-based authentication only if your Active Directory infrastructure relies on NTLM authentication. If you select this option, you must the additional NTLM credentials and authentication options.

- 17 If you selected NTLM, click **Next** and enter the name of the Workstation machine and the NetBIOS domain name.
- 18 Click **Submit**.

# Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Workflows

# 3

The vRealize Automation plug-in workflow library contains workflows that you can use for common tasks such as interacting with the catalog, managing infrastructure, and creating tenants and services.

You can use custom HTTP headers, such as the vRealize Automation specific headers Tasks and Identity, and apply them in the CRUD, provisioning, and post-provisioning workflows.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Remove Operation Restrictions](#)
- [Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Inventory](#)
- [Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Administration Workflows](#)
- [Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Infrastructure Administration Workflows](#)
- [Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Requests Workflows](#)
- [Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Sample Workflows](#)
- [Access the vRealize Automation Plug-In API](#)

## Remove Operation Restrictions

Some create, read, update, and delete operations are restricted beginning with version 7.0. If you used the operations in your workflows in previous versions, they will not work with 7.0 and later. You can update your workflows to the supported operations or you can re-enable the operations that you need.

To re-enable the operations, you must remove the operations that you want to enable from the `operations.properties` file. For a list of the operations in the file, see [Restricted Operations](#).

### Procedure

- 1 From the drop-down menu in vRealize Orchestrator, select **Design**.
- 2 Click the **Resources** view.
- 3 In the resource hierarchy, expand **Library > VCAC > Util**.
- 4 Create a backup and modify the `operations.properties` file.
  - a Right-click `operations.properties` and select **Save to file**.
  - b Save a copy as a backup.

- c Create a new copy and delete the operations that you want to re-enable.
  - d Save the new file.
- 5 Replace the existing file in vRealize Orchestrator.
  - a In vRealize Orchestrator, right-click the **Util** folder and click **Import resources**.
  - b Browse to the new version of the `operations.properties` file and click **Open**.
  - c Click **Replace once** to save your modified version.
- 6 Restart the vRealize Orchestrator server.
- 7 Select the `operations.properties` file and click the **Viewer** tab.
- 8 Verify that the operations that you are enabling are no longer in the file.

The operations that you removed from the file now work in your older workflows.

### What to do next

As you create new workflows, avoid using the restricted operations.

## Restricted Operations

The contents of the `operations.properties` file contains the restricted operations. To re-enable the operation, you must remove it from the file.

The following text is the default version of the `operations.properties` file. To re-enable an operation, see [Remove Operation Restrictions](#).

```
#Blueprints
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineTemplates
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineTemplates
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineTemplates
#Blueprint properties
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineProperties
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineProperties
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineProperties
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@VirtualMachineProperties
#Global profiles
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfiles
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfiles
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfiles
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfiles
#Global profile properties
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfileProperties
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfileProperties
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfileProperties
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@GlobalProfileProperties
#PropertySetXml
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertySetXml
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertySetXml
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertySetXml
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertySetXml
```

```

#Property definitions
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyDefinitions
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyDefinitions
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyDefinitions
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyDefinitions
#Property attributes
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributes
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributes
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributes
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributes
#Property Attribute Types
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributeTypes
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributeTypes
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributeTypes
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@PropertyAttributeTypes
#Control layouts
operation.create=ManagementModelEntities.svc@ControlLayouts
operation.read=ManagementModelEntities.svc@ControlLayouts
operation.update=ManagementModelEntities.svc@ControlLayouts
operation.delete=ManagementModelEntities.svc@ControlLayouts
#Amazon Virtual Machine Templates
operation.create=AmazonWSModelEntities.svc@AmazonVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.read=AmazonWSModelEntities.svc@AmazonVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.update=AmazonWSModelEntities.svc@AmazonVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.delete=AmazonWSModelEntities.svc@AmazonVirtualMachineTemplates
#Openstack Virtual Machine Templates
operation.create=OpenStackModelEntities.svc@OpenstackVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.read=OpenStackModelEntities.svc@OpenstackVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.update=OpenStackModelEntities.svc@OpenstackVirtualMachineTemplates
operation.delete=OpenStackModelEntities.svc@OpenstackVirtualMachineTemplates

```

## Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Inventory

You can use the **Inventory** view to run workflows on vRealize Automation objects.

To display the workflows that are available for an inventory object, navigate to **Tools > User preferences > Inventory** and select the **Use contextual menu in inventory** check box. After the option is enabled, when you right-click an object in the Orchestrator inventory, all available workflows for the object are displayed.

## Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Administration Workflows

You can use the administration workflows to manage vRealize Automation services, tenants, approval policies, entitlements, business groups, catalog items, and Advanced Services components.

Some of the workflows include an input parameter for the vRealize Automation host, vCACCAFE:VCACHost. How you configured the vRealize Automation host connection determines how the roles are applied when a user runs the workflows.

- If you configured the connection as a shared session, the user account for the shared session must have the roles required to run the workflows.

- If you configured the connection as session per user, the each user who runs the workflows must have the required roles, just as they would in the vRealize Automation user interface.

