

vRealize Operations Manager OPS-CLI Help

vRealize Operations Manager 6.6

You can find the most up-to-date technical documentation on the VMware website at:

<https://docs.vmware.com/>

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OPS-CLI Command-Line Tool

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The OPS-CLI tool is a Java application that you can use to manipulate the vRealize Operations Manager database. It replaces the VCOPS-CLI and DBCLI tools.

The product includes the executable file in the tools directory or in `<VCOPS_BASE>/tools/opscli/`.

| Operating System | File Name |
|------------------|------------|
| Linux | ops-cli.sh |
| Python | ops-cli.py |

All OPS-CLI commands use the `-h` parameter for interactive and localized help.

When you add the `control` command to the `post_install.sh` script, it triggers the `redescribe` process after an adapter is installed or upgraded.

```
control -h | redescribe --force
```

Supported Operations

The OPS-CLI tool supports the following database operations.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [dashboard Command Operations](#)
- [template Command Operations](#)
- [supermetric Command Operations](#)
- [attribute Command Operations](#)
- [reskind Command Operations for Object Types](#)
- [report Command Operations](#)
- [view Command Operations](#)
- [file Command Operations](#)

dashboard Command Operations

You use the `dashboard` command to import, export, share, unshare, delete, reorder, show, hide, and set the default summary for dashboards.

The `dashboard` command uses the following syntax.

```
dashboard -h | import|defsummary|export|share|unshare|delete|reorder|show|hide [parameters]
```

Table 1-1. dashboard Command Options

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|----------------------|--|--|
| dashboard import | Import a dashboard from a file and assign the ownership to a user account. | <code>dashboard import -h user-name all group:group_name input-file [--force] [--share all group-name[,{group-name}]] [--retry maxRetryMinutes] [--set rank] [--default] [--create]</code> |
| dashboard export | Export an existing dashboard to a file. | <code>dashboard export -h user-name dashboard-name [output-dir]</code> |
| dashboard defsummary | Import a dashboard from a file and assign the ownership to a user account. | <code>dashboard defsummary -h input-file default --adapterKind adapterKind --resourceKind resourceKind</code> |
| dashboard share | Share an existing dashboard with one or multiple user groups. | <code>dashboard share -h user-name dashboard-name all group-name[,{group-name}]</code> |
| dashboard unshare | Stop sharing a dashboard with specified groups. | <code>dashboard unshare -h user-name dashboard-name all group-name[,{group-name}]</code> |
| dashboard delete | Permanently delete a dashboard. | <code>dashboard delete -h user-name all group:group_name dashboard-name</code> |
| dashboard reorder | Set the order rank for a dashboard, with an option to make it the default. | <code>dashboard reorder -h user-name all group:group_name dashboard-name [--set rank] [--default]</code> |
| dashboard show | Show a dashboard. | <code>dashboard show -h user-name all group:group_name {,dashbaordname} all</code> |
| dashboard hide | Hide a dashboard. | <code>dashboard hide -h user-name all group:group_name {,dashboardname} all</code> |

template Command Operations

You use the `template` command to import, export, share, unshare, delete, and reorder templates.

The `template` command uses the following syntax.

```
template -h | import|export|share|unshare|delete|reorder [parameters]
```

Table 1-2. template Command Operations

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|------------------|--|--|
| template import | Import a template from a file. | <code>template import -h input-file [--force] [--share all group-name[,{group-name}]] [--retry maxRetryMinutes] [--set rank] [--create]</code> |
| template export | Export an existing template to a template file. | <code>template export -h template-name [output-dir]</code> |
| template share | Share an existing template with one or multiple user groups. | <code>template share -h template-name all group-name[,{group-name}]</code> |
| template unshare | Stop sharing a template with specified groups. | <code>template unshare -h template-name all group-name[,{group-name}]</code> |
| template delete | Permanently delete a template. | <code>template delete -h template-name</code> |
| template reorder | Set the order rank for a template. The order rank controls the order of templates created based on shared templates. | <code>template reorder -h template-name [--set rank]</code> |

supermetric Command Operations

You use the `supermetric` command to import, export, configure, and delete super metrics.