You can find these workflows on the **Workflows** view in the vRealize Orchestrator client, in the **Library > vRealize Automation > Administration** subdirectory.

You can use the workflows in the **Approval Policies** subdirectory to create and manage approval policies.

**Table 3-1. Approval Policies**

Workflow	Description
Activate an approval policy	Activates an approval policy. After you activate an approval policy, it becomes read-only.
Add an approval level	Adds an always required approval level to an approval. You must select specific users and groups for the approvers.
Copy an approval policy	Copies an approval policy.
Create an approval policy	Creates a draft approval policy with no levels or approvers. To create approval levels and designate approvers for your policy, run the Add an approval level workflow.
Deactivate an approval policy	Deactivates an approval policy. You can also delete all existing entitlements associated with the approval policy.
Delete an approval policy	Deletes an approval policy that is in draft state. Active approval policies are read-only.

You can use the workflows in the **Business Groups** subdirectory to create and manage business groups and business group custom properties.

**Table 3-2. Business Groups**

Workflow	Description
Add a custom property	Adds a custom property to a business group.
Create a business group	Creates a business group.
Delete a business group	Deletes a business group.
Delete a custom property	Removes a custom property from a business group.
Update a business group	Updates details for a business group, such as default machine prefix, active directory containers, and user roles.
Update a custom property	Updates a custom property for a business group.

The Administration subdirectory includes a **Business Groups (Deprecated)** subdirectory that works with versions before vRealize Automation 7.0. Use the workflows with the same name in the main folder.

You can use the workflows in the **Catalog Items** subdirectory to manage catalog items.

**Table 3-3. Catalog Items**

Workflow	Description
Activate a catalog item	Activates a catalog item. You must activate and assign a catalog item to a service before users can request it.
Assign a catalog item to a service	Assigns a catalog item to a service. You must activate and assign a catalog item to a service before users can request it.
Deactivate a catalog item	Deactivates a catalog item and removes it from the service catalog so that users cannot request it.

You can use the workflows in the **Composite Blueprint** subdirectory to manage composite blueprints create in the design canvas.

**Table 3-4. Composite Blueprint**

Workflow	Description
Delete a composite blueprint	Delete an unpublished blueprint form the Design blueprints list.
Import a composite blueprint	Import a composite blueprint from a YAML file.
Publish a composite blueprint	Publish a composite blueprint that is in a draft state.
Unpublish a composite blueprint	Unpublish a published composite blueprint.

The **Content** subdirectory workflows are deprecated. Use Cloud Client to perform the import and export actions. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient>.

**Table 3-5. Content**

Workflow	Description
Export content (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client to perform the import and export actions. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .
Import content (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client to perform the import and export actions. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .
Transfer content (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client to perform the import and export actions. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .
Validate content (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client to perform the import and export actions. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .

You can use the workflows in the **Entitlements** subdirectory to create and manage entitlements.

**Table 3-6. Entitlements**

Workflow	Description
Activate an entitlement	Activates an entitlement.
Assign catalog items to an entitlement	Assigns one or more catalog items to an entitlement. You can also use this workflow to assign an approval policy.

**Table 3-6. Entitlements (Continued)**

Workflow	Description
Assign immediate actions to an entitlement	Assigns one or more immediate actions to an entitlement. The immediate actions do not create requests.
Assign resource actions to an entitlement	Assigns one or more resource actions to an entitlement. You can also use this workflow to assign an approval policy.
Assign services to an entitlement	Assigns one or more services to an entitlement. You can also use this workflow to assign an approval policy.
Assign users and groups to an entitlement	Assigns one or more users or groups to an entitlement.
Create an entitlement (deprecated)	Creates an entitlement. Use Create and entitlement for subtenant.
Create an entitlement for subtenant	Creates an entitlement.
Deactivate an entitlement	Deactivates an entitlement.
Unassign users and groups from an entitlement	Remove users and groups from the list of users for an entitlement.

You can use the workflows in the **Properties** subdirectory to manage property definitions and property groups. To avoid conflict with vRealize Automation properties, use a prefix such as a company or feature name followed by a dot for all custom property names.

**Table 3-7. Property Definitions**

Workflow	Description
Create property definition	Creates a custom property.
Delete property definition	Deletes a custom property.

Property groups are collections of property definitions.

**Table 3-8. Property Groups**

Workflow	Description
Add property to group	Adds a defined custom property to a group.
Create property group	Creates a property group to which you can add defined custom properties.
Delete property group	Deletes the property group.
Remove properties from group	Removes a defined custom property from a property group.
Update property group	Modifies the name or description of the property group.
Update property in group	Modifies the name, value, and behavior of the property in the property group.

You can use the workflows in the **Services** subdirectory to manage services.

**Table 3-9. Services**

Workflow	Description
Activate a service	Activates a service.
Assign catalog items to a service	Assigns one or more catalog items to a service.
Copy a service	Copies a service.
Create a service	Creates a service.
Deactivate a service	Deactivates a service.
Delete a service	Deletes a service.

You can use the workflows in the **Tenants** subdirectory to create and manage tenants.

The identify store workflows are deprecated. The replacement workflows work with the changes to vRealize Automation for the Directories Management API.