The `supermetric` command uses the following syntax.

```
supermetric -h | import|export|configure|delete [parameters]
```

Table 1-3. supermetric Command Operations

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| supermetric import | Import a super metric from a file and assign the ownership to the specified user account. | <pre>supermetric import -h input-file [--force] [--policies all policy- name[,{,policy-name}]] [--check (true false)] [--retry maxRetryMinutes] [--create]</pre> |
| supermetric export | Export an existing super metric to a template file. | <pre>supermetric export -h supermetric-name [output-dir]</pre> |
| supermetric configure | Configure properties of a super metric in one or more super metrics packages. | <pre>supermetric configure -h supermetric-name --policies all policy- name[,{,policy-name}]] --check (true false) --ht (true false) --htcriticality level-name --dtabove (true false) --dtbelow (true false) --thresholds threshold-def[,{,threshold-def}]</pre> |
| supermetric delete | Permanently delete a super metric. | <pre>supermetric delete -h supermetric-name</pre> |

attribute Command Operations

You use the `attribute` command to configure properties of a specific metric in one or more packages. The metric is the object attribute.

The `attribute` command uses the following syntax.

```
attribute configure -h | adapterkind-key:resourcekind-key attribute-key
                        --packages all|package-name[,{,package-name}] --check (true|false)
                        --ht (true|false) --htcriticality level-name
                        --dtabove (true|false) --dtbelow (true|false)
                        --thresholds threshold-def[,{,threshold-def}]
```

reskind Command Operations for Object Types

You use the `reskind` command to configure the default settings in your object type as defined by the `ResourceKind` model element. The command sets the default attribute or supermetric package, enables or disables dynamic thresholds, and enables or disables early warning smart alerts.

The `reskind` command uses the following syntax.

```
reskind configure -h | adapterkind-key:resourcekind-key
                        --package package-name --smpackage smpackagename
                        --dt (true|false) --smartalert (true|false)
```

report Command Operations

You use the report command to import, export, configure, and delete super metrics.

The report command uses the following syntax.

```
report -h | import|export|delete [parameters]
```

Table 1-4. report Command Options

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|---------------|--|--|
| report import | Import a report definition from a file. | <code>report import -h input-file [--force]</code> |
| report export | Export one or more report definitions to a file. | <code>report export -h all report-name[{{,report-name}}] [output-dir]</code> |
| report delete | Permanently delete one or more report definitions. | <code>report delete -h all report-name[{{,report-name}}]</code> |

view Command Operations

You use the view command to import, export, or delete view definitions.

The view command uses the following syntax.

```
view -h | import|export|delete [parameters]
```

Table 1-5. view Command Operations

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|--------------|--|--|
| view import | Import a view definition from a file. | <code>view import -h input-file [--force]</code> |
| view export | Export one or more view definitions to a file. | <code>view export -h all view-name[{{,view-name}}] [output-dir]</code> |
| view delete | Permanently delete one or more view definitions. | <code>view delete -h all view-name[{{,view-name}}]</code> |

file Command Operations

You use the file command to import, export, list or delete database files. The command operates on metric, text widget, and topology widget files.

The file command uses the following syntax.

```
file -h | import|export|delete|list [parameters]
```


Table 1-6. file Command Operations

| Command Name | Description | Syntax |
|--------------|--|--|
| file import | Import a metric or widget from a file. | <pre>file import -h reskndmetric textwidget topowidget input-file [--title title] [--force]</pre> |
| file export | Export one or more metrics or text widgets, or export the topology widget to a file. | <pre>file export -h reskndmetric textwidget topowidget all title[{,title}] [output-dir]</pre> |
| file delete | Permanently delete a metric or a widget. | <pre>file delete -h reskndmetric textwidget topowidget all title[{,title}]</pre> |
| file list | List all metric or a widget files. | <pre>file list -h reskndmetric textwidget topowidget</pre> |