**Table 3-10. Tenants**

Workflow	Description
Add administrators	Adds one or more tenant administrators and infrastructure administrators to a tenant.
Add an identity store to a tenant	Adds an identity store to a tenant of a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a system administrator configuring a tenant.
Add an identity store to a tenant (Deprecated)	Use the Add an identity store to a tenant workflow.
Add an identity store to a vCAC host	Adds an identity store to a tenant that is configured as a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a tenant administrator configuring an identity store for your tenant.
Add an identity store to a vCAC host (Deprecated)	Use the Add an identity store to a vCAC host workflow.
Create a tenant	Creates a tenant. You must select the vRealize Automation host added with the system administrator credentials.
Delete an identity store from a tenant	Deletes an identity store from a tenant of a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a system administrator configuring a tenant.
Delete an identity store from a vCAC host	Deletes an identity store from a tenant that is configured as a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a tenant administrator configuring identity stores for your tenant.
Delete a tenant	Deletes a tenant.
Remove administrators	Removes one or more tenant administrators and infrastructure administrators from a tenant.
Update an identity store for a tenant	Updates an existing identity store for a tenant of a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a system administrator configuring a tenant.
Update an identity store for a tenant (Deprecated)	Use the Update an identity store for a tenant workflow.

**Table 3-10. Tenants (Continued)**

Workflow	Description
Update an identity store for a vCAC host	Updates an identity store for a tenant that is configured as a vRealize Automation host. You can run this workflow only if you are a tenant administrator configuring identity stores for your tenant.
Update an identity store for a vCAC host (Deprecated)	Use the Update an identity store for a vCAC host workflow.
Update a tenant	Updates the name, description, and contact email address of an existing tenant.

You can use the workflows in the **Workflow Subscriptions** subdirectory to manage the event workflow subscriptions.

**Table 3-11. Workflow Subscriptions**

Workflow	Description
Delete a workflow subscription	Delete an unpublished workflow subscription. This workflow applies to system and tenant workflow subscriptions.
Export system workflow subscription	Export a system workflow subscription and save it as a vRealize Orchestrator resource element in a JSON format. A system workflow subscription is a specialized workflow subscription that reacts to system events and to events in all the tenants.
Export tenant workflow subscription	Export a tenant workflow subscription and save it as a resource element in a JSON format. A specialized workflow subscription that runs tenant-specific workflows.
Import system workflow subscription	Import a system workflow subscription from a JSON file. System workflow subscriptions are triggered for system events and can be across tenants.
Import tenant workflow subscription	Import an exported workflow subscription from a JSON file. These workflow subscriptions are tenant-specific.
Publish a workflow subscription	Publish a workflow subscription that was in a draft or unpublished state. This workflow applies to system and tenant workflow subscriptions.
Register a system workflow subscription	Create a system workflow subscription, including timeout and priority values.
Register a tenant workflow subscription	Create a tenant-specific workflow subscription, including timeout and priority values.
Unpublish a workflow subscription	Unpublish a published workflow subscription. This workflow applies to system and tenant workflow subscriptions.
Update a workflow subscription	Change the name, description, vRealize Orchestrator workflow, subscription conditions, timeout value, status value, and priority value. You cannot update the event topic or blocking state.

You can use the workflows in the **XaaS Custom Resources** subdirectory to create and delete XaaS custom resources.

**Table 3-12. XaaS Custom Resources**

Workflow	Description
Create custom resource	Creates a custom resource.
Delete custom resource	Removes a custom resource.

You can use the workflows in the **XaaS Resource Actions** subdirectory to create and manage XaaS resource actions.

**Table 3-13. XaaS Resource Actions**

Workflow	Description
Clone resource action	Creates a copy of an existing resource action.
Create resource action	Creates a resource action.
Delete resource action	Deletes a resource action.
Publish resource action	Publishes a resource action.
Unpublish resource action	Unpublishes a resource action.

You can use the workflows in the **XaaS Resource Mappings** subdirectory to create and manage XaaS mappings to non-XaaS resources.

**Table 3-14. XaaS Resource Mappings**

Workflow	Description
Create a resource mapping	Map a catalog resource type to a vRealize Orchestrator type.
Delete a resource mapping	Delete a resource mapping.
Set a target criteria	Specify the conditions that determine the availability of the resource mapping.

You can use the workflows in the **XaaS Server Configuration** subdirectory to manage the target Orchestrator instance.

**Table 3-15. XaaS Server Configuration**

Workflow	Description
Update Orchestrator server configuration	Modify the server settings, including port, host, user name, and password.
Validate Orchestrator server configuration	Verifies that the vRealize Orchestrator settings are valid. The workflow returns a value of TRUE if the configuration is valid, and FALSE if the configuration is not valid.

You can use the workflows in the **XaaS Service Blueprints** subdirectory to create and manage XaaS blueprints.

**Table 3-16. XaaS Blueprints**

<b>Workflow</b>	<b>Description</b>
Clone a service blueprint	Creates a copy of a service blueprint.
Create a service blueprint	Creates a service blueprint.
Delete a service blueprint	Deletes a service blueprint.
Publish a service blueprint	Publishes a service blueprint.
Unpublish a service blueprint	Unpublishes a service blueprint.

## Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Infrastructure Administration Workflows

You can use the infrastructure administration workflows to run basic operations. You use the extensibility package to customize vRealize Automation with the ability to call vRealize Orchestrator workflows either as part of the provisioning process, or by using custom operation menus.

You can find the infrastructure administration workflows on the **Workflows** view of the Orchestrator client, in the **Infrastructure Administration** subdirectory of the plug-in library.

You can use the infrastructure administration workflows to provision virtual machines and run basic create, read, update, or delete operations.

**Table 3-17. Infrastructure Administration**

Workflow Name	Description
Await virtual machine state change	<p>Awaits a state change for a set of virtual machines. If all virtual machines are in the success state, a trigger is called and the workflow ends successfully. If any of the specified virtual machines gets into the fail state, or does not exist, the workflow fails. You must enter the success and fail states selecting from the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Requested</li> <li>■ AwaitingApproval</li> <li>■ RegisterMachine</li> <li>■ BuildingMachine</li> <li>■ AddingDisks</li> <li>■ MachineProvisioned</li> <li>■ MachineActivated</li> <li>■ InstallTools (VMware only)</li> <li>■ On</li> <li>■ Off</li> <li>■ TurningOn</li> <li>■ TurningOff</li> <li>■ ShuttingDown</li> <li>■ Suspending</li> <li>■ Resetting</li> <li>■ Rebooting</li> <li>■ Expired</li> <li>■ DeactivateMachine</li> <li>■ UnprovisionMachine</li> <li>■ Disposing</li> <li>■ Finalized</li> </ul>
Create an IaaS model entity	Creates and persists an entity for a specified vRealize Automation model.
Delete an IaaS model entity	Deletes a specified vRealize Automation model entity.
Invoke a post-provisioning action (deprecated)	Use the Request a resource action workflow.
Provision a virtual machine from a blueprint (removed in vRealize Automation 7.0)	Replaced by Request a catalog item or Request a catalog item with provisioning request.
Read an IaaS entity by custom filter	Reads a list of vRealize Automation entities by using a custom filter. If you do not specify a filter, all entities are returned as a result.
Read an IaaS entity by system query	Reads a list of vRealize Automation entities by using OData system filters. The system filters apply to the OData URI convention.
Read an IaaS model entity	Reads a vRealize Automation model entity by its ID.
Update an IaaS model entity	Updates a vRealize Automation model entity by its ID.

You use the workflows in the **Extensibility** subdirectory to customize vRealize Automation with the ability to call vRealize Orchestrator workflows either as part of the provisioning process, or by custom operation menus.

The subdirectory also includes workflows for managing IaaS credentials, endpoints, enterprise groups, machine prefixes, and other entities.

**Table 3-18. Extensibility**

Workflow Name	Description
Install vCO customization	Installs an Orchestrator customization, including customized state change workflows and menu operations workflows.
Uninstall vCO customization	Uninstalls an Orchestrator customization, including customized state change workflows and menu operations workflows.
Change reservation of an IaaS Virtual Machine	Changes the attributes, such as reservations and business groups, of a managed virtual machine.
Import an IaaS Virtual Machine (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .
Import vCenter Virtual Machine (deprecated)	Use Cloud Client. The Cloud Client download and documentation are available at the <a href="https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient">https://developercenter.vmware.com/tool/cloudclient</a> .
Unregister virtual machine (removed in vRealize Automation 7.0)	No replacement workflow is provided.
Assign a menu operation to a blueprint and its virtual machines (Deprecated)	Adds or updates a menu operation on virtual machines. Alternative non-deprecated workflows include Assign resource actions to an entitlement and Import a composite blueprint.
Assign a menu operation to virtual machines (Deprecated)	Updates a vRealize Automation model entity by its ID. Alternative non-deprecated workflows include Assign resource actions to an entitlement and Import a composite blueprint.
Assign a state change workflow to a blueprint and its virtual machines (Deprecated)	Replaced by event broker subscriptions in vRealize Automation.
Customize a menu operation (removed in vRealize Automation 7.0)	No replacement workflow is provided.
Remove a menu operation from a blueprint and its virtual machines (removed in vRealize Automation 7.0)	No replacement workflow is provided.
Remove a state change workflow from a blueprint and its virtual machines	Removes a state change workflow from a blueprint and its virtual machines.

## Create a vRealize Automation IaaS Model Entity

You can run a workflow to create a simple or complex vRealize Automation IaaS entity, such as a virtual machine reference to a user.

### Procedure

- 1 From the drop-down menu in the Orchestrator client, select **Run** or **Design**.
- 2 Click the **Workflows** view.

- 3 Expand **Library > vRealize Automation > Infrastructure Administration**.
- 4 Right-click the **Create an IaaS model entity** workflow and select **Start workflow**.
- 5 Select a vRealize Automation host.
- 6 Enter the name of the model in the **Model name** text box.
- 7 Enter the name of the entity set, in the **Entity set name** text box.

You use scripting or a REST API to set the Simple properties, Links to complex properties, and HTTP headers properties.

- 8 Click **Submit** to run the workflow.

## Read a vRealize Automation IaaS Model Entity

You can run a workflow to read a vRealize Automation IaaS model entity.

### Procedure

- 1 From the drop-down menu in the Orchestrator client, select **Run** or **Design**.
- 2 Click the **Workflows** view.
- 3 Expand **Library > vRealize Automation > Infrastructure Administration**.
- 4 Right-click **Read an IaaS model entity** and select **Start workflow**.
- 5 Select a vRealize Automation host.
- 6 Enter the name of the model in the **Model name** text box.
- 7 Enter the name of the entity set, in the **Entity set name** text box.

You use scripting or a REST API to set the HTTP headers property.

- 8 Click **Submit** to run the workflow.

## Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Requests Workflows

You can use the requests workflows to request catalog items and resource actions, and to complete or cancel work items.

A work item requires user input or action. For example, a workflow interaction, approval action, or responding to a reclamation request.

You can access these workflows from the **Workflows** view of the vRealize Orchestrator client, in the **Requests** subdirectory of the plug-in library.

Workflow	Description
Cancel a work item	Cancels an active work item. You can use this workflow only if you are a system administrator.
Complete a work item	Finishes a work item based on provided user input.

Workflow	Description
Request a catalog item	Requests a catalog item for the user running the workflow. If you need a workflow to request a composite blueprint, use the Request a catalog with provisioning request workflow.
Request a catalog item on behalf of a user	Sends a request for a catalog item on behalf of a user. You can use this workflow only for catalog items entitled to both you and the user on behalf of whom you are sending the request.
Request a catalog with provisioning request	Requests a composite blueprint as a catalog item for the user running the workflow. If you are providing customized input to the request, you must customize the workflow. Use this workflow for composite blueprints.
Request a resource action	Requests a resource action for a catalog item owned by the user running the workflow.
Request a resource action on behalf of a user	Sends a request for a resource action on behalf of a user. You can use this workflow only for resource actions entitled to both you and the user on behalf of whom you are sending the request.
Request a resource action with a request template	Requests a resource action that includes complex parameters. The best practice is to duplicate the workflow and then customize it for the action. You can use the workflow to pass complex parameters or hidden parameters that you do not want to appear on the request form. One of the primary applications of this workflow is to customize the IaaS reconfigure virtual machine action.
Wait for a catalog item request	Waits for a catalog item request to finish.
Wait for a resource action request	Waits for a resource action request to finish.
Wait for a work item	Waits for a work item to finish.

## Using the vRealize Automation Plug-In Sample Workflows

You can use the sample workflows as examples, or as starting points for creating your own custom workflows.

You can find these workflows on the **Workflows** view of the vRealize Orchestrator client, in the **Sample** subdirectory of the plug-in library.

Workflow Name	Description
Create a permission	Provides a sample script that interacts with the authorization client and the permission service to create a permission in vRealize Automation.
Create a tenant	Creates a tenant with the same vRealize Automation host and Active Directory configuration as the default tenant. To run this workflow, select the vRealize Automation host that was added with your system administrator credentials. You can change the Active Directory settings before running the workflow.
List catalog items	Returns a list of catalog items for the selected tenant.
Print catalog item provisioning request as JSON	Retrieves the default request form for a catalog item and adds it to the console log in JSON format. You can use the data to customize a provisioning request. You can use the information to modify the <b>Request a catalog item with a provisioning request</b> workflow.

## Access the vRealize Automation Plug-In API

Orchestrator provides an API Explorer to allow you to search the vRealize Automation plug-in API and see the documentation for JavaScript objects that you can use in scripted elements.

For updated vRealize Automation API documentation, see <https://www.vmware.com/support/pubs/vcac-pubs.html>.

### Procedure

- 1 Log in to the Orchestrator client as an administrator.
- 2 Select **Tools > API Explorer**.
- 3 Double-click the **VCAC** and **VCACCAFE** modules in the left pane to expand the hierarchical list of vRealize Automation plug-in API objects.

### What to do next

You can copy code from API elements and paste it into scripting boxes. For more information about API scripting, see *Developing with VMware vRealize Orchestrator*.

For additional information about development best practices, see [vRealize Orchestrator Documentation](#).

# Example vRealize Automation Plug-In Scripts

# 4

You can cut, paste, and edit the JavaScript examples provided to develop your own custom scripts for automating vRealize Automation tasks.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [CRUD Infrastructure Administration Tasks Example Scripts](#)
- [Finding vRealize Automation Entities Example Scripts](#)
- [Get a Resource Provisioned by vRealize Automation Example Script](#)
- [Common Tasks Example Scripts](#)

## CRUD Infrastructure Administration Tasks Example Scripts

You can cut, paste, and edit the JavaScript examples to write scripts for CRUD vRealize Automation tasks.

For more information about scripting in vRealize Orchestrator, see *Developing with VMware vRealize Orchestrator*.

### Example: Create a vRealize Automation Model Entity

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Defines the model name and the entity set name.
- 2 Defines the properties of the host prefix.
- 3 Saves the host prefix entity.
- 4 Defines the properties of the provisioning group.
- 5 Defines the provisioning group as a link.
- 6 Saves the provisioning group entity, by linking it with the host name prefix.

**Table 4-1. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCAC:VcacHost

```

var modelName = 'ManagementModelEntities.svc';
var entitySetName = 'HostNamePrefixes';
var links = null;
var headers = null;
//Create properties for prefix entity
var prefixInputProperties = {
  MachinePrefix:'test-prefix',
  NextMachineNo:1,
  MachineNumberLength:3
};
//Save the prefix
var prefixEntity = vCACEntityManager
  .createModelEntity(host.id, modelName, entitySetName, prefixInputProperties, links, headers);
entitySetName = 'ProvisioningGroups';
//Create properties for the provisioning group entity
inputProperties = {
  GroupName:'TestGroupName',
  GroupDescription:'This group was generated with a vCO workflow',
  AdministratorEmail:'test@test.com',
  AdContainer:'AD',
  IsTestGroup:false,
  Flags:2,
  GroupType:1};
//Add a reference to the newly created prefix entity
links = {
  HostNamePrefix:prefixEntity
};
//Save the provisioning group
var entity = vCACEntityManager.createModelEntity(host.id, modelName, entitySetName, inputProperties,
links, headers);

```

## Example: Update a vRealize Automation Model Entity

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Gets the host ID from the provided entity.
- 2 Gets the model name from the provided entity.
- 3 Gets the entity set name from the provided entity.
- 4 Gets the entity ID from the provided entity.
- 5 Defines a set of properties that will be updated.
- 6 Starts the action responsible for updating the entity.

**Table 4-2. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
entity	vCAC:Entity
updatedDescription	String

```

var hostId = entity.hostId;
var modelName = entity.modelName;
var entitySetName = entity.entitySetName;
var entityIdString = entity.keyString;
var links = null;
var headers = null;
var updateProperties = new Properties();
updateProperties.put("UserNameDescription", updatedDescription);
//Update the user description
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcac")
    .updateVCACEntity(hostId, modelName, entitySetName, entityIdString, updateProperties, links,
headers);

```

## Example: Read a vRealize Automation Model Entity

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Defines the model name and the entity set name.
- 2 Defines the blueprint ID with a property object.
- 3 Reads the entity.

**Table 4-3. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCAC:VcacHost
blueprintID	String

```

var modelName = 'ManagementModelEntities.svc';
var entitySetName = 'VirtualMachineTemplates';
var links = null;
var headers = null;
//Create properties for the prefix entity
var blueprintId = {
    VirtualMachineTemplateID:blueprintId,
};
//Read the blueprint
var entity = vCACEntityManager
    .readModelEntity(host.id, modelName, entitySetName, blueprintId, headers);

```

## Example: Delete a vRealize Automation Model Entity

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Gets the host ID from the provided entity.
- 2 Gets the model name from the provided entity.
- 3 Gets the entity set name from the provided entity.
- 4 Gets the entity ID from the provided entity.
- 5 Starts the action responsible for deleting the entity.

**Table 4-4. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
entity	vCAC:Entity

```
var hostId = entity.hostId;
var modelName = entity.modelName;
var entitySetName = entity.entitySetName;
var entityKeyString = entity.keyString;
var headers = null;
//Delete the entity
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcac")
    .deleteVCACEntity(hostId, modelName, entitySetName, entityKeyString, headers);
```

## Example: Read a vRealize Automation Entity by Custom Filter

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Defines the model name and the entity set name.
- 2 Defines the properties by which the entities are filtered.
- 3 Reads a list of entities.

**Table 4-5. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCAC:VcacHost
templateName	String

```
var modelName = 'ManagementModelEntities.svc';
var entitySetName = 'VirtualMachineTemplates';
var headers = null;
//Create properties for prefix entity
var properties = {
    VirtualMachineTemplateName:templateName,
```

```
};
//Read a list of entities
var entities = vCACEntityManager
    .readModelEntitiesByCustomFilter(host.id, modelName, entitySetName, properties, headers);
```

## Example: Read a vRealize Automation Entity by System Query

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Defines the model name and the entity set name.
- 2 Defines the system queries by which the entities are filtered and selects the top ten results of all virtual machines, filtered by the machine state and component flag.
- 3 Reads a list of entities.

**Table 4-6. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCAC:VcacHost

```
var modelName = 'ManagementModelEntities.svc';
var entitySetName = 'VirtualMachines';
var filter = "VirtualMachineState eq 'Off' and IsComponent eq true";
var orderBy = 'VirtualMachineName asc';
var top = 10; {
var skip = 0;
var headers = null;
var select = null;
var entities = vCACEntityManager
    readModelEntitiesBySystemQuery(host.id, modelName, entitySetName, filter, orderBy, select, top,
    skip, headers);
```

## Finding vRealize Automation Entities Example Scripts

You can cut, paste, and edit the JavaScript examples to write scripts for finding vRealize Automation entities by using the vCACCAFEEntitiesFinder scripting utility object.

For more information about scripting in vRealize Orchestrator, see *Developing with VMware vRealize Orchestrator*.

## Example: Find Catalog Resources Filtered by Name

**Table 4-7. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCACCAFE:VcacHost

You can use one the following examples:

- This example script gets all catalog resources for the target host matching the query of *name\_of\_the\_resource* by name and description.

```
var items = vCACCAFEEntitiesFinder.findCatalogResources(host, "name_of_the_resource");
```

- This example script performs the following actions:
  - a Gets the Consumer Resource service and invokes the get method passing as a Pageable parameter an instance of the vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest object.
  - b Creates the vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest object by providing an OData query as a single filter of the name attribute matching the *name\_of\_the\_resource* string.

```
var service = host.createCatalogClient().getCatalogConsumerResourceService();

var filter = new Array();
filter[0] = vCACCAFEFILTERParam.equal("name", vCACCAFEFILTERParam.string("name_of_the_resource"));
var query = vCACCAFEOdataQuery.query().addFilter(filter);

var items = service.getResourcesList(new vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest(query));
```

## Example: Find Catalog Resources Filtered by Owner

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Gets the Consumer Resource service and invokes the get method passing as a Pageable parameter an instance of the vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest object.
- 2 Creates the vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest object by providing an OData query as a single filter of the owner/ref attribute matching the *user@domain.com* string.

The owners/ref attribute is a composition based on the internal structure and fields of the catalog resources. The vCACCAFECatalogResource entity has the owners attribute, which is a collection of vCACCAFECatalogPrincipal entities. The vCACCAFECatalogPrincipal entity has the ref property, which is a string representation of the principal id of the user.

```
var filter = new Array();
filter[0] = vCACCAFEFILTERParam.substringOf("owners/ref",
vCACCAFEFILTERParam.string("user@domain.com"));
var query = vCACCAFEOdataQuery.query().addFilter(filter);

var items = service.getResourcesList(new vCACCAFEPageOdataRequest(query));
```

## Example: Find Catalog Resources Filtered by Name and Owner

This example script combines the OData queries from the previous two examples into a single one condition by using the `vCACCAFEFilterParam.and(array of conditions)` logic operator.

```
var conditions = new Array();
conditions[0] = vCACCAFEFilterParam.equal("name",
vCACCAFEFilterParam.string("name_of_the_resource_here"));
conditions[1] = vCACCAFEFilterParam.substringOf("owners/ref",
vCACCAFEFilterParam.string("user@domain.com"));

var filter = new Array();
filter[0] = vCACCAFEFilterParam.and(conditions);
var query = vCACCAFE0dataQuery.query().addFilter(filter);

var items = service.getResourcesList(new vCACCAFEPage0dataRequest(query));
```

You can define other conditions by using different logic operators such as `vCACCAFEFilterParam.group(array of parameters)`, `vCACCAFEFilterParam.not(parameter)`, `vCACCAFEFilterParam.startsWith(id, string)`, `vCACCAFEFilterParam.endsWith(id, string)`, `vCACCAFEFilterParam.greaterThan(id, number)`, `vCACCAFEFilterParam.lessThan(id, number)`, and so on.

## Get a Resource Provisioned by vRealize Automation Example Script

You can cut, paste, and edit the JavaScript example to write scripts for retrieving the actual entities of vRealize Automation provisioned resources.

The `CatalogResource` type represents the provisioned resources in vRealize Automation. This type has an attribute of `ProviderBinding` type which represents the relation between the catalog resource and its provider with the following attributes:

- `bindingId` - represents the identifier of the entity which is unique for the provider
- `providerRef` - identifies the catalog provider which corresponds directly to a service registered in the vRealize Automation component registry

For more information about scripting in vRealize Orchestrator, see *Developing with VMware vRealize Orchestrator*.

## Example: Get a Virtual Machine Provisioned as a vRealize Automation Catalog Resource

This example uses a vRealize Automation host and its IaaS host as input parameters and, for a provided resource id, returns the corresponding IaaS virtual machine. The scripting code takes only catalog resources of `Virtual Machine` type that are provisioned by the `iaas-service` provider.

**Table 4-8. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
vcacHost	vCACCAFE:VCACHost
iaasHost	vCAC:VCACHost

```
// Id of the catalog resource (or vCACCAFECatalogResource_instance.getId())
var resourceId = "c222629c-6f90-4458-8c92-8ece0ba06173";

var resource = vCACCAFEEntitiesFinder.getCatalogResource(vcacHost, resourceId);

var resourceType = resource.getResourceTypeRef().getLabel();
System.log("resource type: " + resourceType);

var providerBinding = resource.getProviderBinding();

var bindingId = providerBinding.getBindingId();
System.log("provider binding id: " + bindingId);

var provider = providerBinding.getProviderRef();
System.log("provider id: " + provider.getId());
System.log("provider name: " + provider.getLabel());

if ((resourceType == "Virtual Machine") && (provider.getLabel() == "iaas-service")) {
    System.log("It is an IaaS VM!");

    // IaaS virtual machine
    var vm = Server.findForType("vCAC:VirtualMachine", bindingId);
    System.log("IaaS VM id: " + vm.virtualMachineID);
    System.log("IaaS VM name: " + vm.displayName);

    // IaaS Entity
    var entity = System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcac").getVirtualMachineEntityFromId(iaasHost,
bindingId);
    System.log("IaaS entity id: " + entity.keyString);
}
}
```

## Common Tasks Example Scripts

You can cut, paste, and edit the JavaScript examples, or use them as samples to help you learn to develop your own scripts for common vRealize Automation tasks.

For more information about scripting in vRealize Orchestrator, see *Developing with VMware vRealize Orchestrator*.

### Example: Create a vRealize Automation Advanced Service Blueprint

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Sets the vRealize Orchestrator workflow used to build the service blueprint.

- 2 Generates the content for the service blueprint based on the workflow.
- 3 Creates the service blueprint entity.
- 4 Publishes the service blueprint.

**Table 4-9. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCACCAFE:VCACHost

```
//ID of the workflow used to create the service blueprint
var workflowId = "44e42047-2fa0-4e4a-ba0c-12086540b28b";

var name = "MyBlueprint"
var description = "Blueprint description";
var workflowClient = host.createAdvancedDesignerClient().getAdvancedDesignerWorkflowService();

//Generate a service blueprint based on the workflow ID
var blueprint = workflowClient.generateServiceBlueprintByWorkflowId(workflowId);
blueprint.setTenant(host.tenant);
blueprint.setName(name);
blueprint.setDescription(description);

//Create the service blueprint
var blueprintService =
host.createAdvancedDesignerClient().getAdvancedDesignerServiceBlueprintService();
var uri = blueprintService.createServiceBlueprint(host.tenant , blueprint);

//Publish the service blueprint
var createdBlueprint = blueprintService.getServiceBlueprintByUri(uri);
blueprintService.updateServiceBlueprintStatus(host.tenant, createdBlueprint.getId(),
vCACCAFEDesignerPublishStatus.PUBLISHED);
```

## Example: Create a vRealize Automation Approval Policy

This example script performs the following actions:

- 1 Gets the approval policy type.
- 2 Sets the user and group whose approval is required.
- 3 Sets the approval levels.
- 4 Defines the pre-provisioning approval phase.
- 5 Defines the post-provisioning approval phase.
- 6 Defines the approval policy specifications such as name, description, and type.
- 7 Creates the approval policy.
- 8 Publishes the approval policy. Once an approval policy is published, it becomes read-only.

**Table 4-10. Input Variables**

Variable	Type
host	vCACCAFE:VCAHost

```
// Get the type of approval policy by ID
var typeService = host.createApprovalClient().getApprovalApprovalPolicyTypeService();
var type = typeService.getApprovalPolicyType("com.vmware.cafe.catalog.request");

// Set the user and group required to complete the approval
var user = new vCACCAFEApprovalPrincipal();
user.setValue("user@domain.com");
user.setType(vCACCAFEApprovalPrincipalType.USER);

var group = new vCACCAFEApprovalPrincipal();
group.setValue("group@domain.com");
group.setType(vCACCAFEApprovalPrincipalType.GROUP);

// Set the level of the approval
var level = new vCACCAFEApprovalLevel();
level.setName("IT Approval Level");
level.setDescription("IT Approval Level description");
level.setApprovalMode(vCACCAFEApprovalMode.ALL);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(level, "getApprovers", user);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(level, "getApprovers", group);
level.setLevelNumber(1);

// Set pre-provisioning phase type and the phase of the approval
var phase1Type = new vCACCAFEApprovalPhaseType();
phase1Type.setId("com.vmware.cafe.catalog.request.pre");
phase1Type.setName("Pre-Provisioning type");
phase1Type.setDescription("Pre-Provisioning type description");
phase1Type.setPhaseOrder(1);

var phase1 = new vCACCAFEPhase();
phase1.setName("Pre-Provisioning");
phase1.setDescription("Pre provisioning phase");
phase1.setPhasetype(phase1Type);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(phase1, "getLevels", level);

// Set post-provisioning phase type and the phase of the approval
var phase2Type = new vCACCAFEApprovalPhaseType();
phase2Type.setId("com.vmware.cafe.catalog.request.post");
phase2Type.setName("Post-Provisioning type");
phase2Type.setDescription("Post-Provisioning type description");
phase2Type.setPhaseOrder(1);

var phase2 = new vCACCAFEPhase();
phase2.setName("Post-Provisioning");
phase2.setDescription("Post provisioning phase");
phase2.setPhasetype(phase2Type);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(phase2, "getLevels", level);

// Create the approval policy specifications
```

```
var spec = new vCACCAFEApprovalPolicy();
spec.setName("New Policy");
spec.setDescription("New Policy description");
spec.setPolicyType(type);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(spec, "getPhases", phase1);
System.getModule("com.vmware.library.vcaccafe.util").addElementToList(spec, "getPhases", phase2);

// Create the approval policy
var approvalPolicyService = host.createApprovalClient().getApprovalApprovalPolicyService();
var approvalPolicy = approvalPolicyService.createPolicy(spec);

// Publish the approval policy
approvalPolicy.setState(vCACCAFEApprovalPolicyState.PUBLISHED);
approvalPolicy = approvalPolicyService.update(approvalPolicy);
System.log("New approval policy id: " + approvalPolicy.getId());
```